VIRGINIA STD SURVEILLANCE REPORT

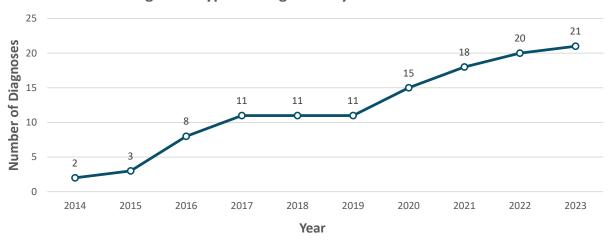
Table 1-CS: Congenital Syphilis Diagnoses by Infant Year of Birth, 2014-2023

Number of Congenital Syphilis Diagnoses

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Number of Diagnoses	2	3	8	11	11	11	15	18	20	21

Figure 1-CS: Congenital Syphilis Diagnoses by Infant Year of Birth, 2014-2023

Congenital Syphilis Diagnoses by Infant Year of Birth



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Table 2-CS: All Congenital Syphilis Diagnoses with Year of Birth 2014-2023, by Demographic

	Number	Percent				
Total	120	100%				
Race/Ethnicity						
Black, non-Hispanic	65	54.2%				
White, non-Hispanic	29	24.2%				
Hispanic (all races)	20	16.7%				
Other/Multi-race	6	5.0%				
Unknown	0	0.0%				
Maternal Age at Diagnosis						
15-19	4	3.3%				
20-24	42	35.0%				
25-29	30	25.0%				
30-34	27	22.5%				
35-39	13	10.8%				
40-45	3	2.5%				
Maternal Risk*						
No Prenatal Care	30	25.0%				
Late/Inadequate Prenatal Care	13	10.8%				
Prenatal Care Unknown	8	6.7%				
Opioid, Cocaine, or Meth Use	34	28.3%				
Incarceration	25	20.8%				
Health Region						
Central	27	22.5%				
Eastern	36	30.0%				
Northern	32	26.7%				
Northwest	7	5.8%				
Southwest	17	14.2%				
Case Type**						
Syphilitic Stillbirth	10	8.3%				
Infant Criteria	55	45.8%				
Maternal Criteria	107	89.2%				

Definitions

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*Mother Reported Risk					
No Prenatal Care	Mother received no prenatal care prior to delivery.				
Late/Inadequate Prenatal Care	Mother received no prenatal care prior to third trimester.				
Incarceration	Mother was incarcerated at time of diagnosis or within 12 months prior to diagnosis.				
Opioid, Cocaine, or Meth Use	Mother reports opioid, cocaine, or methuse during pregnancy and/or 12 months prior to diagnosis.				
** Case Type For this report, infant and materal criteria are captured independently.					
Syphilitic Stillbirth	Any fetal deaths occuring after 20 weeks gestation <u>and</u> with fetal weight greater than 500g in which the mother had inadequately treated or untreated syphilis.				
Infant Criteria	Infant had clinical signs/symptoms of congenital syphilis (e.g. abnormal long bone x-rays) and/or laboratory results indicative of congenital syphilis (e.g. lumbar puncture results).				
Maternal Criteria	Infant's mother was not sufficiently treated for syphilis at least 30 days prior to delivery, regardless of clinical outcomes of mother and/or infant. For this report, maternal criteria is counted independently from infant critiers (i.e. a case may meet both maternal and infant criteria).				