

Lymphogranuloma Venereum

Agent: Specific strains of the bacterium *Chlamydia trachomatis*

Mode of Transmission: Sexually transmitted through direct contact with the lesions of an infected person.

Signs/Symptoms: Ulcerative lesions on the penis or vulva, inflammation of the lymph nodes in the genital area, or rectal ulcers. Fever, chills, headache, anorexia, and joint pain may also be present. Some infections are asymptomatic, especially in females.

Prevention: Preventive measures include adhering to safe sexual practices.

Other Important Information: Lymphogranuloma venereum has historically been rare in developed countries. Recent outbreaks have occurred in Europe and North America, primarily among men who have sex with men.

No cases of lymphogranuloma venereum were reported in Virginia in 2014. The last two reported cases occurred in 2005.