

DOCUMENTATION IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY

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I am NOT an attorney! This lecture is not intended to provide any legal advice!



TRUE Examples of poor documentation

"Arived on scene, pt sick to her stomack, said she ate some foud that may be bad. V/S normal. Placed pt in POC. Went to hospital."





Another TRUE example:

"On scene found patient drunk. He's a regular who always gets drunk. He called for EMS to avoid going to jail. He stinks bad. We turned him over to PO."





And another....

"Caled 4 medcal raisins.

Patience in floore. She wus sikk. She puuked on floore.

Blud wus in the puok. She didn't waunt us so we lift."



Buddy



Proper Documentation

HX: Upon arrival, I found a 64 y/o female patient (Pt), lying prone on carpeted floor in living room. Pt states "I laid down on the floor because I am just too weak to stand". Pt's C/C is nausea, vomiting and weakness. Pt has been sick x 2 days and vomited x 3 within the last hour. Pt denies allergies, takes Atenolol for HTN and low-dose ASA. No GI hx. Pt states she ate a can of tomato soup yesterday evening but doesn't remember what time.

PE: Pt CAO x 3, denies loss of consciousness, denies any trauma. Pt denies SOB &/or chest pain. V/S: B/P 108/62, P 94 & Regular, R 24 & non labored at time of exam, PERL, skin Pale/W/D. BBS = clear. Poor skin turgor. ABD soft & non-tender at time of exam. Pt denies diarrhea & states urinary function is normal. Distal pulses weak, grips =/strong. Balance of PE unremarkable. Noted vomitus on floor which appears to contain a small amount of dark colored blood.

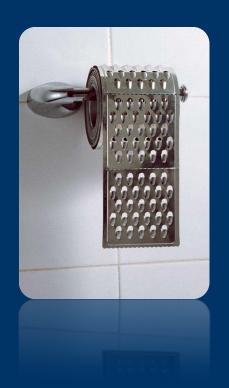
TX: Evaluation and assist back to chair only. Pt refusing additional treatment &/or transport adamantly because her daughter is on the way. Pt states she will go POV to the hospital when her daughter arrives. I explained to the patient that she may be bleeding internally, which is a serious condition that warrants immediate transport and evaluation by a physician in an emergency department. I informed the patient of the potential risks associated with refusal and delay in care. I advised her to call us back immediately if her condition worsens or if she changes her mind. Pt still refusing transport AMA, pt signed refusal, witnessed by Troy Copeland, FF, Co. 1. Crew returned to quarters and I contacted medical control to advise them of the situation. S. H. Phillips, NRP



FACT:

Poor Documentation = Poor Documential Liability Potential Liability







Actions

Civil

- Plaintiff initiates a
 lawsuit seeks
 redress from the
 defendant, usually in
 the form of a monetary
 sum
- Defendant the party alleged to have caused harm

Criminal

- Government initiates
 the legal action
 against a party who
 has been charged with
 violating a law
 - Felonies
 - Misdemeanors
 - Summary Offenses



Anatomy of a Lawsuit

A "cause of action" must exist

Actions/omissions outside of the "standard of care"

Research must be completed

- Interviews
- Document review
- HIPAA

Statute of Limitations

 Virginia Code § 8.01-243.A provides action must be brought within 2 years after the "cause of action" accrues *

Statute of Limitations (continued)

Must be within the "statute of limitations"

- There ARE exceptions
- Virginia: VA Code § 8.01-230 provides the "right of action" does not occur until an injury is sustained, and not when the resulting damage is discovered

*SOL clock begins to run when injury occurs, not necessarily when the accident occurs



Duties of EMS Personnel

Duty to maintain current certification Duty to participate in training activities and requirements by your OMD Duty to maintain your equipment Duty to the patient Duty to provide care within your level of qualification and the level of agency licensure Duty to document completely, accurately, and in a timely fashion



Scope of Practice

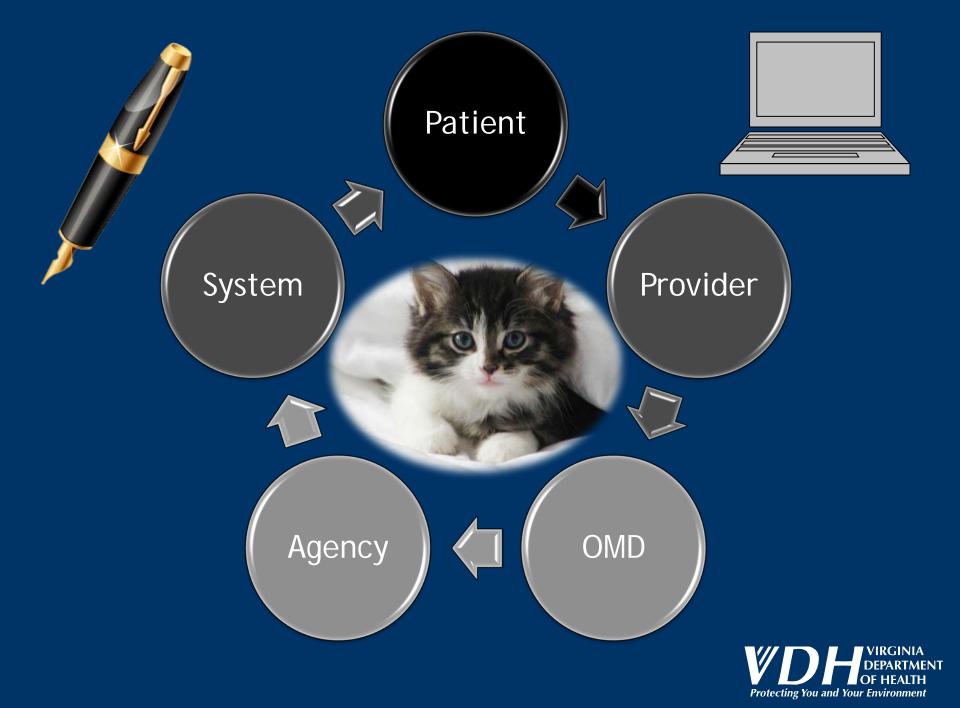
Licensure v. Certification

- Licensure: permits the practice of medicine in other professions, e.g. nursing
- Certification: an assertion of fact that the provider has completed training

Perform Emergency Medical Care - do not practice medicine

"The level & type of care that a provider can legally render under the state law & local EMS protocols"





PAINT A PICTURE! {WITH WORDS}

Phase 1

Phase 2

Phase 3



Good Documentation...

COMPLETE

ACCURATE



Spike "Zilla"

TIMELY



COMPLETE

Write like an Investigator

Incomplete or sloppy documentation leads to a denial of claims





COMPLETE

Incomplete or sloppy documentation leads the jury to believe your care may be sloppy &/or incomplete









REDUCES MEDICAL ERRORS



TIMELY







"RES GESTATES
STATEMENTS



§12VAC5-31-1140. Provision of patient care documentation.

A. EMS personnel and EMS agencies shall provide the receiving medical facility or transporting EMS agency with a copy of the prehospital patient care report for each patient treated at the time of patient transfer. Should EMS personnel be unable to provide the full prehospital patient care report at the time of patient transfer, EMS personnel shall provide an abbreviated documented report with the critical EMS findings and actions at the time of patient transfer and the full prehospital patient care report shall be provided to the accepting facility within 12 hours.

PATIENT CONFIDENTIALITY

- Training
- Continuum of Care
- Certain Legal Cases
- Administrative Investigations
- Billing
 - Extent authorized by patient or his/her representative for insurance purposes
- NOTE: ASK YOUR ATTORNEY







kegera)

PHI



Disclosure

Health Insurance Portability & Accountability Act



Investigation











The Golden Rule...

IF IT IS NOT DOCUMENTED, YOU DID NOT DO IT!

IF YOU DID NOT DO IT,
DO NOT DOCUMENT IT!



HOW IMPORTANT IS DOCUMENTATION?

Let's take a close look at "professional documentation"

Jane is called to testify in court regarding a PPCR she completed 4 years ago as an EMT-Basic





CONTENTS OF REPORT:

"...<u>reponded</u> to <u>patent</u> with stomach <u>panes</u> ...she had <u>notting</u> to eat

...her stumach was upset but she did not puke

...put O2 on

...her collar was good

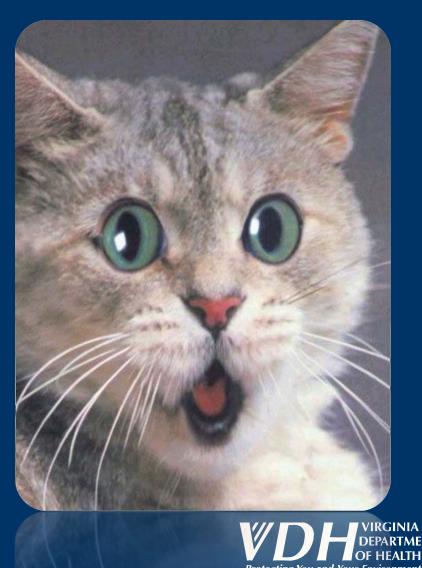
...she then refuzed"





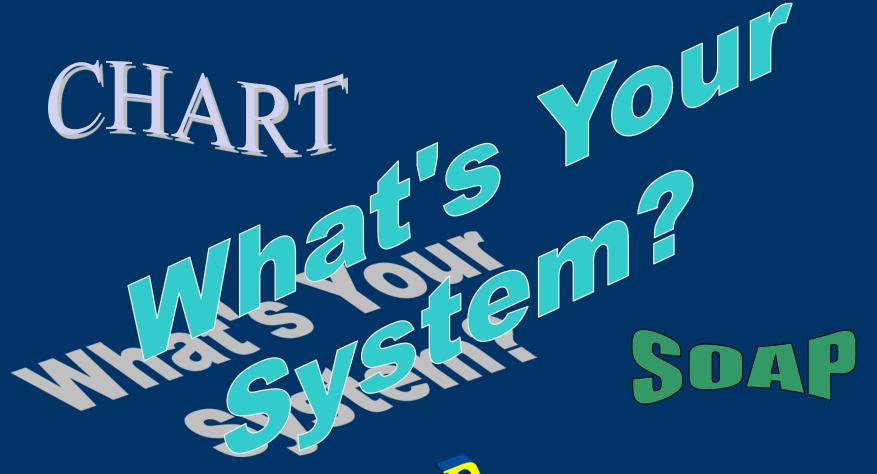
JANE IS A PARAMEDIC NOW...

What does Jane's face look like when she is handed a copy of her original PPCR and asked to read it to the jury, while they read along?





Systematic Approach



Hx, Pe, Tx



SOAP

Objective

Subjective



Sorry you're sad

Wanna flush the dog down the toilet again?

The cat's nose is pink!

FACT

The cat is cute!



Factual
Can be Measured
Quantifiable
Unbiased
Verifiable

Opinion Personal Belief Perspective of Writer's View Open to Interpretation Often Uncertain

Dog is a German Shepherd





Dog is Cute



CHART METHOD

Chief Complaint (CC)

History (Hx)

Assessment

Rx (Prescription for Treatment)

Transport (Tx)



HPT METHOD

Hx = History



PE = Physical Examination



Tx = Treatment & Transport



BENEFITS OF PROPER DOCUMENTATION



Reduce the potential to miss things! Stronger continuum of care for your patient!

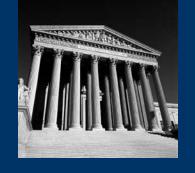
Reduce the potential for liability! Write to withstand litigation!



Reduce the potential for a denial in claims!



Medico-legal Aspects



CONSENT

Implied, Expressed, Minor's, Assault, Battery, False Imprisonment, Illegal Detention, Kidnapping, blah ... blah ... blah!!!



Mistakes Albandonment Consent Negligence Omissions Willfull 83 Wainton

Scope of Practice



LET'S PAINT A PICTURE





What remains the "Golden Rule" of documentation?





What are "res gestae" Statements?





What are the three documentation systems we discussed?



WHAT IS "CAT" DOCUMENTATION?





