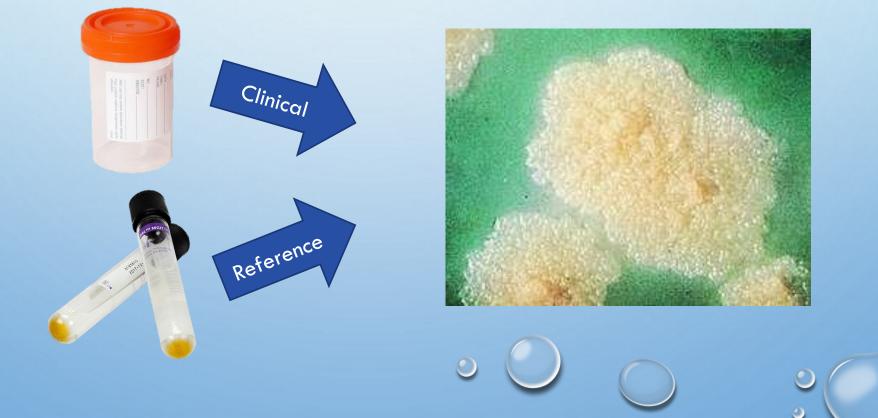
DCLS TB LABORATORY **TESTING AND RESULTS**



BACKGROUND

• TB LABORATORY PROVIDES TESTING SERVICES FOR THE DETECTION AND IDENTIFICATION OF MYCOBACTERIA





THE NUMBERS

3,096

Clinical Specimens

812

Patients

69

Tuberculosis Patients

821

Reference cultures

590

Patients

131

Tuberculosis Patients

CLINICAL TESTING OVERVIEW

Decontamination & Concentration

Fluorochrome

GeneXpert

Culture and Identification

Liquid Media

Solid Media

TB Susceptibility

First line

Second line



Decontamination & Concentration





- 1. NALC-NAOH ADDED TO SPUTUM
- 2. VORTEX
- 3. LET STAND 15 MINUTES

THE NALC HELPS TO DIGEST AND LIQUEFY THE SPUTUM IN ORDER TO INCREASE THE CONTACT WITH THE NAOH THAT DECONTAMINATES THE SPUTUM.





- 4. M15 BUFFER ADDED TO SPUTUM
- 5. MIX

THE BUFFER NEUTRALIZES THE SPUTUM IN ORDER TO ALLOW THE MYCOBACTERIA TO SURVIVE.





6. TUBES ARE CENTRIFUGED FOR 15 MINUTES AT 3,000 X G AT 10°C.

CENTRIFUGATION CONCENTRATES THE
SPUTUM AND MYCOBACTERIA TO A PELLET AT
THE BOTTOM OF THE TUBE





- 7. SUPERNATANT IS POURED OFF
- 8. PELLET IS RE-SUSPENDED IN 2 ML OF BUFFER





9. RE-SUSPENDED PELLET IS INOCULATED TO A BROTH, SOLID SLANT, AND A SMEAR IS MADE

MEDIA WILL BE INCUBATED TO GROW THE ORGANISM AND SMEAR WILL BE STAINED THAT DAY.



Decontamination & Concentration

Fluorochrome



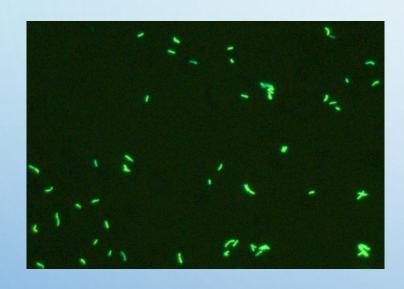
FLUOROCHROME SMEAR



- SPUTUM SEDIMENT IS APPLIED TO SLIDE
- HEAT FIXED AND STAINED WITH AUROMINE-O
 FLUORESCENT STAIN
- 30 FIELDS ARE READ AT LOW MAGNIFICATION
- ACID FAST BACILLI STAIN GREEN-YELLOW
- NUMBER OF BACTERIA ARE QUANTIFIED



LIMITATIONS



- NOT SPECIFIC FOR MYCOBACTERIA
- CANNOT DETERMINE SPECIES OF MYCOBACTERIA
- LESS SENSITIVE THAN CULTURE
- NEGATIVE RESULT DOES NOT RULE OUT MYCOBACTERIAL INFECTION

REPORTING

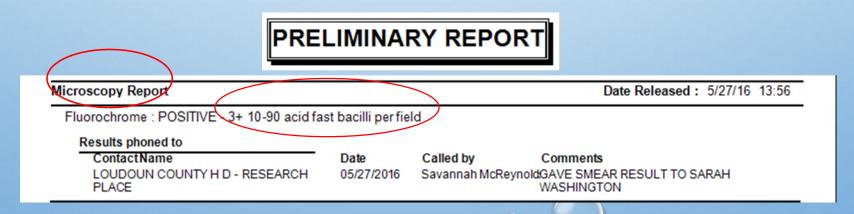
WHEN NO AFB ARE OBSERVED:

"NEGATIVE - NO ACID-FAST BACILLI SEEN"

WHEN AFB OBSERVED:

"POSITIVE - [QUANTITATION 1+, 2+, 3+, 4+]

- POSITIVE SMEAR REPORTED BY PHONE SAME DAY SAMPLE RECEIVED.
- FLUOROCHROME SMEAR IS AN INDICATION OF INFECTIOUSNESS OF PATIENT AND CAN BE USED TO MONITOR TREATMENT





FIRST TIME SMEAR POSITIVE -> GENEXPERT TESTING

- DETECTION OF THE TARGET SEQUENCE IN BACTERIAL DNA

M. tuberculosis

and

Rifampin resistance





GENEXPERT CRITERIA

- EXPECTORATED OR INDUCED SPUTUM
- TESTING PERFORMED ON THE PROCESSED SPUTUM SEDIMENT
 - SMEAR POSITIVE
- POTENTIAL FOR FALSE NEGATIVE RESULTS
 WHEN PATIENT HAS BEEN ON TB DRUGS
 FOR >3 DAYS
- NOT APPROVED FOR USE ON PEDIATRIC PATIENTS
- DECREASED SENSITIVITY FOR SMEAR NEGATIVE SPECIMENS

SPECIMENS WILL BE RUN ONLY UPON REQUEST OF VDH TB CONTROL AND REPORTED WITH A DISCLAIMER



NAAT

ADVANTAGES

- RAPID
- TEST DIRECT CLINICAL SPECIMEN
- INCREASED SENSITIVITY OVER AFB STAIN

DISADVANTAGES

- DETECTS NON-VIABLE ORGANISM
- SPECIMEN MAY CONTAIN INHIBITORS
- NEGATIVE TEST DOES NOT EXCLUDE THE
 POSSIBILITY OF ISOLATING MTBC IN
 CULTURE

RESULTS

- MTB DETECTED
 - RIFAMPIN RESISTANCE DETECTED
 - RIFAMPIN RESISTANCE NOT DETECTED
- MTB NOT DETECTED

PRELIMINARY REPORT

GENEXpert Date Released: 5/31/16 16:22

Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex DNA detected by direct specimen Nucleic Acid Amplification Test.

No rpoB gene mutations detected by direct specimen Nucleic Acid Amplification Test, probably Rifampin susceptible. Conventional drug susceptibility testing will follow.

Comment: Results from the MTB/RIF test should be interpreted in conjunction with other laboratory and clinical data. If test results do not match clinical signs and symptoms, additional testing may be warranted. A result of "Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex DNA Not Detected" does not exclude the possibility of isolating a Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex organism from the specimen. Additionally, a result of "No rpoB gene mutations detected; probably Rifampin susceptible" does not exclude the possibility of Rifampin resistance. Test results may be affected by inhibitors and variability in specimen collection and transport.

Results phoned to

| ContactName | Date | Called by | Comments |
|-------------------------------|------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| LOUDOUN COUNTY H D - RESEARCH | 05/31/2016 | Randy Oglesby | LEFT MESSAGE FOR ERLIN TO |
| PLACE | | | CALL FOR GENEXPERT RESULT |
| LOUDOUN COUNTY H D - RESEARCH | 06/01/2016 | Randy Oglesby | GAVE GENEXPERT RESULT TO |
| PLACE | | | SARAH W |

TESTING SCHEDULE







M-F

M-F

(Resulted within 24h of receipt)

M,W,F

(Resulted within 72h of receipt)





CULTURE



Solid Media LJ



Liquid Media MGIT



Culture incubates up to 42 days

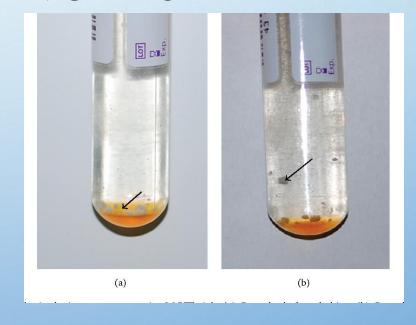


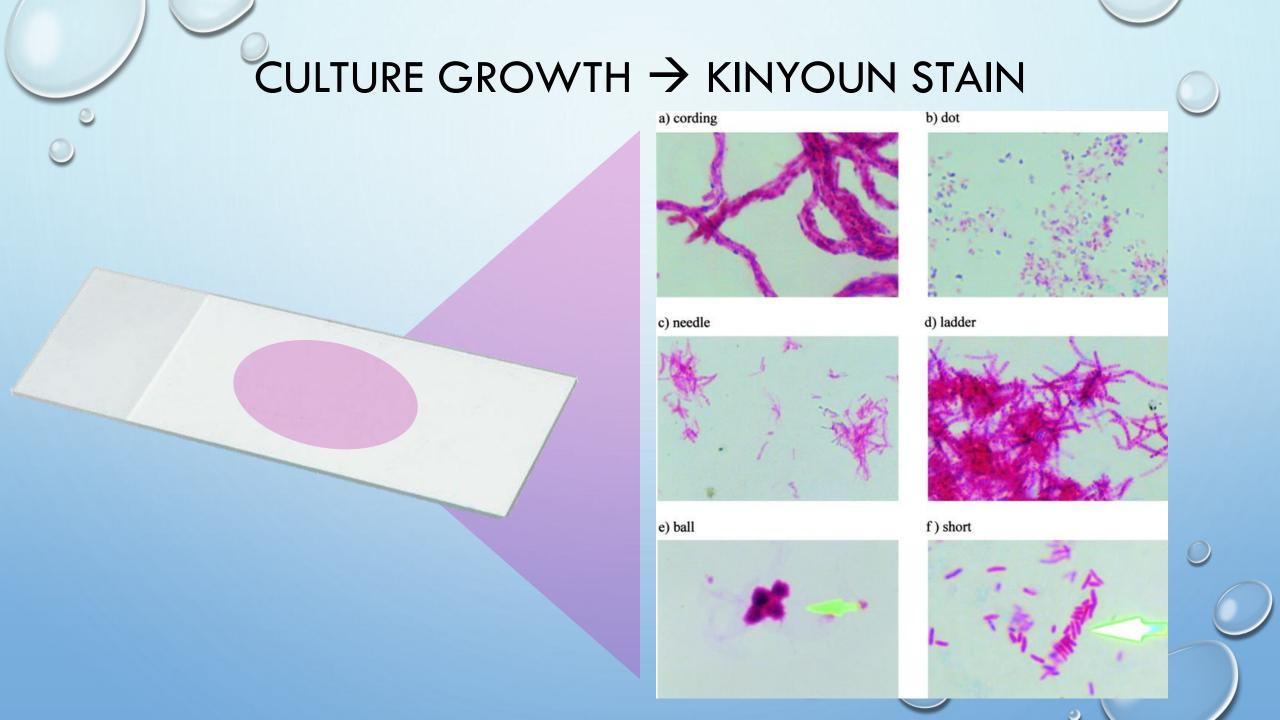


SOLID MEDIA



MGIT BROTH







RESULTS

AFB GROWTH IN CULTURE

| Preliminary Report | Date Released: 08/06/2018 |
|--|---------------------------|
| Acid-fast bacilli observed, identification to follow | |



CULTURE - IDENTIFICATION

DNA Probe

Test uses complimentary DNA to detect specific species of Mycobacteria



MTBC

MAC

16S DNA Sequencing

Test amplifies and sequences the bacterial gene

All mycobacterium species



CULTURE RESULTS

+ DNA Probe

Mycobacterial DNA Probe

M.tb complex probe : Positive

Drug susceptibility testing to follow.

Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex includes Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Mycobacterium bovis, and Mycobacterium africanum, all of which cause the clinical syndrome, tuberculosis. All laboratory results should be interpreted in conjunction with clinical findings.

Results phoned to

TAZEWELL COUNTY HEALTH 07/03
DEPARTMENT

Date Called by 07/03/2018 Barbara Gardner Comments
CALLED PROBE RESULTS TO CHRISTINE, RN.

Date Released: 07/06/2018



CULTURE RESULTS

16S DNA Sequencing

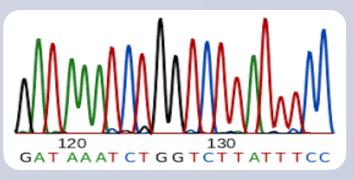
Final Conclusion Date Released: 08/16/2018

1 - 10 colonies Mycobacterium fortuitum group identified by 16S rRNA gene sequence analysis and phenotypic characterization.

Disclaimer: This test has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. The results from this assay should not be used independently to make decisions regarding the management of patient care or public health.

TESTING SCHEDULE





T,TH

Batched Weekly

Decontamination & Concentration Fluorochrome GeneXpert

Culture and Identification

Liquid Media

Solid Media

TB Susceptibility

First line



DRUG SUSCEPTIBILITY TESTING

- MGIT 960 METHOD
- RAPID (4-13 DAYS), QUALITATIVE PROCEDURE
- M. tuberculosis
- TEST IS BASED ON GROWTH OF THE ISOLATE IN A DRUG-CONTAINING TUBE COMPARED TO A DRUG-FREE TUBE







- Streptomycin 1.0 µg/mL
- Isoniazid 0.1 µg/mL
- Rifampin 1.0 µg/mL
- Ethambutol 5.0 µg/mL
- Pyrazinamide 100 µg/mL



RESULTS - SENSITIVE

PRELIMINARY REPORT

RESULTS - RESISTANT

RESISTANT DRUG RESULTS ARE CONFIRMED



CONFIRMATION RATE (2016)

SIRE AND 2ND LINES (EXCLUDING PZA)

95.4%

PZA

66.7%

Decontamination & Concentration Fluorochrome GeneXpert

Culture and Identification

Liquid Media

Solid Media

TB Susceptibility

First line

Second line

SECOND-LINE DST

Performed when first-line drug is resistant (except mono streptomycin)



- Capreomycin 3.0 µg/mL
- Ofloxacin 1.5 µg/mL
- Ethionamide 5.0 µg/mL
- Isoniazid 0.4 µg/mL



RESULTS

Date Released: 07/19/2018

Amended: 07/30/2018

Amended: 07/30/2018

1st Line DST

Streptomycin 1.0 ug/mL : RESISTANT

PREVIOUS: Streptomycin 1.0 ug/mL: PRESUMPTIVE RESISTANT,

Confirmation to Follow

Isoniazid 0.1 ug/mL : RESISTANT

PREVIOUS: Isoniazid 0.1 ug/mL: PRESUMPTIVE RESISTANT,

Confirmation to Follow

Rifampin 1.0 ug/mL : SENSITIVE

Ethambutol 5.0 ug/mL : SENSITIVE

Pyrazinamide 100 ug/mL : SENSITIVE

2nd Line DST

Date Released: 07/31/2018

Capreomycin 3.0 ug/mL : SENSITIVE
Ofloxacin 1.5 ug/mL : SENSITIVE

Ethionamide 5.0 ug/mL : SENSITIVE

Isoniazid 0.4 ug/mL : RESISTANT

PREVIOUS: Isoniazid 0.4 ug/mL: Presumptive Resistant, Confirmation to Amended: 08/09/2018

Follow



ADDITIONAL AST TESTING

TESTING AT CDC AND NATIONAL JEWISH



MDDR

- Utilizes sequencing for detection of mutations
 - Genetic testing
 - Rapid
 - Mixed or non-viable cultures
 - Sputum sediments or Isolates

Conventional DST

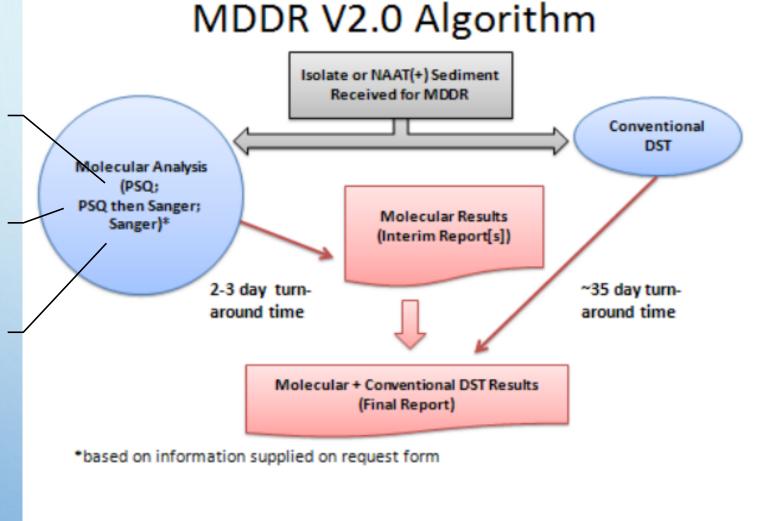
- Agar proportion method
 - Phenotypic testing
 - Slow
 - Pure
 - Isolates



RMP resistance unknown = PSQ

RMP resistance by PSQ = Reflex to Sanger

RMP resistance known = Sanger



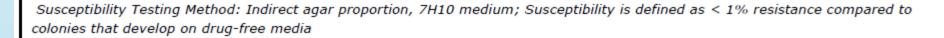
MDDR RESULTS

Results for Molecular Detection of Drug Resistance (Sanger Sequencing, complete panel);
Conventional Drug Susceptibility Test in progress.

| Locus (region) examined* | Result | Interpretation (based on in-house evaluation of 550 clinical isolates) | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|--|
| mos (RRDR) | Mutation: TCG>TTG; Ser531Leu | Rifampin resistent. (100% of isolates in our in-house evaluation of 550 clinical isolates with this mutation are RMP-R.) | |
| inhA (promoter) | No mutation | | |
| katG (Ser315 codon) | Mutation: AGC>ACC; Ser315Thr | Isoniazid resistant. (100% of isolates in our in-house evaluation of 550 clinical isolates with this mutation are INH-R.) | |
| embB (Met308,Gly406) | Silent mutation: CTG>CTA; Leu355Leu Neutral mutation: GAG>GCG; Glu378Ala | Cannot rule out ethembutol resistance. (79% of EMB-R isolates in our in-house evaluation of 550 clinical isolates have a mutation other than the ones detected at this locus.) The Leu355Leu mutation is a synonymous (sllent) single-nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) and does not result in an amino acid change and is not considered clinically significant. The Giu376Ala mutation is likely a neutral mutation and is not associated with resistance. | |
| pncA (promoter, coding region) | Mutation: GGT>GAT; Gly132Asp | Likely pyrazinamide resistant. | |
| gyrA (QRDR) | No mutation | Cannot rule out fluoroquinolone resistance. (80% of FQ-R isolates in our in-house evaluation of 550 clinical isolates have a mutation at this focus.) | |
| rrs (1400 region) | No mutation | Cannot rule out resistance to injectable drugs (kanamycin, capreomycin, amikacin). | |
| eis (promoter) | No mutation | (In our in-house evaluation of 550 clinical isolates: • 91% of AMK-R isolates have a mutation in the ms locus; | |
| tlyA (entire ORF) | No mutation | 87% of KAN-R isolates have a mutation in either the ris locus or the eis locus: 55% of CAP-R isolates have a mutation in either the ris locue or the tiyA locus.) | |

[&]quot;A negative result (e.g., no mutation) does not rule out contributory mutations present elsewhere in the genome.

CONVENTIONAL DST RESULTS



RESULTS:

| | Percent Resistance | Interpretation | | Percent Resistance | Interpretation |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Isoniazid 0.2 ug/ml | 100% | R | Kanamycin 5.0 ug/ml | 0% | S |
| Isoniazid 1.0 ug/ml | 0% | S | Ethionamide 10.0 ug/ml | 50% | R |
| Isoniazid 5.0 ug/ml | 0% | S | Capreomycin 10.0 ug/ml | 0% | S |
| Rifampin 1.0 ug/ml | 0% | S | PAS 2.0 ug/ml | 0% | S |
| Ethambutol 5.0 ug/ml | 0% | S | Ofloxacin 2.0 ug/ml | 0% | S |
| Streptomycin 2.0 ug/ml | 50% | R | Amikacin 4.0 ug/ml | 0% | S |
| Streptomycin 10.0 ug/ml | 0% | S | | | |
| Rifabutin 2.0 ug/ml | 0% | S | | | |
| Ciprofloxacin 2.0 ug/ml | 0% | S | | | |

Susceptibility Testing Method: MGIT 960

Pyrazinamide 100 ug/ml

Resistant



WHAT GETS SENT FOR MDDR?



- PATIENT HISTORY (HIGH-RISK)
- PATIENT WHERE THE RESULT OF RESISTANCE
 WILL HAVE A HIGH PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT
- PATIENT HAS KNOWN ADVERSE REACTIONS TO ANTI-TB DRUGS
- MIXED OR NON-VIABLE CULTURES

All requests must be approved by CDC

POSITIVE GENEXPERT

MTB +/RIF RESISTANCE +

RESISTANT RIF

REQUEST FROM TB
CONTROL

REQUEST FROM TB
CONTROL

WHAT GETS SENT FOR CONVENTIONAL DST?

- RESISTANT RESULT ON FIRST OR SECOND LINE DST PANEL PERFORMED BY DCLS
 - EXCEPT FOR MONO STREPTOMYCIN RESISTANCE
- RESISTANT RESULTS THAT DO NOT CONFIRM ON REPEAT TESTING



CDC ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

MDDR USERS GUIDE:

HTTPS://WWW.CDC.GOV/TB/TOPIC/LABORATORY/MDDRUSERSGUIDE.PDF

CDC REPORT OF EXPERT CONSULTATIONS ON RAPID MOLECULAR TESTING TO DETECT DRUG-RESISTANT TUBERCULOSIS IN THE UNITED STATES:

HTTPS://WWW.CDC.GOV/TB/TOPIC/LABORATORY/RAPIDMOLECULARTESTING/DEFAULT.HTM

SUSCEPTIBILITY TESTING OF BEDAQUILINE:

HTTPS://WWW.CDC.GOV/TB/TOPIC/LABORATORY/CDC-PROTOCOL-FOR-DST-IN-BDQ-PATIENTREQUEST.PDF



NATIONAL JEWISH TESTING

- REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL MIC SUSCEPTIBILITIES ON MTBC
 - CYCLOSERINE, MOXIFLOXACIN, LEVOFLOXACIN, LINEZOLID, CLOFAZIMINE, AZITHROMYCIN, CLARITHROMYCIN
- REQUEST FOR SUSCEPTIBILITIES ON NON-TUBERCULOSIS MYCOBACTERIA
- SUBMITTER (REQUESTOR) MUST COMPLETE THE NJMC REQUEST FORM AND FAX TO DCLS

TEST CATALOG MYCOBACTERIA

Advanced Diagnostic Laboratories National Jewish Health® Client Services | 800.550.6227 | 303.398.1953 | njlabs.org

Mycobacteriology Diagnostics Requisition

6278.261017.ADX

SHIP TO: National Jewish Health Mycobacteriology Laboratory 1400 Jackson Street, Room K422 Denver, CO 80206

ADxReq-08 Myco (08/14/2018)

| | 1. PATIENT IN | IFORMATIC | N . | |
|---------------|---|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Patient Na | me (Last, First) Male Fem | ale DOB_ | // CF Patient Registry No. | |
| 2. E | BILLING INFORMATION - INSTITUTIONAL BILLING ONLY | | 3. REPORT DELIVERY INFORMATION | |
| National Je | wish Health Advanced Diagnostic Laboratories does not bill patients | Attention | | |
| directly or t | third-party health insurance. Visit njiabs.org or call for details. | Account N | ame | |
| Account N | ame | Address | | |
| Clinic ID | Phone | City | State ZIp | |
| Address | | Duplicat | e Report Requested | |
| City | State ZIp | Name | | |
| Billing Con | ntact Fax | Phone | Secure Fax | |
| | 4. SPECIMEN/ISOL | ate infori | MATION | |
| Submitted | Ву | Phone | | |
| | Specimen Source (Required) | | Isolate Submission Medium (Required) | |
| BAL | CSF Sputum Sputum (Induced) Blood Urine | Liquid | Aliquot mL | |
| Tissue (s | | = 7H9 bro | | |
| 1 | ed specimen (specify) | ■ VersaTre | | |
| | brosis (CF) patient History of Pseudomonas sp? Y N mental sampleContact laboratory before collection. | Solid (Plate 7H10 sla | es or biplates are not accepted) int 7H11 slant | |
| 1 | ry sample (specify animal) | | rein-Jensen slant | |
| Other (s | | Other (s | | |
| | recommended for recovery of AFB organisms—tissue or aspirate is desired. | | | |
| Submitter | Identification of AFB | MTB comple | ex previously ruled out? Y N N | |
| | | Submitter Specimen # (Required) | | |
| Identificati | ion must be provided for isolates when AST only is ordered. If identif | ication is no | t provided, identification will be performed and billed accordingly. | |
| | 5. MOLECULAR, MICROSCOPY, GROWTH I | DETECTION | AND ISOLATE IDENTIFICATION | |
| = AFB1 | Acid-fast Bacilli (AFB) Smear & Culture (clinical specimen only) NAAT on first specimen or by request for subsequent specimen. If AFB smear and | AFB3 | Acid-fast Bacilli (AFB) Smear & Culture (NTM) (clinical specimen only) | |
| | NAAT are positive, MTB1 (DIRECT) and MTB4 will be performed. | AFB4 | Acid-fast Bacilli (AFB) identification | |
| AFB2 | Nucleic Acid Amplification Test (NAAT)(clinical specimen only) | AFB5 | Differentiation within M.abscessus group | |
| | 6. MTB COMPLEX ANTIMICROBIAL SUSCEPTIBILITY | TESTING (A | ST) AND MTB SPECIES IDENTIFICATION | |
| MTB1 | 10-Drug agar proportion method (INH, RIF, EMB, ETH, STR, CAP, KAN, AMK, CS, PAS) | MTB4 | Molecular multidrug-resistant (MDR) TB Screen | |
| MTB2 | First-Line Drugs: Isoniazid, rifampin, ethambutol & pyrazinamide. | MTB5 | Molecular extensively drug-resistant (XDR) TB Screen | |
| MIDZ | If resistant, a 10-drug agar proportion test (MTB1) will be performed. | MTB6 | Single-Drug MiC (circle) (iNH, RIF, EMB, ETH, STR, CAP, KAN, AMK, CS, PAS, MXF, LVX, LZD, OFX, CLF, CIP, AZM, CLR, RFB) | |
| MTB3 | Pyrazinamide MIC (Individual test) | MTB7 | MTB Complex Species Identification | |
| | 7. NTM ANTIMICROBIAL SUS | CEPTIBILIT | Y TESTING (AST) | |
| | Slowly Growing NTM | | Rapidly Growing NTM | |
| NTM10 | 10-Drug MIC: Includes rifampin/ethambutol combo (CLF, CIP, MXF, AMK, STR, RFB, LZD, CLR, RIF, EMB) | NTM4 | 15-Drug MIC: Includes Clofazimine/Amikacin combo (AMK, KAN, TOB, FOX, IPM, CIP, DOX, MXF, TGC, CLR, AZM, AUG, SXT, LZD, CLF, CLF/AMK) | |
| NTM9 | Rifampin/Ethambutol combo (includes RIF and EMB single drug MIC) | NTM5 | Single-Drug Mic (circle) (AMK, KAN, TOB, FOX, IPM, CIP, DOX, MXF, TGC, CLR, AZM, AUG, SXT, LZD, CLF, AMK/CLF, GEN, CRO, FEP, CTX, MIN) | |
| NTM3 | Single-Drug Mic (circle) (RIF, EMB, CIP, MXF, AMK, LZD, CLR, CLF, RFB, STR, ETH, LVX, AZM, OFX, KAN, CS) | NTM6 | 20-Drug MiC: Includes Clofazimine/Amikadn combo (for human AND veterinary use) (AMK, KAN, TOB, FOX, IPM, CIP, DOX, MXF, TGC, CLR, AZM, AUG, SXT, LZD, CLF, CLF/AMK, GEN, CRO, FEP, CTX, MIN) | |
| | 8. SPECIAL IN | STRUCTION | NS . | |
| Appropri | late antimicrobial susceptibility testing (AST) | | Isolation of mycobacteria from contaminated or impure specimens | |
| | INTERNAL | USE ONLY | | |
| Received B | By Date Account | t# | MRUN Accession | |
| | | | | |

| | | | 1. PATIENT IN | IFORMA | TION | | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------|---------------|---------|------------------------|--------------|----------|--|
| Patient Name (La | st, First) | | Male Fem | ale DOI | B/ CF | Patient Regi | stry No. | |
| 2. BILLIN | G INFORMATION - II | NSTITUTIONAL | BILLING ONLY | | 3. REPORT DELIVE | RY INFORM | MATION | |
| National Jewish Health Advanced Diagnostic Laboratories does not bill patients | | | Attention | | | | | |
| directly or third-party health insurance. Visit njlabs.org or call for details. | | | Account Name | | | | | |
| Account Name | | | | Address | | | | |
| Clinic ID | Phone | | | City | | State | Zip | |
| Address | | | | Dupl | icate Report Requested | | | |
| City | | State | Zip | Name | | | | |
| Billing Contact | | Fax | | Phone | | Secure Fax | | |

| | 6. MTB COMPLEX ANTIMICROBIAL SUSCEPTIBILITY | TESTING (AS | ST) AND MTB SPECIES IDENTIFICATION | | | |
|---|--|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| MTB1 | 10-Drug agar proportion method (INH, RIF, EMB, ETH, STR, CAP, KAN, AMK, CS, PAS) | | Molecular multidrug-resistant (MDR) TB Screen | | | |
| | | | Molecular extensively drug-resistant (XDR) TB Screen | | | |
| ☐ MTB2 | First-Line Drugs: isoniazid, rifampin, ethambutol & pyrazinamide. If resistant, a 10-drug agar proportion test (MTB1) will be performed. | MTB6 | Single-Drug MIC (circle) (INH, RIF, EMB, ETH, STR, CAP, KAN, AMK, CS, PAS, MXF, LVX, LZD, OFX, CLF, CIP, AZM, CLR, RFB) | | | |
| ■ MTB3 | Pyrazinamide MIC (individual test) | □МТВ7 | MTB Complex Species Identification | | | |
| 7. NTM ANTIMICROBIAL SUSCEPTIBILITY TESTING (AST) | | | | | | |
| Slowly Growing NTM | | | Rapidly Growing NTM | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| □NTM10 | 10-Drug MIC: includes rifampin/ethambutol combo (CLF, CIP, MXF, AMK, STR, RFB, LZD, CLR, RIF, EMB) | □NTM4 | 15-Drug MIC: includes Clofazimine/Amikacin combo (AMK, KAN, TOB, FOX IPM, CIP, DOX, MXF, TGC, CLR, AZM, AUG, SXT, LZD, CLF, CLF/AMK) | | | |
| □NTM10 | | □NTM4 | | | | |



QUESTIONS





PICTURE REFERENCES

- HTTP://MICROLABONLINE.COM/DOCTORS-PREPARATION/
- HTTPS://WWW.BD.COM/EN-UK/PRODUCTS/DIAGNOSTICS-SYSTEMS/IDENTIFICATION-AND-SUSCEPTIBILITY-SYSTEMS/MGIT-(MYCOBACTERIA-GROWTH-INDICATOR-TUBE)-SYSTEM
- HTTPS://MEDICAL-DICTIONARY.THEFREEDICTIONARY.COM/MYCOBACTERIUM
- HTTPS://JCM.ASM.ORG/CONTENT/JCM/EARLY/2009/02/25/JCM.02097-08.FULL.PDF
- HTTPS://WWW.ZEISS.COM/MICROSCOPY/US/PRODUCTS/LIGHT-MICROSCOPES/PRIMO-STAR-ILED.HTML
- <u>HTTPS://WWW.AMAZON.COM/LOWENSTEIN-MYCOBACTERIA-20X125MM-HARDY-DIAGNOSTICS/DP/B001HBWQ80</u>
- HTTPS://PATENTSFORHUMANITY.DEVPOST.COM/SUBMISSIONS/11132-BECTON-DICKINSON-BD-MGIT-TECHNOLOGY
- HTTP://WIDJIITIWIN.CA/I-HATE-WAITING/
- HTTPS://WWW.UAZ.EDU.MX/HISTO/PATHOLOGY/ED/CH 9B/C9B MTB MAC.HTM
- HTTPS://WWW.BD.COM/RESOURCE.ASPX?IDX=28198