Recommendations for Hospitalized Patients Being Discharged to a Long-Term Care Facility During the COVID-19 Pandemic

Updated: June 02, 2021

• The Virginia Department of Health, in alignment with [CDC guidance for Responding to Coronavirus (COVID-19) in Nursing Homes](https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/nursing-homes.html), has created a simplified flow chart to inform discharge planning between hospitals and long-term care facilities.

• Implementation of these recommendations will be influenced by many factors, including testing resource availability, community transmission rates, and clinical decision making.

• Facilities located in areas with minimal to no community transmission might elect to use a risk-based approach for determining which residents require quarantine upon admission. Decisions should be based on whether the resident had close contact with someone with SARS-CoV-2 infection while outside the facility and if there was consistent adherence to IPC practices in healthcare settings, during transportation, or in the community prior to admission.
Flow Diagram for Hospitalized Patients Being Discharged to a Long-Term Care Facility

Does the hospitalized patient have a documented COVID-19 diagnosis?\(^\wedge\)

**DISCONTINUATION OF TBP FOR COVID-19+**

- **Test was positive**
  - **Does patient meet criteria for discontinuation of TBP per CDC guidance?**\(^1\)
    - **Yes**
      - Transfer to medically appropriate facility.
    - **No**
      - Transfer to medically appropriate facility able to follow CDC guidance for care of patients with COVID-19.\(^3\)

- **Test was negative**
  - **Does patient have signs/symptoms of COVID-19?**
    - **Yes**
      - Transfer to medically appropriate facility able to follow CDC guidance for care of patients with COVID-19.\(^2\)
    - **No**
      - Obtain test results and repeat algorithm.

**QUARANTINE FOR POSSIBLE EXPOSURE**

- **Unknown/not tested**
  - **Does patient meet criteria for discontinuation of TBP per CDC guidance?**
    - **Test was positive**
      - Transfer to medically appropriate facility.
    - **Test was negative**
      - Transfer to medically appropriate facility able to follow CDC guidance for managing new admissions/readmissions.\(^2\)
    - **Unknown/not tested**
      - Obtain test results and repeat algorithm.

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1. Meeting criteria for discontinuation of transmission-based precautions (TBP) is not a prerequisite for discharge; CDC guidance on discontinuation of TBP for COVID-19 positive patients in healthcare settings is available [here](#).
2. The ability to detect transmission is limited during the incubation phase; negative test results (any number) do not rule out COVID-19, and patients should still be placed on 14-days of TBP in a separate observation area or single-person room when transferred to long-term care. Testing is not required prior to transfer.
3. Discuss with facility to determine if patients who require aerosolizing procedures, e.g. nebulizer treatment, are appropriate for transfer.
4. In general, all new admissions and readmissions should be placed in a 14-day quarantine, even if they have a negative test upon admission. Exceptions include residents within 3 months of a SARS-CoV-2 infection and fully vaccinated residents as described in CDC’s Updated Healthcare Infection Prevention and Control Recommendations in Response to COVID-19 Vaccination.

\(^*\)Nursing homes are licensed by the Virginia Department of Health, [Office of Licensure and Certification](#). Assisted living facilities are licensed by the [Virginia Department of Social Services](#). Consider discussing transfer concerns with licensing entity. \(^\wedge\)Diagnosis should be via FDA-authorized direct viral assay to detect SARS-CoV-2.

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