Situation Update Office of Emergency Preparedness



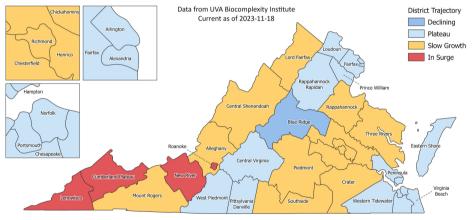
December 1, 2023

Key Takeaways

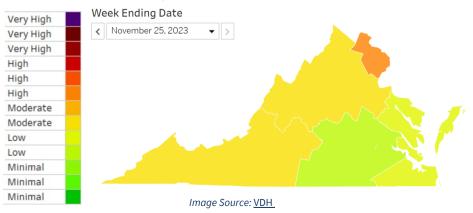
- COVID-19 metrics now suggest growth. COVID-19 hospitalizations remain steady. Hospitalizations often lag by a few weeks behind cases. Data suggest Southwest Virginia is being disproportionately affected.
- Flu activity is now moderate in Virginia. Northern Virginia is the most heavily affected of all regions.
- RSV rates continue to climb across the country, straining some hospitals. RSV in Virginia is tracking a month behind other states in the Southeast, but growing.
- Virginia's fall wildfire season ended Thursday, along with the Atlantic hurricane season.
- Election offices in five states received envelopes with white powder, highlighting threats to election officials ahead of the 2024 primary and election season.

Key Figures

COVID-19 Hospitalization Rate Trajectories of Virginia Health Districts



Virginia Influenza Intensity Level



COVID-19

Low

<u>Characterization</u> of COVID-19 hospital admissions and hospital occupancy in Virginia as of Nov 25.

<u>Influenza</u>

Moderate

Statewide influenza <u>activity</u> levels in Virginia, as of Nov 25.

1 of 5

Virginia regions with a High influenza <u>intensity</u> level, as of Nov 25. The rest are at Moderate or Low levels.

<u>Power Grid</u>

500,000+

The number of Duke Energy <u>customers</u> in the Carolina's affected by rolling blackouts during Winter Storm Elliot.

Spotlight: Winter Power Grid Risks

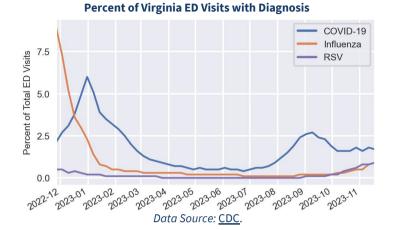
This document includes links to publicly available data and news sources. These items are included for situational awareness only and do not represent an endorsement of the source or information therein.

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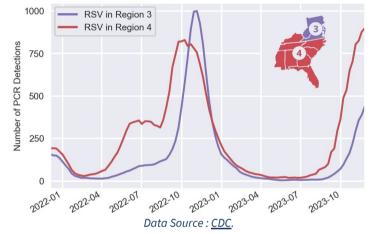


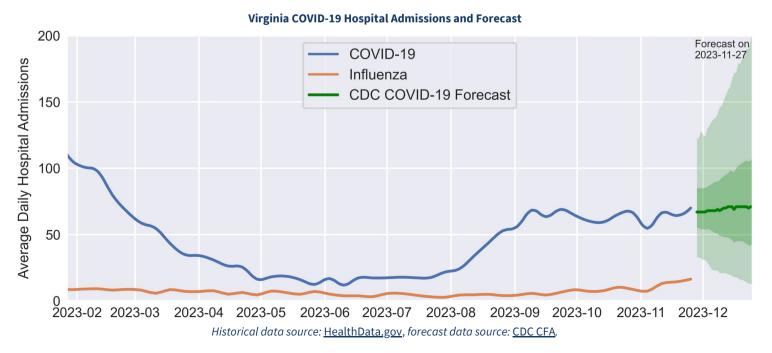
Respiratory Illness

- Indicators suggest possible growth of COVID-19. <u>COVID-19 diagnoses at the ED</u> are up more than 25%. Twelve of the sampled <u>wastewater sites</u> in Virginia are reporting high viral loads.
- <u>COVID-19 hospitalizations</u> are down slightly, but lag weeks behind diagnoses. <u>CDC forecasts</u> suggest that hospitalizations will continue a slow decline.
- **BA.2.86 is now a COVID-19** <u>variant of interest</u>. The <u>CDC estimates</u> that it accounts for about 10% of new cases in HHS Region 3 (including Virginia).
- **RSV continues to grow in Southeastern states and Virginia.** PCR detections of RSV continue to increase rapidly in HHS Region 4 (Southeast). Virginia is a month behind, but so far exhibits a similar trajectory.
- Influenza activity in Virginia is now moderate. The rate of flu diagnoses at EDs continues to grow, and hospitalizations have doubled since early November.
- Surge of pediatric respiratory illness threatens hospitals nationally. Cases of RSV is <u>straining some</u> <u>hospitals</u> in Texas and Georgia. <u>Hospitals</u> in <u>Virginia</u> also report difficulties managing <u>a surge of cases</u>.
- Viral impacts vary in Virginia <u>by geography</u>. Data show that Northern Virginia has higher flu rates than the rest of the Commonwealth, while COVID-19 is disproportionately affecting Southwest Virginia.



RSV PCR Detections in Region 3 (inc. VA) and 4 (Southeast)





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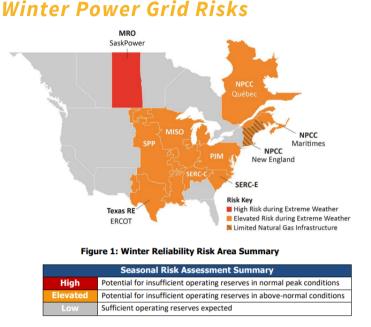


Spotlight

- <u>Report highlights</u> vulnerabilities in the East Coast electrical and natural gas grid exposed during Winter Storm 'Elliot'. The Dec 2022 storm forced gas and power suppliers to take emergency actions. Official and suppliers note that if those actions had failed, or if the cold had lasted another day or two, widespread outages of gas and/or power may have occurred across the East Coast.
- 'Elliot' was the fifth cold weather <u>event</u> to threaten US grid reliability in 11 years. 'Elliot' caused the largest <u>firm load shed</u> in the Eastern Interconnection history, while Winter Storm 'Uri', affecting Texas in 2021, caused the largest in US history, leaving 4.5 million people without power.
- NERC released its <u>Winter Reliability Assessment</u> earlier this month. The report indicates that much of North America is at elevated risk of being unable to meet electricity demands during peak winter conditions. PJM, the regional grid that covers Virginia, is at risk of an emergency in an 'Elliot'-like scenario.

Other News

- Election offices in five states received envelopes with white powder in early November, including some that tested positive for fentanyl. In a <u>survey</u> conducted in April, 30% of local election officials reported they have personally been abused, harassed, or threatened due to their work.
- Global measles deaths increased 43% in 2022 according to a CDC <u>report</u>. Measles cases increased 18%, and large or disruptive outbreaks were reported in 37 countries. Immunization setbacks due to the COVID-19 pandemic, along with sustained suboptimal coverage in low-income countries, are blamed for the jump.
- A train derailment and chemical spill <u>forced</u> a town to evacuate in Kentucky. Two of the 16 derailed cars carried molten sulfur, which caught fire. Residents of Livingston were displaced for just over a day.
- Massachusetts <u>set up</u> temporary shelters in state offices. The state's shelter system has been strained by record demand <u>attributed</u> to rising housing costs and migrants.



Electricity supply shortages are possible across North America as heating demands increase during extreme cold weather. Image Source: <u>NERC</u>

- Virginia's fall wildfire season <u>ended</u> November 30. Although several <u>fires</u> are still being managed, recent rains diminished much of the threat. Light rain <u>expected</u> this week will move Virginia into the lowest <u>Wildfire Potential Index</u> categories over the weekend.
- The WHO released an <u>update</u> on the <u>mpox</u> outbreak in the Democratic Republic of Congo. The outbreak is unusual due to documented spread through sexual networks, including among MSM, sex workers, including links to transmissions in Belgium. Unlike the 2022 and ongoing global outbreak, this outbreak involves Clade I, which is endemic to DRC and considered more severe.
- The UK <u>reported</u> a human Swine Flu case, while Cambodia <u>reported</u> two cases of human Avian flu. The UK case is a new strain. The Cambodia cases are linked to a strain identified in Southeast Asia in 2013.
- Avian flu has resurfaced in the US this fall, affecting 94 commercial and backyard flocks in 26 states within the last 30 days including a commercial flock in Caroline County Maryland on the Delmarva Peninsula.