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Prince William Health District

August 20, 2025

Community Healthcare Coalition of Greater Prince William

Community Health Assessment (CHA) **2025**

*A Collaborative Approach for Health
Accountability in Greater Prince William*



What is the CHA?

Community Health Assessment

To learn about the health of
Greater Prince William



Community Health
Improvement Plans

Health Accountability



The shared responsibility of healthcare systems, public agencies, and community stakeholders to ensure transparent, inclusive, and sustained actions that **promote attainment of the highest level of health** for residents in Greater Prince William

CHA in Action

By the Numbers:

- 1,990 survey responses
- 13 community conversations with residents
- 4 community partner community conversations
- 40+ community events and outreach
- 62K+ social media impressions
- 2 news releases, featured in Prince William Living

What We Did:

- Promoted across social media and networked with community partners to re-share or upload
- Canvassed businesses and neighborhoods in Greater Prince William
- Hosted community conversations with diverse partners
- Created bilingual materials and digital graphics
- Directly engaged with community voices



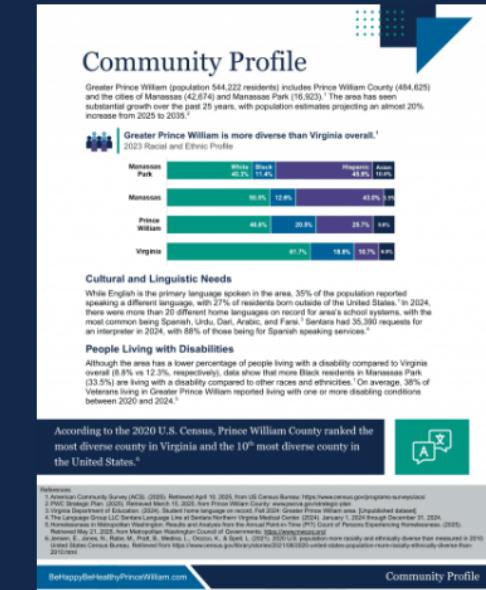
Visit vdh.virginia.gov/prince-william-cha-in-action for more details.

4 CHA Infographics

English & Spanish

Visit vdh.virginia.gov/prince-william-cha-in-action

Community Profile



Community Profile

Greater Prince William (population 544,222 residents) includes Prince William County (484,625) and the cities of Manassas (42,674) and Manassas Park (16,923).¹ The area has seen substantial growth over the past 25 years, with population estimates projecting an almost 20% increase from 2020 to 2025.²

2023 Racial and Ethnic Profile

Category	White	Black	Asian	Hispanic
Metropolitan	40.3%	31.4%	1.6%	48.0%
Manassas	50.9%	12.9%	3.6%	43.5%
Prince William	48.6%	20.8%	3.7%	30.7%
Virginia	51.7%	18.8%	10.7%	39.5%

Cultural and Linguistic Needs

While English is the primary language spoken in the area, 35% of the population reported speaking a language other than English at home in 2020.³ In 2020, there were 1,100 language requests for interpretation services in Prince William County.⁴ In 2024, there were more than 20 different home languages on record for area's school systems, with the most common being Spanish, Urdu, Dari, Arabic, and Farsi.⁵ Seniors had 35,590 requests for an interpreter in 2024, with 86% of those being for Spanish speaking services.

People Living with Disabilities

Although the area has a lower percentage of people living with a disability compared to Virginia overall, Prince William County still has more Black residents in Manassas Park (33.5%) are living with a disability compared to other races and ethnicities.⁶ On average, 38% of Veterans living in Greater Prince William reported living with one or more disabling conditions between 2020 and 2024.⁷

According to the 2020 U.S. Census, Prince William County ranked in the most diverse county in Virginia and the 10th most diverse county in the United States.⁸

1. American Community Survey (ACS). (2023). Retrieved April 10, 2023, from US Census Bureau: <https://www.census.gov/acs/www/>
2. PWIC Strategic Plan. (2023). Retrieved March 15, 2023, from Prince William County: <https://www.pwic.virginia.gov/strategic-plan/>
3. U.S. Census Bureau. (2020). American Community Survey 2020. Retrieved April 10, 2023, from US Census Bureau: <https://www.census.gov/acs/www/>
4. The Language Group LLC. (2023). Language Line at Greater Northern Virginia Medical Center. (2024, January 1). 2020-2024 December 31, 2024.
5. Prince William County. (2023). Language Line at Greater Northern Virginia Medical Center. (2024, January 1). 2020-2024 December 31, 2024.
6. Prince William County. (2023). Language Line at Greater Northern Virginia Medical Center. (2024, January 1). 2020-2024 December 31, 2024.
7. U.S. Census Bureau. (2020). American Community Survey 2020. Retrieved April 10, 2023, from US Census Bureau: <https://www.census.gov/acs/www/>
8. U.S. Census Bureau. (2020). American Community Survey 2020. Retrieved April 10, 2023, from US Census Bureau: <https://www.census.gov/acs/www/>

[BeHappyBeHealthyPrinceWilliam.com](#) [Community Profile](#)

Health Indicators



Health Indicators

The main causes of death across Greater Prince William are cancer and heart disease. Other causes vary in prevalence by race and ethnicity, with COVID-19 and stroke common across all groups.¹

Leading Causes of Death Overall, by Race/Ethnicity, 2021-2023

Race/Ethnicity	Cancer	Heart Disease	Stroke	COVID-19	Unintentional Drug Overdose	Diabetes	Stroke
White, Non-Hispanic	Cancer	Heart Disease	Stroke	COVID-19	Unintentional Drug Overdose	Diabetes	Stroke
Black, Non-Hispanic	Cancer	Heart Disease	Stroke	COVID-19	Unintentional Drug Overdose	Diabetes	Stroke
Asian, Non-Hispanic	Cancer	Heart Disease	Stroke	COVID-19	Unintentional Drug Overdose	Diabetes	Stroke
Hispanic/Latino	Cancer	Heart Disease	Stroke	COVID-19	Unintentional Drug Overdose	Diabetes	Stroke

Sexually transmitted infections (STIs)

1. New HIV infections from 2019 to 2023 increased among women and youth.
2. Syphilis incidence (per 100,000)
3. Gonorrhea incidence (per 100,000)

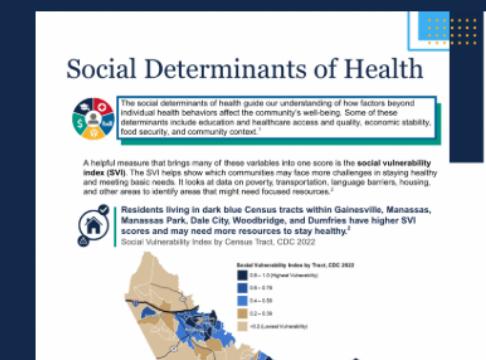
Year	Greater Prince William	Virginia
2019	11.2	15.1
2023	20.7	20.7

4. New HIV infections from 2019 to 2023 increased among women and youth.
5. 29% of new HIV infections from 2019 to 2023 were female.
6. 53% of new HIV infections from 2019 to 2023 were 15-34 years old.

Maternal Health

1. More mothers in Greater Prince William had late or no prenatal care compared to Virginia.
2. 12.2% Greater Prince William
3. 5.1% Virginia
4. 35.1% Greater Prince William
5. 33.8% Virginia

Available in Spanish



Social Determinants of Health

The social determinants of health guide our understanding of how factors beyond individual health behaviors affect the community's well-being. Some of these determinants include education and healthcare access and quality, economic stability, food security, and community context.¹

A helpful measure that brings many of these variables into one score is the social vulnerability index (SVI).² The SVI measures the degree of vulnerability in staying healthy and meeting basic needs. It looks at data on poverty, transportation, language barriers, housing, and other areas to identify areas that might need focused resources.³

Residents living in dark blue Census tracts within Gainesville, Manassas, Manassas Park, Dale City, Woodbridge, and Dumfries have higher SVI scores and may need more resources to stay healthy.⁴

1. Social Vulnerability Index by Tract, CDC 2022
2. 5.8-1.0 (highest vulnerability)
3. 0.8-0.59
4. 0.52-0.38
5. 0.32-0.26
6. 0.22-0.01 (lowest vulnerability)

[Social Determinants of Health](#)

Community Insight



Community Insight

Community Health Assessment Survey
Of the total survey responses, 1,698 Prince William County, Manassas City, and Manassas Park residents responded to the survey in English, Spanish, or Dart.

You saw big health challenges facing our communities—and we can work together to address them! We asked:

What are the biggest HEALTH CONCERN(S) in the community where you live?¹

What BEHAVIORS need to be addressed in the community where you live?²

What would most IMPROVE health in the community where you live?³

Overall top 3 most selected responses:

Response	Count
Mental health	1,440
Eating unhealthy foods	1,380
Chronic conditions	1,370
Lack of exercise	1,360
Driving while drunk or high	1,350
Access to healthcare services	1,340
Affordable housing	1,330
Access to dental care	1,320
Aging related concerns	1,310
Isolation or loneliness	1,300
Mental health services	1,290

Additional topics stood out among demographic groups by race/ethnicity and age ranges.

Community Health Improvement (CHI) Data Portal

- <https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/prince-william/be-healthy-be-happy-prince-william/chi-data-portal/>

The screenshot displays the CHI Data Portal interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with three tabs: '1. Location' (grey), '2. Data Indicators' (orange), and '3. Reports' (grey). Below the tabs are four buttons: 'HEALTH DISTRICT' (grey), 'LOCALITY' (orange), 'DRAW MY AREA' (grey), and 'PICK FROM MAP' (grey). The 'LOCALITY' button is highlighted.

Locality List

Select Locality

- Manassas City, VA
- Manassas Park City, VA
- Prince William County, VA

Assessment Location

Report Location

- Manassas City, VA
- Manassas Park City, VA
- Prince William County, VA



Community Health Data

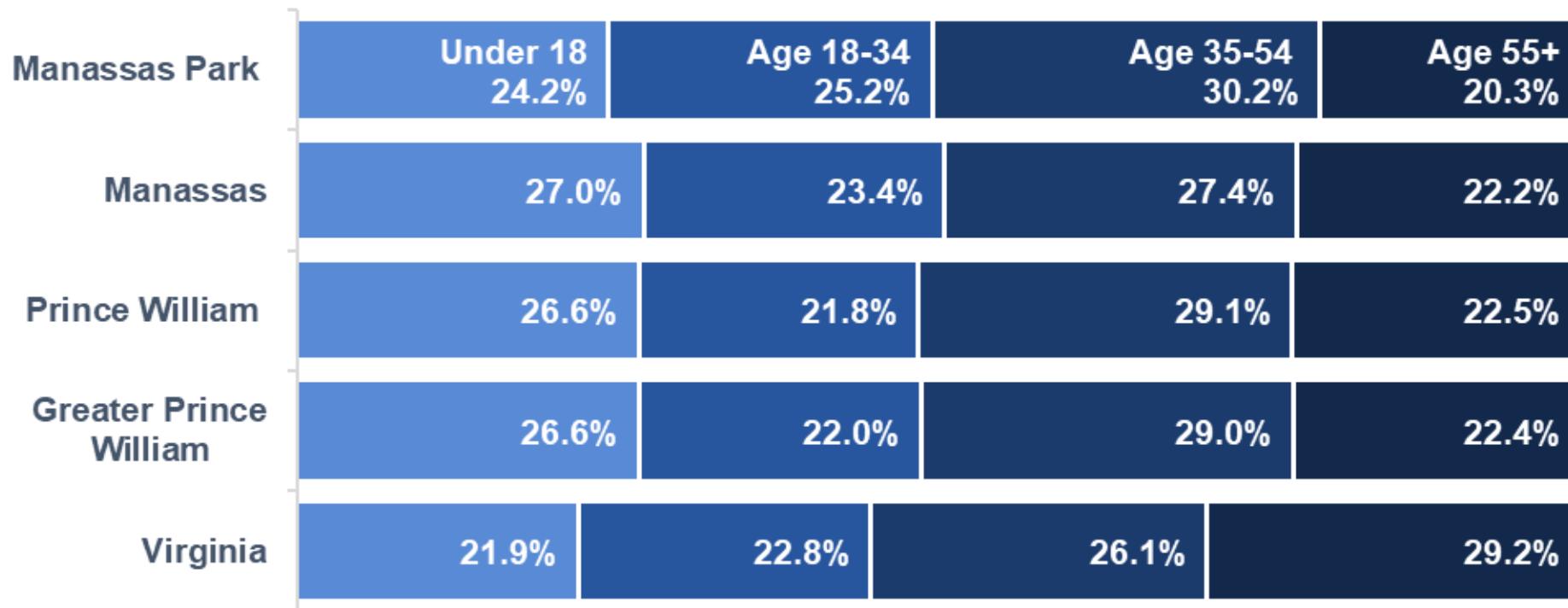
Demographic Data

Social Determinants of Health

Key Health Indicators

The area's population is slightly younger

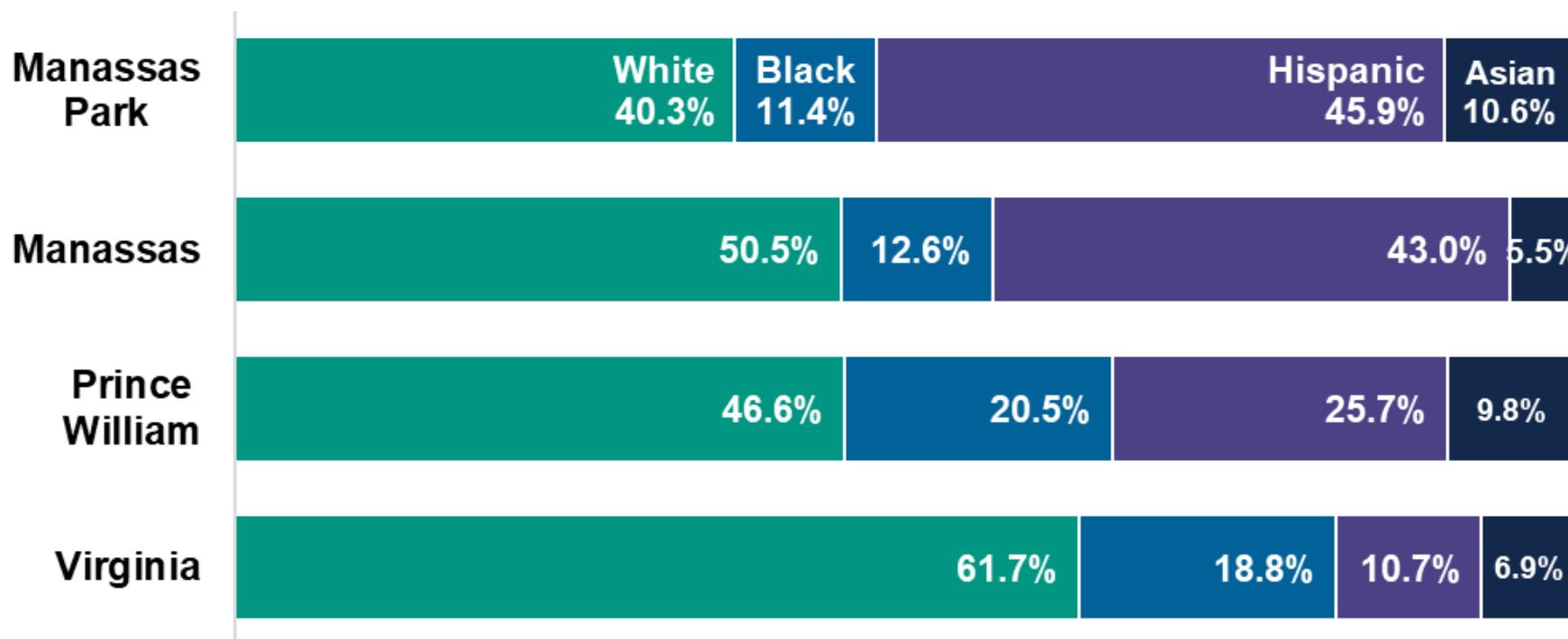
2019-2023 Population by Age



Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey (ACS). 2019-2023

Greater Prince William is more diverse than Virginia overall

2023 Racial and Ethnic Profile



Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau. American Community Survey (ACS). 2019-2023

According to the 2020 U.S. Census, Prince William County ranked the most diverse county in Virginia and the 10th most diverse county in the United States.



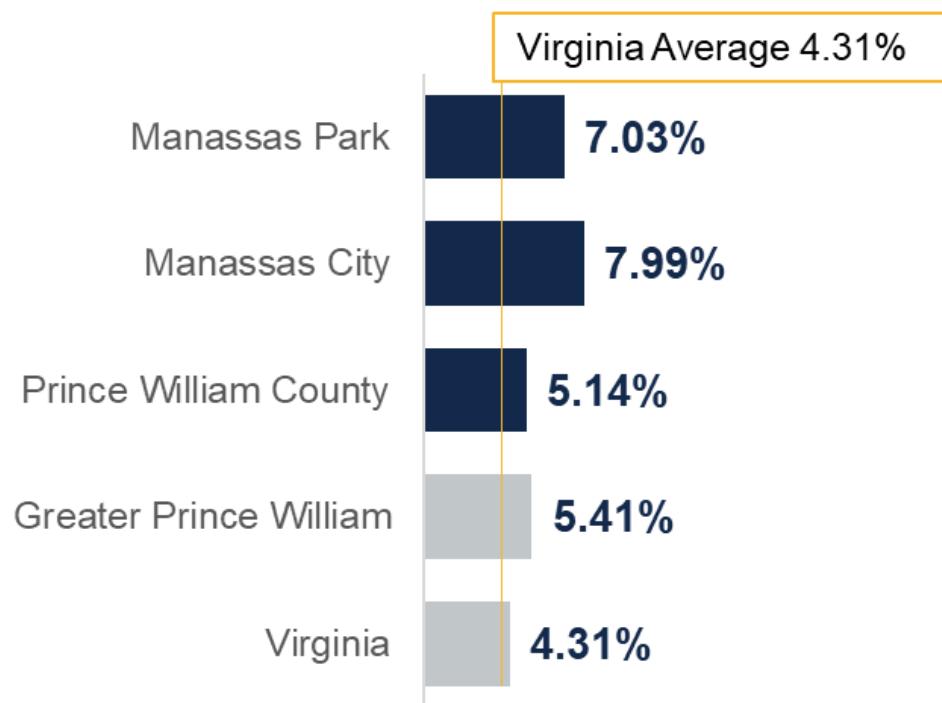
**Virginia Department of Education Student Home Language on Record, Fall 2024,
Number of Reported Students**

	Greater Prince William	Manassas City	Manassas Park City	Prince William County
Spanish	31,948	4,774	2,094	25,080
Urdu	1,967	58	34	1,875
Dari	1,766	5	21	1,740
Arabic	1,608	101	38	1,469
Farsi	1,015	69	24	922

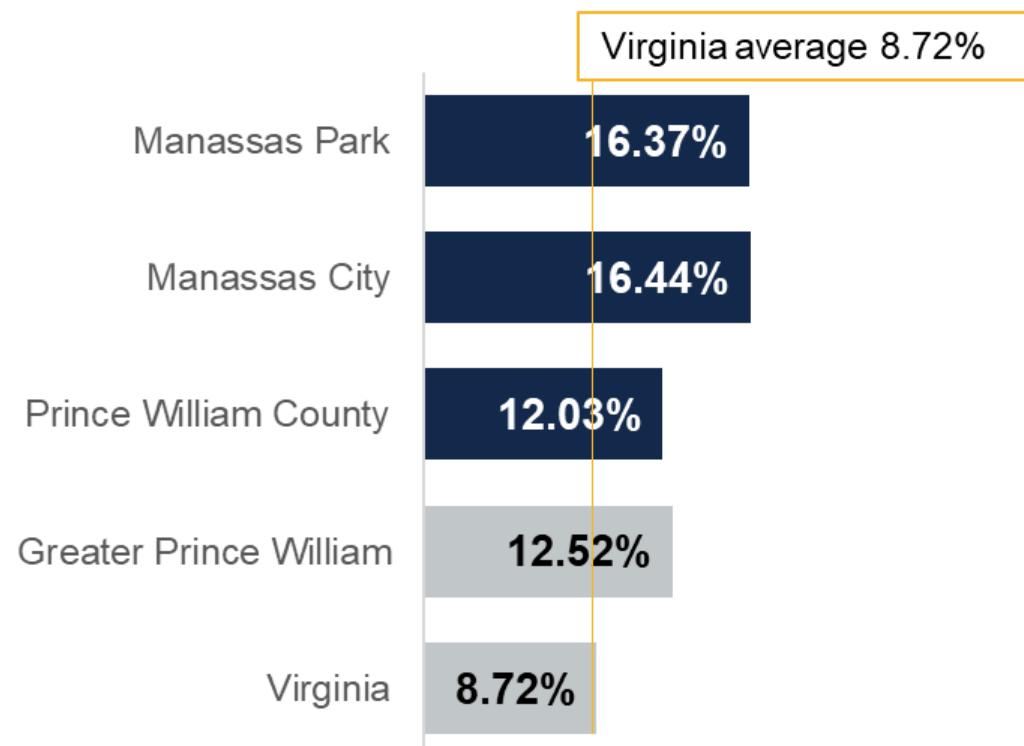
Data Source: Virginia Department of Education. (2024)

Greater Prince William has more uninsured children and adults compared to Virginia

Uninsured Children (ages 0-18) in Greater Prince William

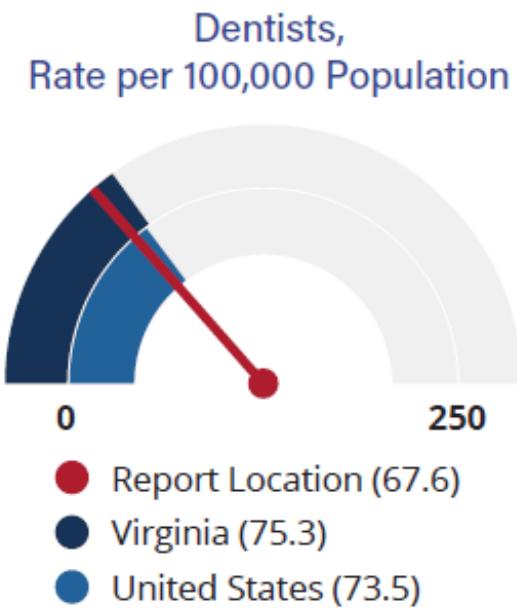
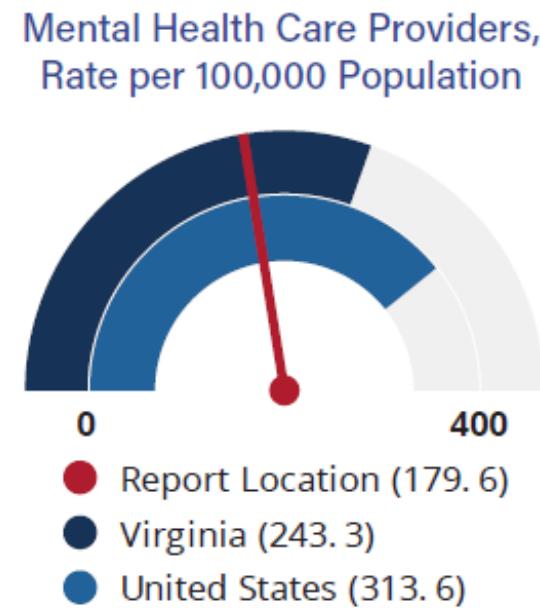
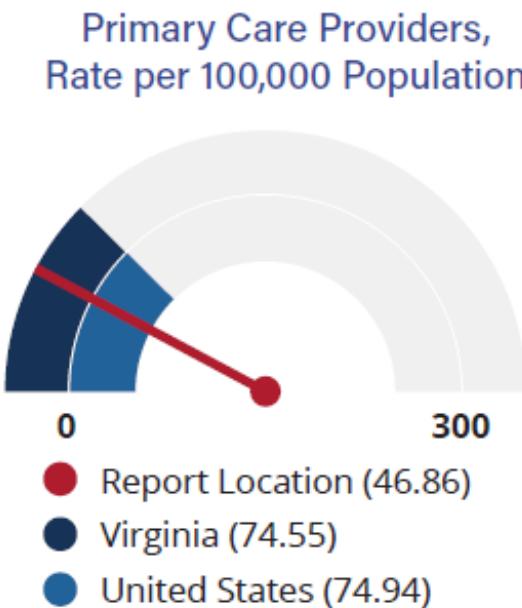


Uninsured adults (ages 19+) in Greater Prince William



Greater Prince William has fewer primary care providers, mental health providers, and dentists per capita than Virginia

Access to Healthcare Providers, 2022 and 2023



Data Source: [Virginia's Plan for Well-Being](#). Virginia Community Health Improvement Data Portal.

Health Status: Mortality & Chronic Disease

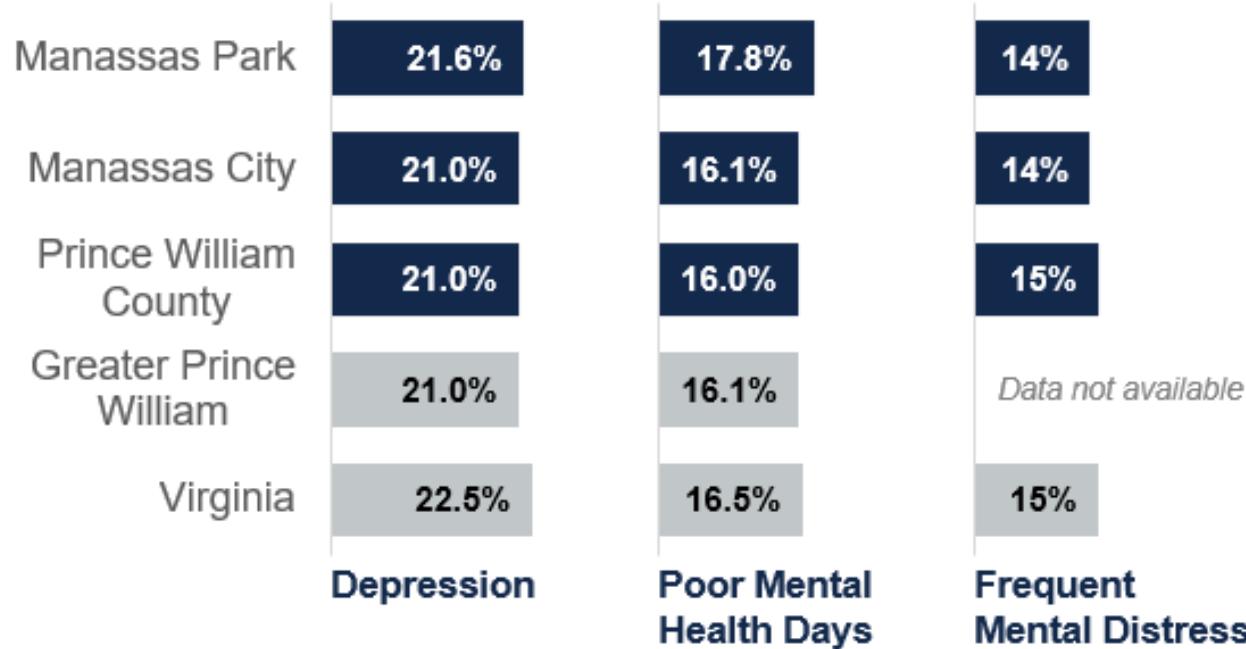
- cancer, heart disease, COVID-19, stroke, and chronic lower respiratory disease

Leading Causes of Death Overall, by Race/Ethnicity, 2021-2023			
White, Non-Hispanic	Black, Non-Hispanic	Asian, Non-Hispanic	Hispanic/Latino
Cancer	Cancer	Cancer	Cancer
Heart Disease	Heart Disease	Heart Disease	Heart Disease
COVID-19	Stroke	Stroke	COVID-19
Stroke	COVID-19	COVID-19	Unintentional Drug Overdose
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease	Unintentional Drug Overdose	Diabetes	Stroke
Diabetes	Diabetes	Kidney Disease	Chronic Liver Disease
Unintentional Drug Overdose	Kidney Disease	Flu and Pneumonia	Motor Vehicle Accidents
Alzheimer's Disease	Motor Vehicle Accidents	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease	Diabetes
Parkinson's Disease	Homicide	Suicide	Suicide
Kidney Disease	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	Transport Accidents	Kidney Disease

Mental and Behavioral Health

Just over one-fifth of the area's population (21%) reports depression, with 16% reporting poor mental health days.

2019-2023 Mental Health, Age 18+

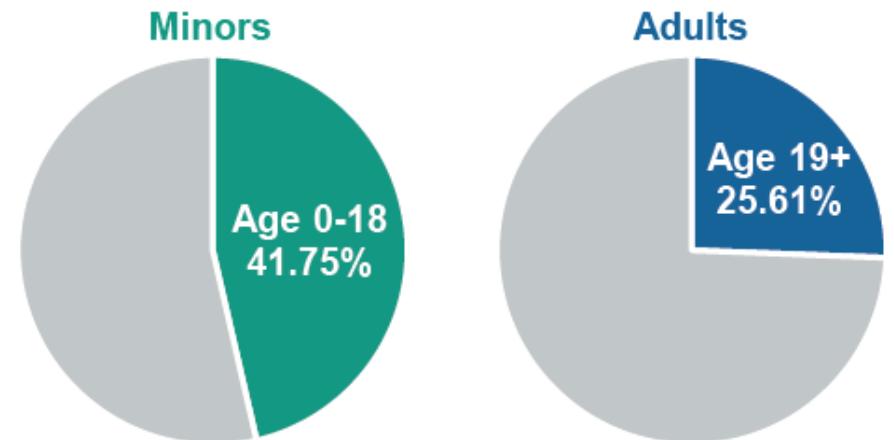


Data Source: [Virginia's Plan for Well-Being](#). Virginia Community Health Improvement Data Portal.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, [Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System](#). Accessed via the [PLACES Data Portal](#). 2022

Suicidal ideation was the cause of a startling rate of emergency department visits for minors (41.75%) compared to adults (25.61%)

2024 SNVMC Emergency Department Behavioral Health Visits



SNVMC Emergency Department Behavioral Health Visits, Top 4 Diagnosis, 2024

	Behavioral Health (Patient Frequency)	Suicidal Ideation	Schizophrenia, unspecified	Brief Psychotic Disorder	Unspecified Psychosis
Youth, 0-18	400	41.75%	0.25%	1.25%	1.50%
Adults, 19+	1,691	25.61%	6.62%	4.55%	3.67%



Sexually transmitted infections (STIs)

Area rates of gonorrhea increased from 2019 to 2023 though Virginia remained steady.

Syphilis incidence (per 100,000)

	2019	2023
11.2	Greater Prince William	15.7
15.1	Virginia	20.7

Gonorrhea incidence (per 100,000)

	2019	2023
85.4	Greater Prince William	132.7
159.8	Virginia	159.4

New HIV infections from 2019 to 2023 increased among women and youth.



29% of new HIV infections from 2019 to 2023
female



53% of new HIV infections from 2019 to 2023
15-34 years old



Maternal Health

More mothers in Greater Prince William had late or no prenatal care compared to Virginia.

12.2% Greater Prince William

5.1% Virginia

35.1% of live births in 2022 were to Medicaid eligible mothers.

35.1% Greater Prince William

33.8% Virginia



Data Source: Virginia Department of Health. [Maternal and Child Health Indicators](#). (2022)



Community Insight

Community Health Survey

Community Conversations

CHA Survey Responses (n=1,990)

- Of the total response surveys, 1,698 Prince William County, Manassas City, and Manassas Park residents responded to the survey in English, Spanish, or Dari.



Race/Ethnicity

We heard from a diverse range of racial and ethnic groups



*The survey had 11 race/ethnicity categories, including multi-race. Due to low responses in some categories, "Asian" includes those reporting South Asian and East/Southeast Asian.

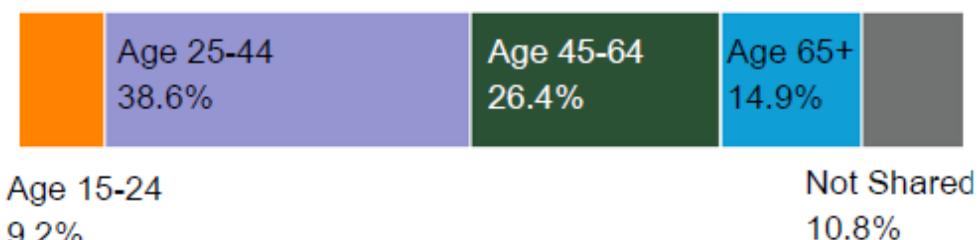
**Additional groups include those with fewer than 5% of responses, with the groups listed below. For a more detailed look at the data, please see Appendix C of the CHA.

- African
- American Indian/Alaska Native
- Another race/ethnicity not listed
- Middle Eastern/North African
- Multi Racial
- Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander



Age

We heard from people ages 15 to 75+



CHA Survey Responses (n=1,990)

“What are the biggest **HEALTH CONCERNS** in the community where you live?”

Overall top 3 most selected



Mental health



Chronic conditions



Dental problems

“Which **BEHAVIORS** need to be addressed in the community where you live?”



Eating unhealthy foods



Lack of exercise



Driving while drunk or high

“What would **most IMPROVE health** in the community where you live?”



Access to healthcare services



Affordable housing



Access to dental care

What are the **BIGGEST HEALTH CONCERNS** in the community where you live?

Rank	Overall Responses (n=1990)	Prince William County (n=1030)	City of Manassas (n=499)	City of Manassas Park (n=169)
1	Mental health (depression, anxiety)	Mental health (depression, anxiety)	Chronic conditions (cancer, diabetes)	Chronic conditions (cancer, diabetes)
2	Chronic conditions (cancer, diabetes)	Chronic conditions (cancer, diabetes)	Mental health (depression, anxiety)	Dental problems
3	Dental problems	Violence and crime in the community	Dental problems	Mental health (depression, anxiety)

Which **BEHAVIORS** need to be addressed in the community where you live?

Rank	Overall Responses (n=1990)	Prince William County (n=1030)	City of Manassas (n=499)	City of Manassas Park (n=169)
1	Eating unhealthy foods	Eating unhealthy foods	Eating unhealthy foods	Cannabis (marijuana) misuse
2	Lack of exercise	Lack of exercise	Driving while drunk or high	Alcohol misuse (excessive drinking)
3	Driving while drunk or high	Driving while drunk or high	Lack of exercise	Drinking sugary beverages

What would **MOST IMPROVE HEALTH** in the community where you live?

Rank	Overall Responses (n=1990)	Prince William County (n=1030)	City of Manassas (n=499)	City of Manassas Park (n=169)
1	Access to healthcare services	Access to healthcare services	Access to healthcare services	Access to healthcare services
2	Affordable housing	Affordable housing	Affordable housing	Affordable housing
3	Access to dental care	Affordable healthy food	Access to dental care	Access to dental care

Which BEHAVIORS need to be addressed in the community where you live?

Behavior Type	Count
Eating unhealthy foods	547
Lack of exercise	486
Driving while drunk or high	452
Bullying (physical, verbal, online)	404
Isolation or loneliness	367
Alcohol misuse (excessive drinking)	365
Drug use / prescription drug misuse	354
Domestic violence	352
Technology addiction	340
Cannabis (marijuana) misuse	311
Drinking sugary beverages	286
Vaping / e-cigarette use	270
Not being up-to-date on vaccines	185
Elder abuse or neglect	167
Not safely storing guns	162
Tobacco use (cigarettes, cigars, snuff)	150
Gaming and online gambling	110
Unsafe sex	81

BY AGE: Which BEHAVIORS need to be addressed in the community where you live?

Rank	Overall Responses (n=1990)	Age 15-24 (n=183)	Age 25-44 (n=769)	Age 45-64 (n=526)	Age 65-75+ (n=297)
1	Eating unhealthy foods	Eating unhealthy foods	Eating unhealthy foods	Eating unhealthy foods	Isolation or Loneliness
2	Lack of exercise	Driving while drunk or high	Lack of exercise	Lack of exercise	Lack of exercise
3	Driving while drunk or high	Bullying (physical, verbal, online)	Alcohol misuse (excessive drinking)	Driving while drunk or high	Driving while drunk or high

BY R/E: Which BEHAVIORS need to be addressed in the community where you live?

Rank	Overall Responses (n=1990)	White (n=553)	Hispanic or Latino (n=625)	Black or AA (n=165)	Other R/E* (n=394)
1	Eating unhealthy foods	Lack of exercise	Driving while drunk or high	Eating unhealthy foods	Eating unhealthy foods
2	Lack of exercise	Isolation or loneliness	Lack of exercise	Lack of exercise	Bullying (physical, verbal, online)
3	Driving while drunk or high	Eating unhealthy foods	Eating unhealthy foods	Domestic violence	Alcohol misuse (excessive drinking)

* Other race and ethnicity identified includes the following survey categories: African, American Indian or Alaska Native, East/Southeast Asian, Middle Eastern or North African, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, South Asian, Multi Racial with two or more categories selected, or Another race/ethnicity not listed.

Community Conversations

Who We Want to Hear From

- Residents from both the Eastern and Western parts of the Greater Prince William region
- Parents/Guardians of children
- LGBTQIA+ community members
- Seniors/Aging individuals
- Individuals in recovery
- Members of the Military and their Families
- Individuals living with disabilities
- Teens
- Individuals who speak English as a second language

17 Community Conversations

- Community Healthcare Coalition of Greater Prince William Members: Aug. 24, 2024
- [Casa BruMar Foundation](#): Sept. 28, 2024
- [Literacy Volunteers of America-Prince William](#): Nov. 20, 2024, Jan. 27 & 31, 2025
- [Dream in NOVA](#) (Spanish conversation): Dec. 4, 2024 & Jan. 29, 2025
- [Prince William Islamic Center](#): Jan. 3, 2025
- [Sentara Northern Virginia Medical Center](#): January 16, 2025
- [Manassas Muslim Association](#): Jan. 11, 2025
- [Arc of Greater Prince William](#) (Virtual): Jan. 24, 2025
- [Mason and Partners \(MAP\) Clinic](#): Jan. 28, 2025
- [PWC Office of Community Safety](#) & [Manassas Senior Center](#): Jan. 30, 2025
- [Equality Prince William](#): Feb. 5, 2025
- [Woodbridge Senior Center](#): Feb. 19, 2025
- Youth Community Conversation (Virtual): Feb. 25, 2025
- [NOVA Vets \(Northern Virginia Veterans Association\)](#) (Virtual): Feb. 28, 2025



Community Conversations (n=151)



Health & Social Services



Healthcare Access

Mental Health Support

“People without health insurance do not go to the doctors for regular checkups or when they are sick. People are afraid to lose their job if they ask permission to go to the doctor...”



Basic Needs & Economic Stability

Employment, Sustainable Wages, Job Stability

“Prioritizing basic needs makes it difficult to focus on aspects of health beyond physical well-being...”



Education & Awareness

Multilingual Communication and in Easy to Find Locations

“We live in times right now where we have a lot of information, but we don’t know how to use it.”

Need for translated materials and multiple ways to conduct outreach

“We live in times right now where we have a lot of information, but we don’t know how to use it.”

Need bilingual staff, cultural competence

“We have Spanish translators. But we need Arabic, Urdu, Persian.”

Community Conversations (n=151)



Community Connectedness & Engagement

Community Partnerships

“PWC Public Libraries offer more than just reading – they foster a welcoming atmosphere where kindness + safety are always felt.”



Safety & Environmental Concerns

Neighborhood Infrastructure & Complete Streets



“I’d wait for a bus for 3 hours and in rain it’s bad.”



Power & Social Policy Context

Opportunities for All to Participate and Thrive



“A healthy place would be friendly & free from hate, with places / activities for all.”

Immigrants, seniors, people with disabilities face service barriers

“For those with a developmental disability, or multiple disabilities, can be hard to access transportation or mental health services.”

Push for fair services for all groups

“Many of our Veterans are suffering. People do not understand how disconnected they are from technology and the accommodations that they need.”

Top 3 CHA Priority Health Issues



Improve access to behavioral health services



Expand resources to manage chronic conditions



Address social determinants of health

Feedback on Results

1. Which CHA results stood out the most to you?
2. What is your organization doing to address these top health concerns? **How can the Prevention Coalition and Community Healthcare Coalition of Greater Prince William build on those efforts?**

Share CHA Feedback

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Join the Coalition!

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**BE HEALTHY
BE HAPPY**

Community Healthcare Coalition Greater Prince William

BeHappyBeHealthyPrinceWilliam.com