

## **Environmental Health**

<b>Infectious Diseases (1996-2001)</b>	<b>Cases Reported</b>
E. Coli	2
Salmonellosis	20
Shigellosis	2

Prevention of these diseases is linked to having clean water, and proper hygiene and food handling.

### National air quality standards met by county\*(2003)

<b>Carbon Monoxide</b>	<b>Nitrogen Dioxide</b>	<b>Sulfur Dioxide</b>	<b>Ozone</b>	<b>Particulate Matter</b>	<b>Lead</b>
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

\* Virginia Department of Environmental Quality

### **Lead – Elevated Levels in Children**

Number of Cases (1996-2003) **9**

Virginia law requires reporting to the health department any child age 15 years and younger, with a venous blood lead level greater than 10 micrograms per deciliter (µg/dL).

### **Rabies in Animals – Ranked by Total Confirmed Cases Highest to Lowest (1996-2003)**

<b>Prince George County</b>	<b>33</b>
<b>Dinwiddie County</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>Sussex County</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>Greensville County / Emporia</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>City of Hopewell</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>City of Petersburg</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Surry County</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Crater Health District</b>	<b>118</b>
<b>Virginia</b>	<b>4,642</b>

Between 1996 and 2003, Prince George County had the highest number of confirmed animal rabies cases in the Crater Health District.