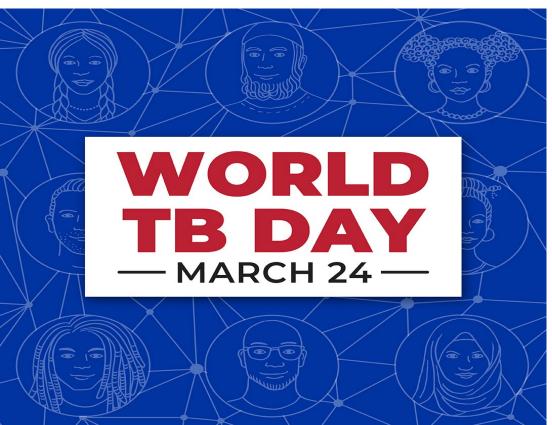


Turning the Tide: Tech, Tools and TB

















Agenda

- Welcome and TB Program Updates Jasie Hearn
- Surveillance Update Leah Breitung and Jane Tingley
- ► Laboratory Update Rana Mehr
- ▶ TB Community Assessment and Engagement Toolkit Sondra Dietz
- Mini Grant Opportunity Announcement Jasie Hearn
- Question and Answer Session via chat



TB Program Updates

WORLD TB DAY - MARCH 24, 2022



Programmatic Updates

- ▶ New TB Program Manager
 - Marshall Vogt, MPH, CIC
 - **▶** 3/25/22
- ▶ DCE Physician
 - ► Serve as TB Controller and HAI/AR Medical Consultant
 - ► Recruiting this spring/summer



Upcoming Training

- Biennial Nurse Meeting September 21-23, 2022, Harrisonburg, VA
- Southeast TB Control Conference postponed till October 2023, Richmond, VA
- ► New TB Nurse Training May 4 & 5, 2022
- RVCT and EDN Training offered when requested



Collaborations with Districts

- Workload evaluation
- Feedback on IGRAs
- Feedback on VET platform
- ► Lab Quality Improvement Project: Specimen Quality and Timeliness
- Feedback on training needs
- Case Review
- ▶ Cohort Review



Resources for Districts

- ► LTBI Toolkit and Resources
- Alternative Housing and Incentives Program
 - Lyft
 - Cell phones/data plan
- ► IJN Guidance
- ► <u>512 Updates</u>

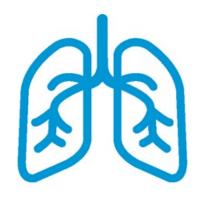
- Sputum Collection Guides patient and health care worker
- ► TB and LTBI Welcome and Thank You kits
- Water Filter Bottles
- ► GTBI ID Crowd
- UVA Consultants





LTBI Toolkit and Resources

- Patient and Provider Materials
- Branded Items
- Survey to indicate number of materials needed and languages – please complete by March 30, 2022
- ▶ Items mailed to Districts



Latent TB. Active Concern.

Tuberculosis Program

VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH



Alternative Housing and Incentive Program

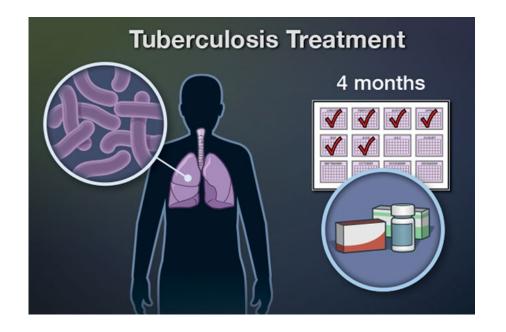
- ▶ Transportation Assistance via Lyft
- Cell phones and/or data plan for clients for VET
- Updated AHIP Manual
- Updated AHIP Request Form





New and Noteworthy

- 4-month Treatment for Drug Susceptible TB
 - Working with DCLS and Clinical Consultants to develop an implementation plan





Research Projects

- Mycobacterial Lung Diseases in Virginia: Sequencing and Clinical Determinants of Relapse and Outcome study – UVA
 - ► Reminder: <u>VDH NTM Handout</u>
- Urine Colorimetry for Tuberculosis Pharmacokinetics Evaluation in Children and Adults study – UVA
- Clinical Course and Outcomes of People with Coronavirus Disease and Tuberculosis: A Multicentre Cohort Study with the World Health Organization Collaborating Centre for TB and Lung Diseases



Other Announcements

- Use of Doxy.me and/or Zoom for VET
- ▶ Rifapentine no longer a shortage. Resume use of 3HP regimen.
- Continuing to maintain access to the T-spot and QFT TB Gold Plus
- Coming Soon IGRA Test Interpretation Resources









https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/tuberculosis/

Email: tuberculosis@vdh.virginia.gov

Call: 804-864-7906





Tuberculosis Epidemiology: A Global, National and Virginia Update

LEAH BREITUNG, BSPH
SURVEILLANCE EPIDEMIOLOGIST

JANE TINGLEY, MPH
LTBI EPIDEMIOLOGIST

MARCH 24, 2022







Overview

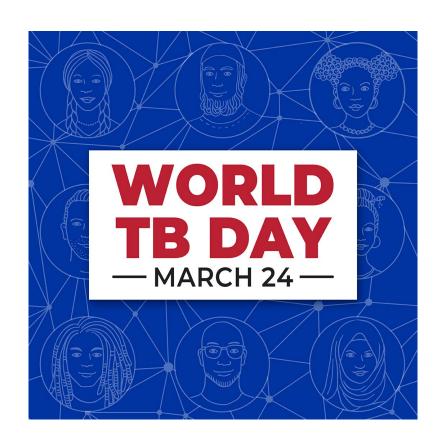
Global Tuberculosis (TB) Update

National TB Update*

State TB Update*

LTBI Update*

*Please note that all 2021 data is provisional

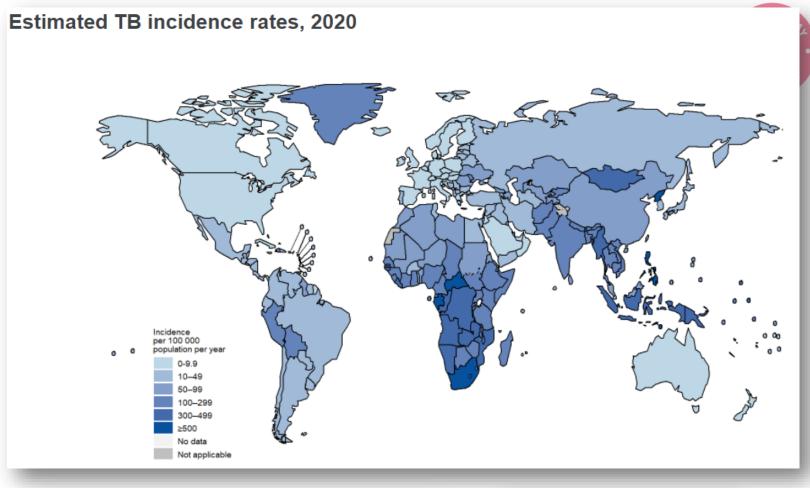


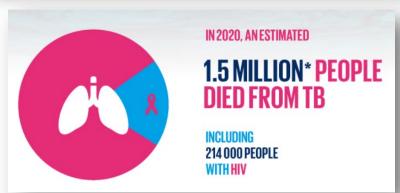


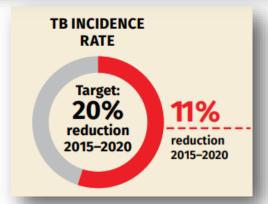
Global Tuberculosis Incidence

- In 2020, approximately 10
 million people fell ill with TB.
 However, only 5.8 million
 cases were reported
- Until the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, TB was the leading cause of death worldwide from a single infectious agent
- Eight countries accounted for two-thirds of the global total: India, China, Indonesia, the Philippines, Pakistan, Nigeria, Bangladesh and South Africa
- Nearly one in ever four people in the world is infected with latent TB

Global tuberculosis report 2021. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2021. License: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.



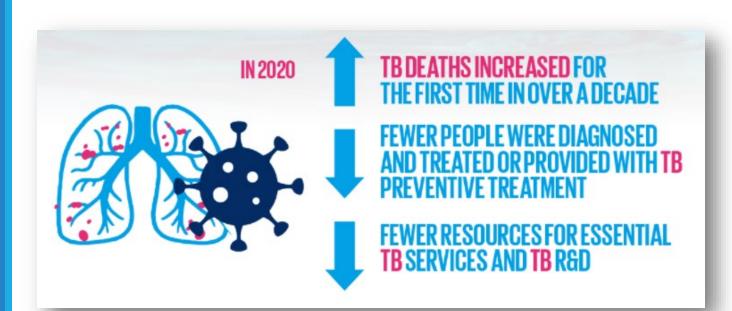






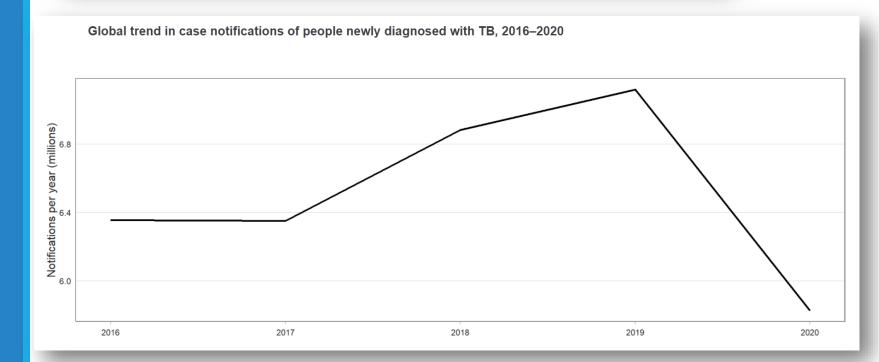
Global COVID-19 Pandemic and TB

- Modelling has suggested that the number of people developing TB could increase by more than 1 million per year in 2020–2025
- Disruptions to the provision of and access to TB diagnostic and treatment services due to the COVID-19 pandemic are estimated to have caused an increase of about 100,000 in the global number of TB deaths between 2019 and 2020









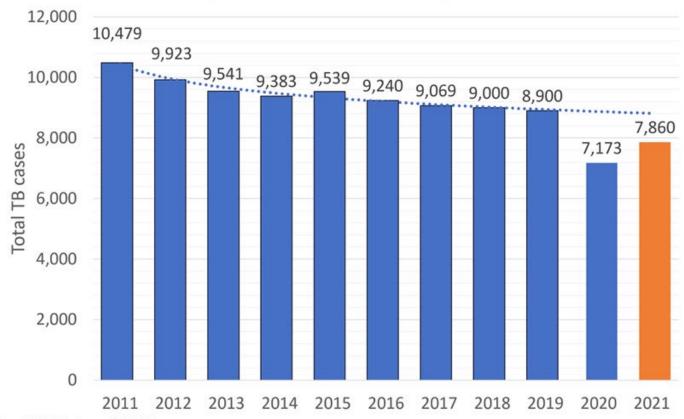


Tuberculosis in the United States

Provisional 2021United States case count: 7,860

Provisional 2021:United States caserate: 2.4

Total number of reported TB cases, 2011–2021



^{*}Based on provisional NTSS data as of 2.9.22



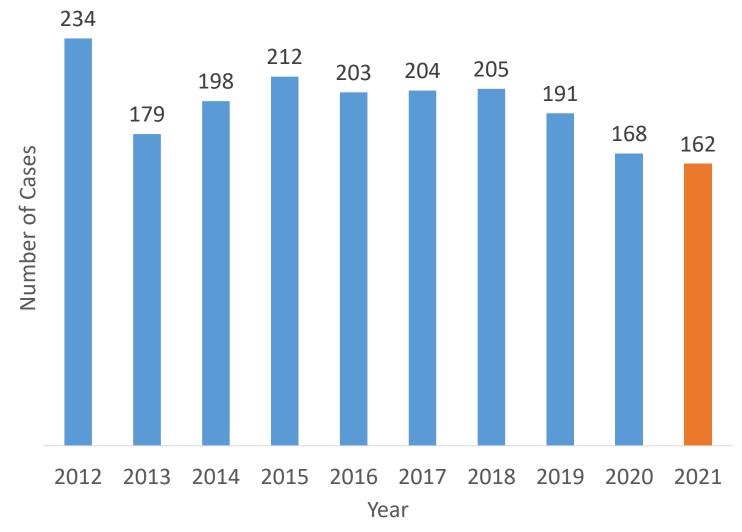
Tuberculosis in Virginia, 2021

162 cases in 2021

Rate of 1.9 per 100,000 population

Tuberculosis Cases, Virginia, 2012-2021

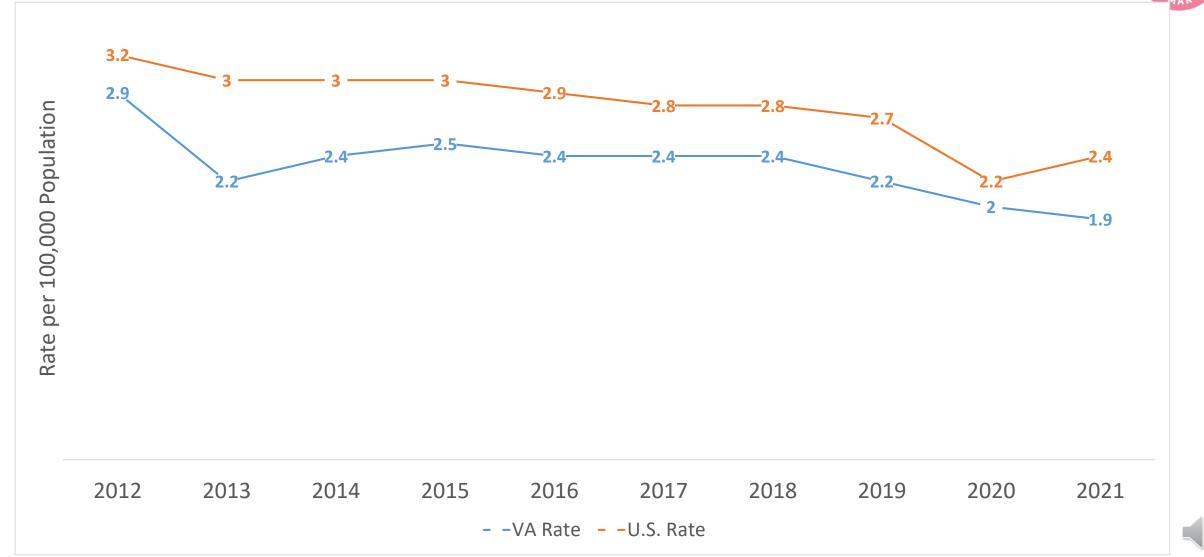






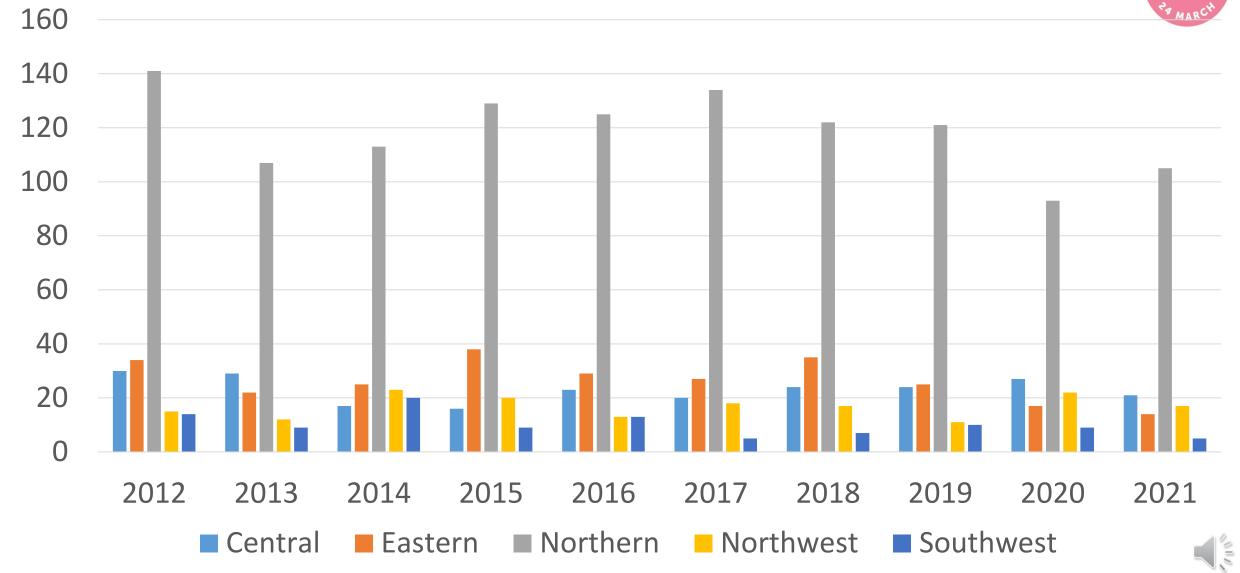
Tuberculosis Incidence Rate, Virginia and the United States, 2012-2021





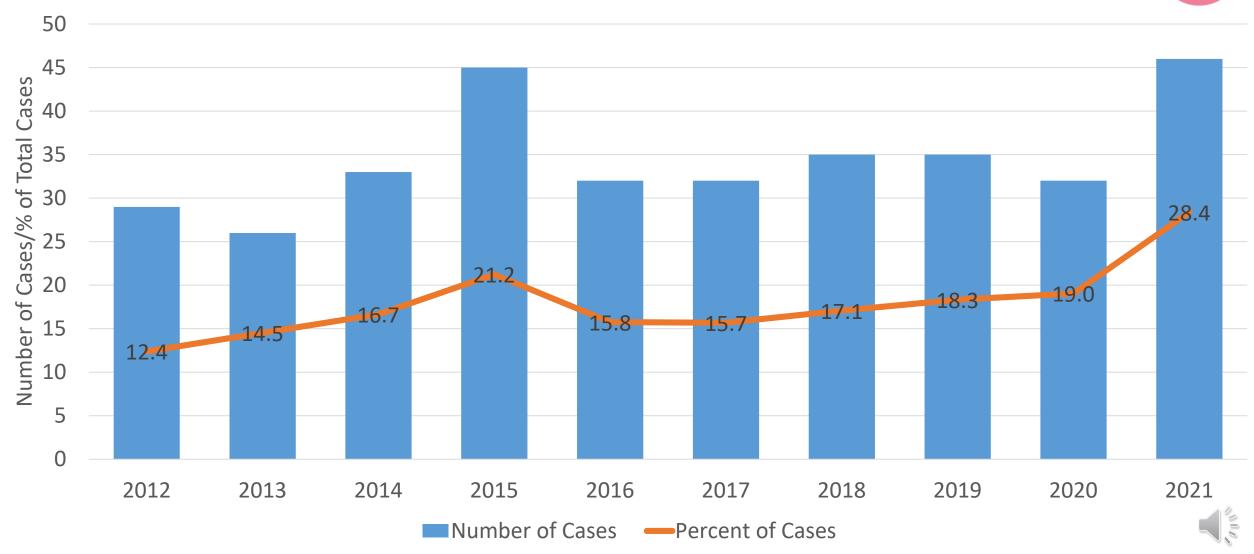
Tuberculosis Case Distribution by Region, Virginia, 2012-2021





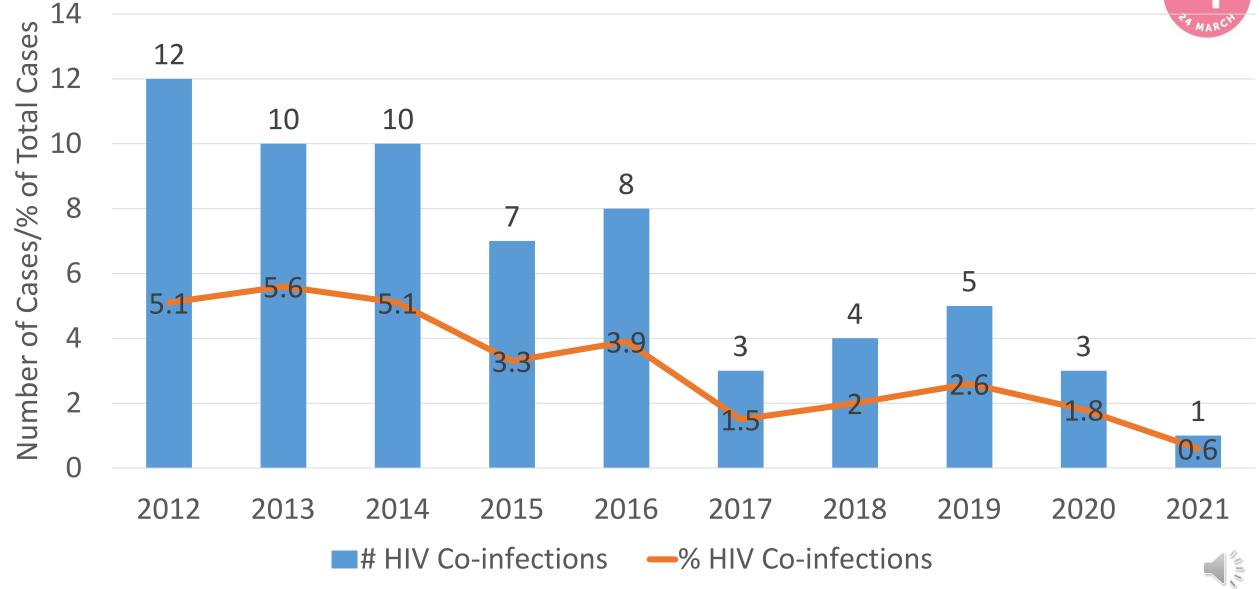
Number and Percent of Tuberculosis Cases with Diabetes, Virginia, 2012-2021





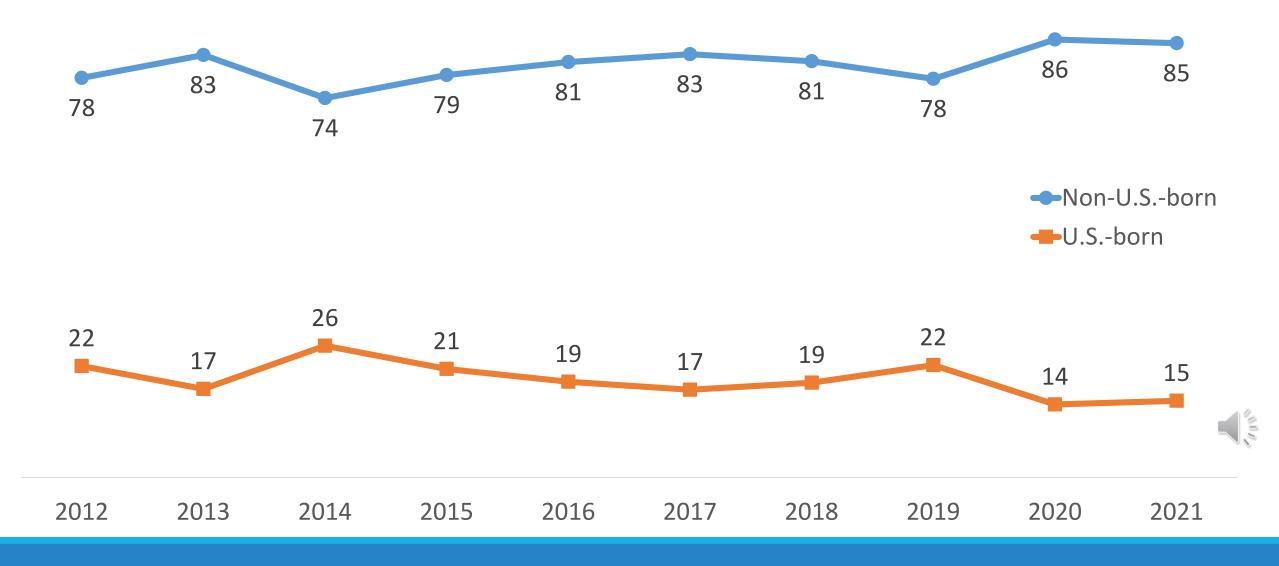
Tuberculosis Cases with HIV Co-infection, Virginia, 2012-2021





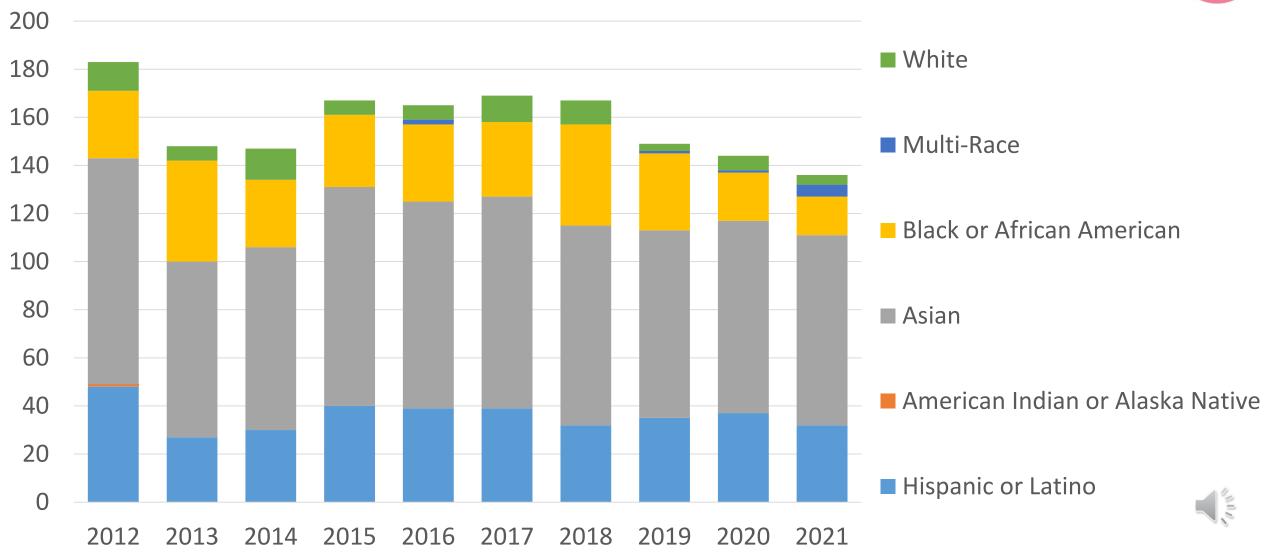
Percent of Total Tuberculosis Cases by Nativity, Virginia, 2012-2021





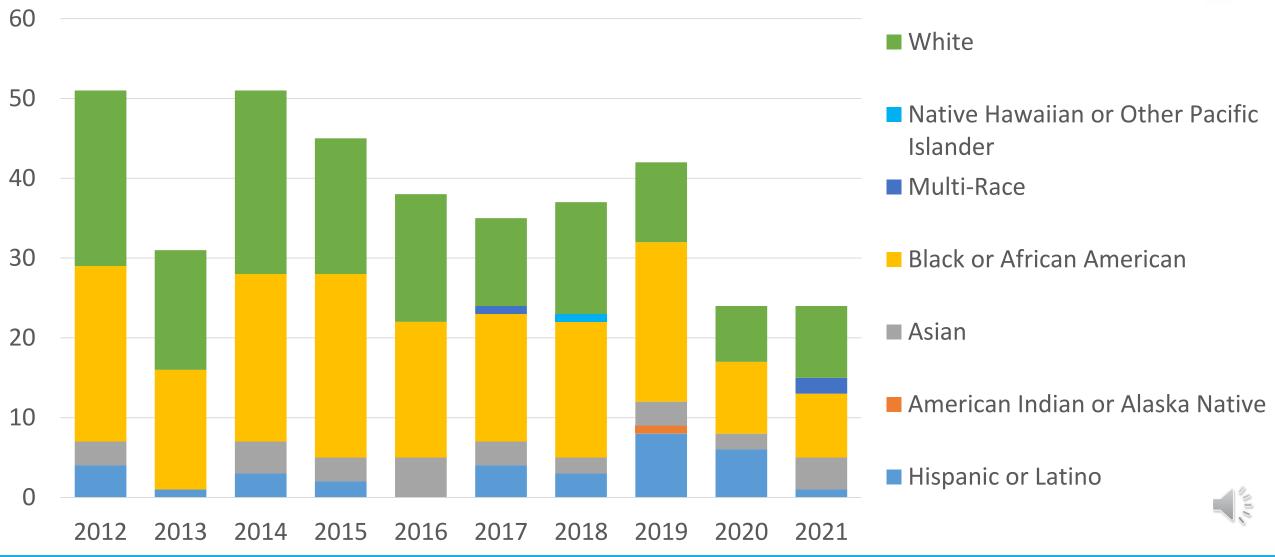
Tuberculosis Cases by Race and Ethnicity Among Non-U.S.-Born Cases, Virginia, 2012-2021





Tuberculosis Cases by Race and Ethnicity Among U.S.-Born Cases, Virginia, 2012-2021





County of Birth of Tuberculosis Cases, Virginia, 2021



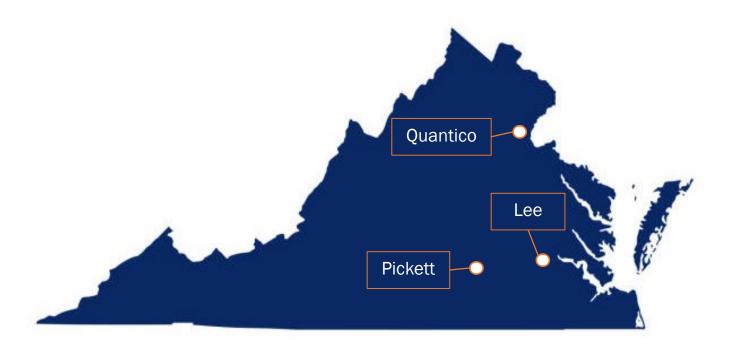


Impact of Operation Allies Welcome in Virginia

- 3 Virginia safe havens:
 Fort Pickett, Marine
 Corps Base Quantico,
 and Fort Lee
- Total refugees processed:
 - Ft. Pickett: 7,480
 - MCB Quantico: 5,081
 - Ft. Lee (as of Oct. 2021): 1,200



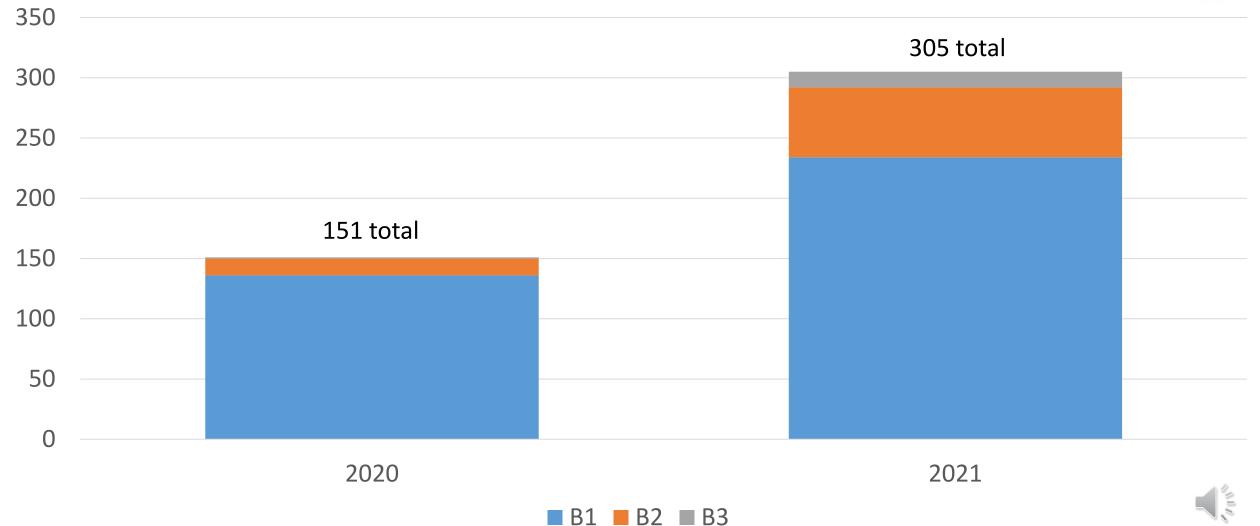






Tuberculosis Class B Arrivals to Virginia, 2020 and 2021







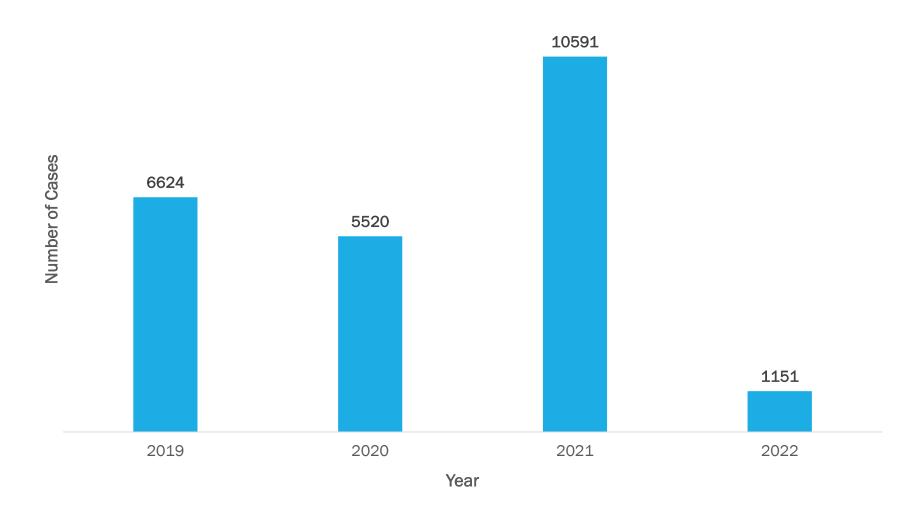
LTBI in Virginia







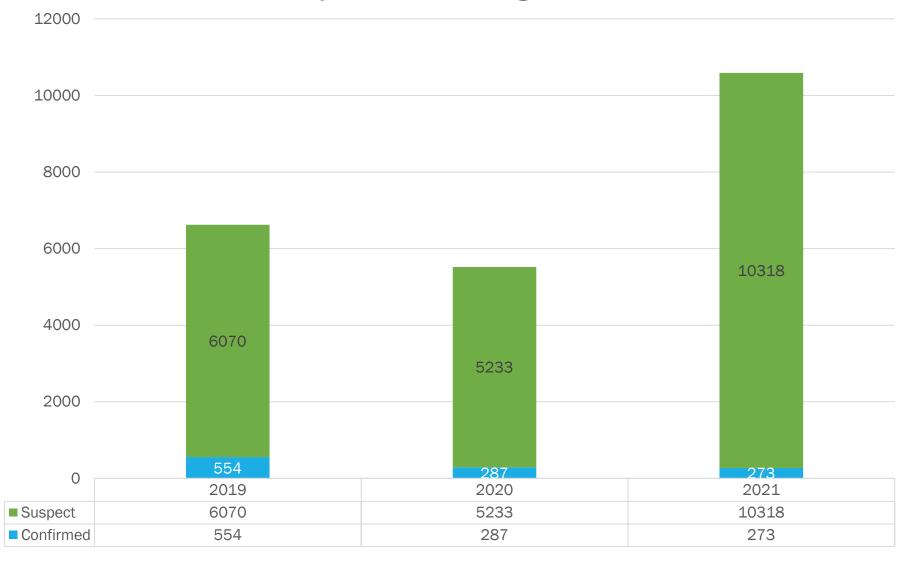
LTBI Cases in Virginia, 2019-2022





LTBI Cases by Case Status, Virginia, 2019-2021

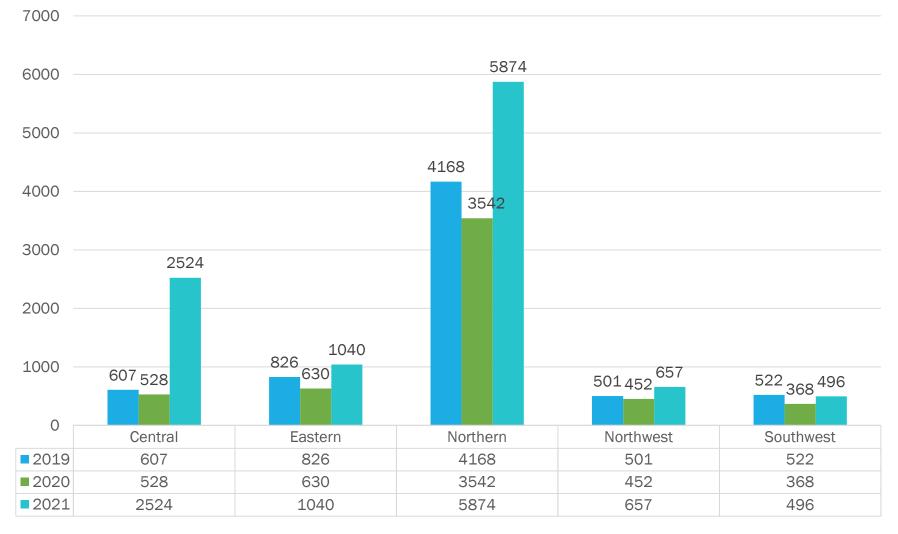














LTBI Cases by Age Group in Years, Virginia, 2019-2021









LTBI Cases by Sex, Virginia, 2019-2021







Top Five Reporters for LTBI - 2021

- 1. LabCorp (5,710)
- 2. Quest Teterboro (1,674)
- 3. Quest Diagnostics Nichols (1,444)
- 4. Sunrise Medical Laboratories (295)
- 5. Fairfax Public Health Laboratory (279)











Questions?

Contact Us:

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Surveillance Epidemiologist
Leah.Breitung@vdh.virginia.gov
804-773-8971

Jane C. Tingley, MPH
LTBI Epidemiologist

Jane.Tingley@vdh.virginia.gov
804-864-7921







References

Global Tuberculosis Report, 2021. World Health Organization. Global tuberculosis report 2021. Geneva: World Health Organization; 2021. License: CC BY-NC-SA 3.0 IGO.

Filardo TD, Feng P, Pratt RH, Price SF, Self JL. Tuberculosis — United States, 2021. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep 2022;71:441–446.

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.15585/mmwr.mm7112a1external.icon.



Division of

Consolidated Laboratory Services







World TB Day: New Nucleic Acid Amplification Testing (NAAT) at DCLS

Rana Mehr March, 24 2022



Division of

Consolidated Laboratory Services





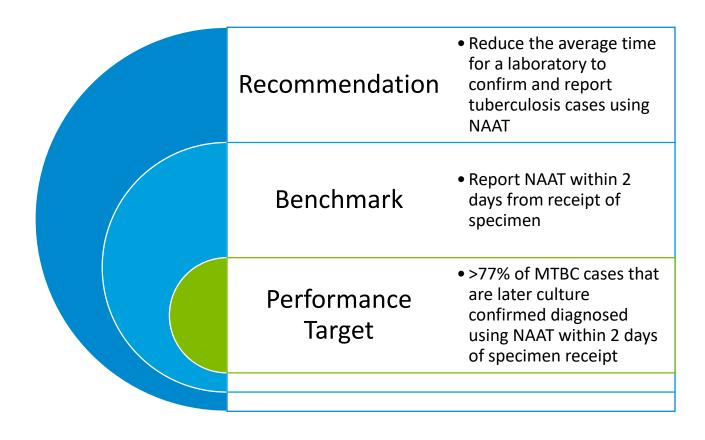


World TB Day: New Nucleic Acid Amplification Testing (NAAT) at DCLS

Rana Mehr March, 24 2022



Background





New Testing

- New testing provided by DCLS beginning April 1, 2022
- NAAT for detection of Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex (MTBC) and Mycobacterium avium complex (MAC) from clinical sputa



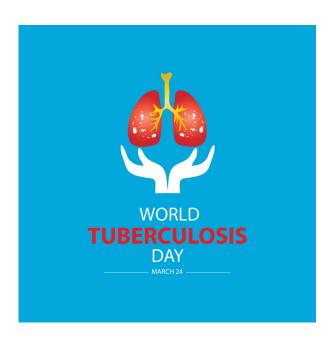






Implications of Direct Sputa Real-time PCR for Tuberculosis Diagnosis and Treatment

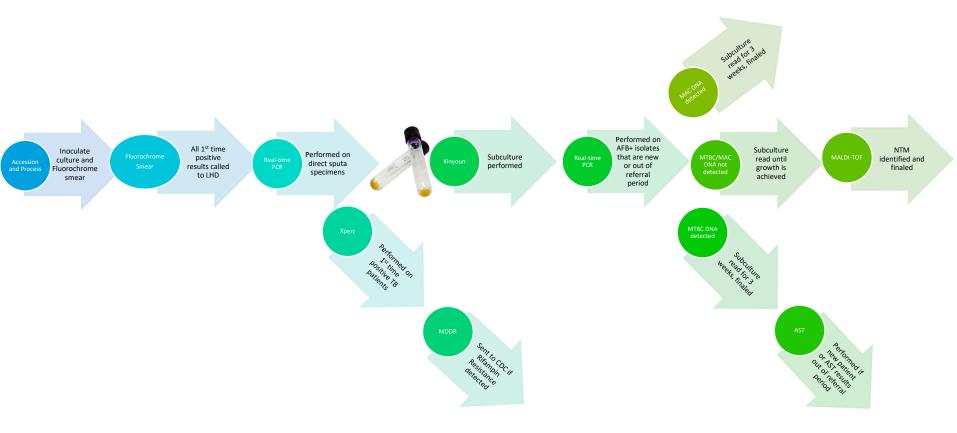
- Advantages of rapid results:
 - Earlier treatment initiation
 - Improved patient outcomes
 - More rapid opportunities to disrupt transmission
 - Effective public health intervention
- Disadvantages:
 - Detects non-viable MTBC
 - Specimen may contain inhibitors (false) negative)
 - Negative test does not exclude possibility of isolating MTBC from sputum culture







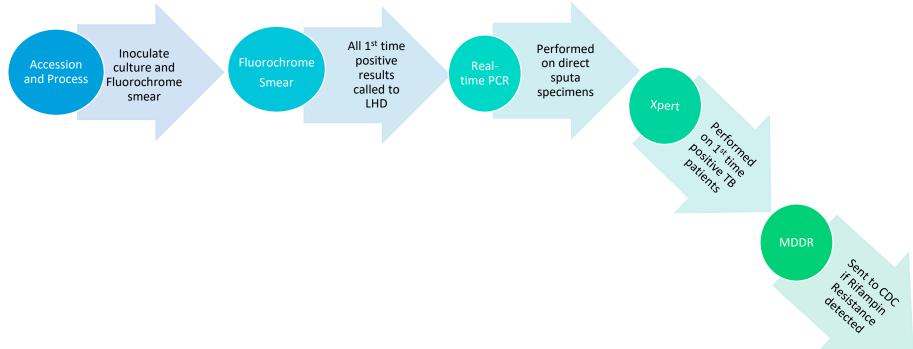
TB Laboratory Testing Algorithm







NAAT Algorithm for Sputa







NAAT Criteria

Real-time PCR on direct sputa

- Patients currently not on anti-tuberculosis therapy
- Patients without a previous positive MTBC result (NAAT and/or culture) within the past 12 months

Xpert MTB/RIF on direct sputa

- Patient on anti-tuberculosis therapy for less than 3 days
- Sufficient volume
- Non-pediatric patients

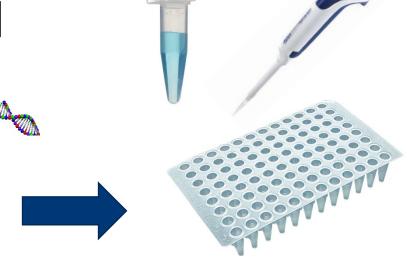


Real-time PCR method

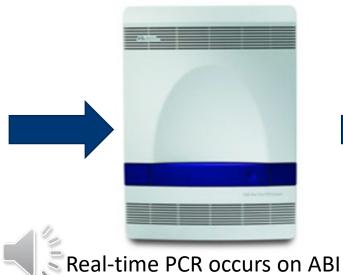
Direct Sputa and Positive AFB Cultures are heat inactivated



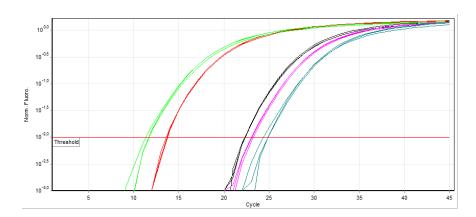
DNA Extraction



Mastermix and samples are added to 96 well plate





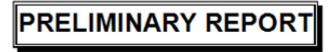


Samples are analyzed for detection of DNA



Direct Real-time PCR Results

- Both MTBC and MAC results are released via preliminary report
 - MTBC
 - DNA detected
 - HD notified via phone if initial positive result
 - DNA not detected
 - Inconclusive
 - Inconclusive due to inhibition
 - MAC
 - DNA detected
 - DNA not detected
 - Inconclusive
 - Inconclusive due to inhibition



Direct PCR M. tuberculosis complex/M. avium complex

Date Released:





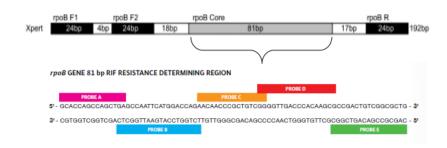
Xpert MTB/RIF Testing and MDDR

 MTBC DNA detected specimens are reflexed to Xpert MTB/RIF to test for Rifampin resistance



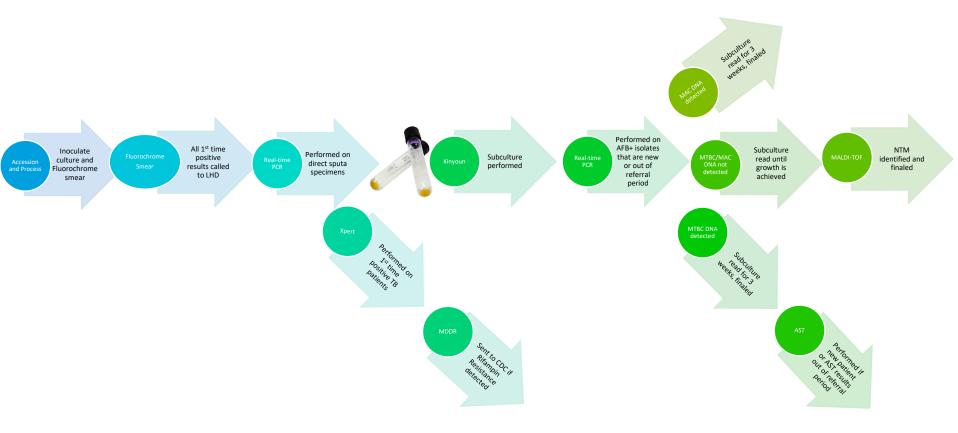


 If mutations in rpoB gene are detected, specimen reflexes to CDC for MDDR





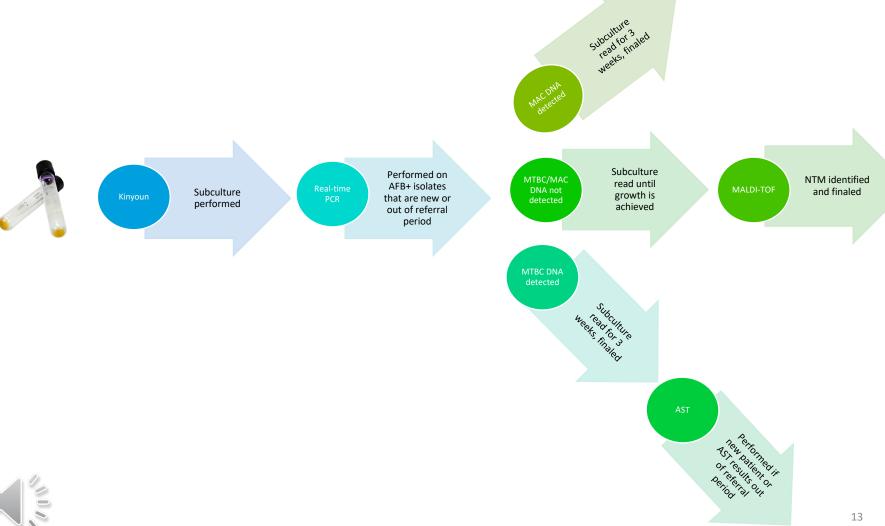
TB Laboratory Testing Algorithm







NAAT Culture Testing Algorithm





Culture Real-time PCR Results

- MTBC DNA: Detected
 - Results verbally reported to HD if:
 - Initial positive clinical result or TB compliance isolate
- MAC DNA: Detected
- Culture PCR results will have a 1 month referral period

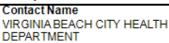


Culture PCR M. tuberculosis complex/M. avium complex

Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex DNA by real-time PCR: DETECTED

Disclaimer: This test has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. The performance characteristics of this test have been fully established by DCLS. The results from this assay should not be used independently to make decisions regarding the management of patient care or public health.

Results phoned to



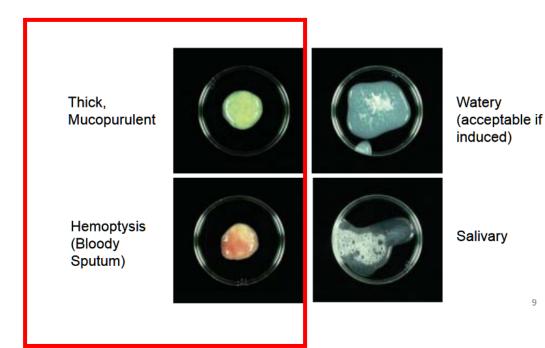




Date Released: 01/18/2022



Reminder: Good Quality Sputa is Critical for NAAT and Cultures



- 1st morning sputum
- Observed collection
- Thick, not watery
- Sputum produced from deep lung cough
- 5mL sputa volume is critical to perform all testing:
 - Processing
 - Direct PCR
 - Xpert MTB/RIF
 - MDDR





Questions?



Contact TB laboratory (804)648-4480 ex. 255





Toolkit Launch!

How to Harness the Power of
Your Community to Address TB



Background

- Toolkit for public health departments
- Collaboration between NOVA health departments and VDH
- Focus on community engagement



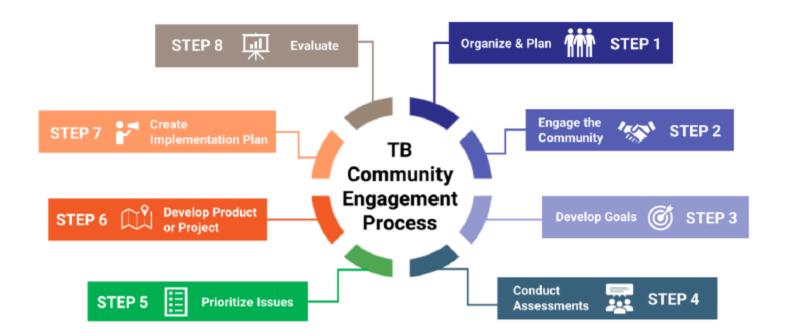
Community Engagement Matters



- Understand their needs
- Make better decisions
- Increase involvement and satisfaction
- Do this <u>with</u> them, not for them!

Goal

 Share a <u>flexible</u> process and model of community engagement to help health departments identify and reach their target TB populations



Learning Objectives

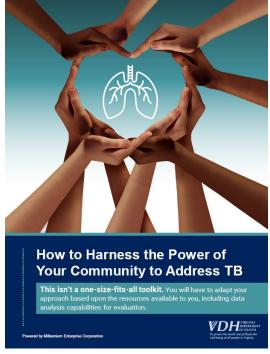
After completing the toolkit, participants will be able to:

- ☑ Describe the importance of engaging community to improve TB outcomes
- ☑ List the 8 steps in the community engagement process
- ☐ Identify next steps for their health department in the process
- ☑ Implement identified next steps

Format

- Online and PDF formats
- Complete independently or with your team





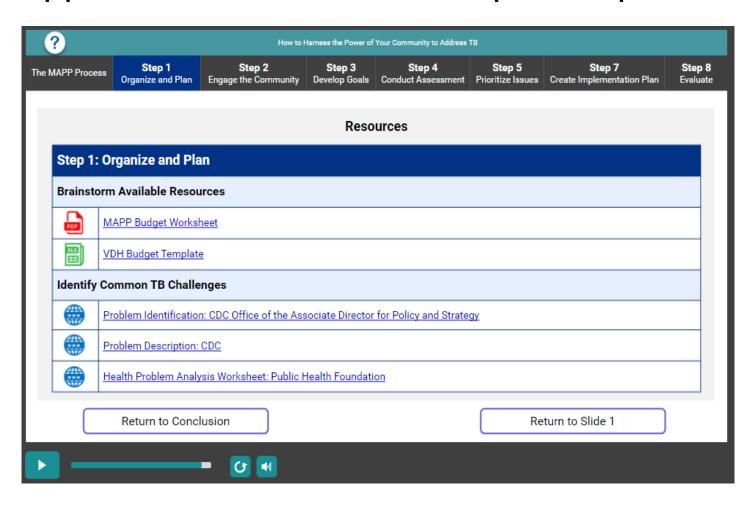
Features

- 8-steps
- Ability to navigate to specific steps
- 30-45 minutes for online course + time for engagement/project implementation



Features contd.

Supplemental resources to explore topics further





- VA TRAIN: Course ID 1102425
- https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/tuberculosis/comm unity-engagement/



Help is just an email or phone call away!

tuberculosis@vdh.virginia.gov

804-864-7906

Community Engagement Toolkit Mini Grants

Community Engagement Toolkit Mini Grants





- \$50,000 in CDC grant funding allocated to support mini grants for toolkit implementation
- For Health Districts across the Commonwealth
- Up to \$10,000 per project will be awarded
- Total number of awards dependent upon amount of funding requested in each awarded application
- Collaborative projects are allowable
 - Will be considered as one project with no more than \$10,000 awarded





This is starter funding to initiate the planning process

Purpose:

- To support the formation of a workgroup to implement the toolkit
- To support the planning process outlined in the toolkit which leads to the identification of needs that exist within the communities served by the health district.
- To support the planning process to develop activities and an implementation plan to meet the needs identified by the workgroup.



Ways to Use the Funding



- To support a portion of an existing staff salary to lead this initiative
- To support a paid internship for a bachelors or masters level student
- To support the hiring of a contractor to lead this initiative
- To support purchase of or the development of materials for recruitment and engagement of planning team members
- To support the purchase/development of materials for planning team meetings
- To support rental of space for planning team meetings
- To purchase supplies for meetings and/or workgroup activities.



Funding Restrictions



- Food
- Human Subjects Research
- Furniture or equipment
- Payment of pre-award costs
- Lobbying activities
- In-patient clinical care
- Use of funds to supplant state or local health department funds
- Purchase of drugs for treatment



Process and Timeline

- Review toolkit
- Determine desire to begin this planning process in 2022 and feasibility to do so
- Review application templates
- Apply for mini-grant by April 29, 2022
- Panel review of applications
- Mini-grant awarded by May 16, 2022
- Implement planning process May 17, 2022
- Complete expenditures for mini-grant by Dec. 31, 2022





- Application Template Word
- Budget Template Excel





- A final project report will be required at the end of the project period
 - 1-page summary which details the project accomplishments
- Completion of a short survey to provide feedback on the toolkit and its implementation
- All expenditures must be completed and processed by Dec. 31, 2022.





TB Program Community Engagement Webpage

Email: tuberculosis@vdh.virginia.gov

