# Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Health

RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH PROGRAM 109 Governor Street, Room 730 Richmond, Virginia 23218-2448 Office (804) 864-8150 Fax (804) 864-8165

# 2002

# ENVIRONMENTAL RADIATION PROGRAM

ANNUAL REPORT

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to acknowledge the following organizations and agencies that contributed to the environmental surveillance program:

- BWX Technologies Inc (Formerly Babcock and Wilcox Naval Nuclear Fuel Division)
- Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Dairy and Food Division
- Department of Conservation and Recreation Division of State Parks
- Department of Emergency Management Preparedness and Mitigation Division
- Department of General Services Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services
- Department of Health Division of Shellfish Sanitation
- Newport News Shipbuilding & Drydock Company
- U. S. Norfolk Naval Shipyard
- Dominion Virginia Power

#### VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

# ENVIRONMENTAL RADIATION SURVEILLANCE DATA ANNUAL REPORT 2002

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BWX TECHNOLOGIES, INC.	Formerly Babcock & Wilcox)

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# FOREWORD

The Radiological Health Program conducts an extensive environmental radiological monitoring program around nuclear facilities in the Commonwealth of Virginia to determine compliance with applicable federal and state regulations and guidelines.

Sampling locations are primarily located around the two nuclear power stations in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

- (1) North Anna power Station, Louisa County, Virginia
- (2) Surry power Station, Surry County, Virginia

Sampling locations are also present at:

- (3) BWX Technologies, Inc., Lynchburg, Virginia
- (4) Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company, Newport News, Virginia
- (5) Norfolk Naval Shipyard, Portsmouth, Virginia

Samples are also collected at various control locations. This data can be compared to data for samples collected at plant environs. This provides a comparison between naturally occurring radiation and any radiological deposition resulting from nuclear power plant operation or radioactive fallout.

All State samples (with two exceptions) are analyzed by Consolidated Laboratories of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

All the data, with the exception of higher than normal tritium levels in Lake Anna, fell within normal expected levels.

This report represents a compilation of all samples collected between January 1, 2002 and December 31, 2002.

Tritium, air particulate and radiogas analysis are performed by The Radiological Health Mobile Laboratory. Thermoluminescent dosimeter readings (ambient gamma exposure) are calculated by the Radiological Health Staff.

# PREFACE

The Radiological Health Program conducts an extensive environmental monitoring program of radiological conditions around certain fixed nuclear facilities in the Commonwealth of Virginia to provide an independent assessment of each facility's compliance with applicable federal and state regulations. Each of these fixed nuclear facilities has it's own routine surveillance program. The objectives of a routine surveillance program includes:

a) Providing information useful In assessing the adequacy of protection of the public;

- b) Meeting requirements of regulatory agencies;
- c) Verifying radionuclide containment and plant waste management practices;
- d) Meeting legal liability obligations; and
- e) Providing public assurance and acceptance (NCRP, 1976).

In addition to these stated objectives, the RHP as identified other objectives such as;

- a) Maintenance of a database of background radionuclide levels and trends to assist with the assessment of other environmental data;
- b) Identification of radiological releases not associated with the licensed facility; and
- c) Maintenance of equipment and proficiency of capabilities used in emergency preparedness and response activities.

Part of this work is funded by the Virginia Department of Emergency Management.

This report is distributed to the licensee, as well as state and local agencies, which have a direct interest in the results. Single copies of this report are available by contacting:

Virginia Department of Health Radiological Health Program P.O. Box 2448, Room 240 Richmond, Virginia 23218 (804) 786-5932

You are invited to submit any comments or questions regarding this report to the Radiological Health Program.

Leslie P. Foldesi, M.S., CHP Director Radiological Health Program

NCRP (1976) National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, Environmental *Radiation Measurements*, NCRP Report No. 50, National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, Washington.

# SAMPLING PROGRAM

The Radiological Health Program maintains an environmental surveillance program with primary focus on the environs of the nuclear power facilities in Virginia. The objectives of this radiological monitoring program are:

- (1) To detect and measure radioactive releases during routine nuclear plant operation.
- (2) To detect and measure releases during abnormal events occurring at nuclear facilities.
- (3) To measure reconcentration of radioactive effluents in the environment particularly in human exposure pathways.
- (4) To provide an independent means of verification of utility release reports.

These objectives are achieved through continuous sampling of air and ambient radiation, as well as, periodic sampling of water, milk, vegetation, fish, shellfish, etc. Details on sample locations and frequencies are outlined in Appendix III of this report.

A brief description of each sampling medium follows:

#### AIR PARTICULATE AND RADIOGAS

Stationary air samplers are utilized at the Surry Power Station, the North Anna Power Station, and one control location at Pocahontas State Park. Pumps run approximately 168 hours per week at an average flow rate of 40 cubic feet per hour. All samplers are continuously equipped with a charcoal filter. Air particulate filters are used at every sampling location to measure any radioactive particulates. All stations except the control station duplicate utility stations. At BWX Technologies, Inc there is one air sampler located on site. This air pump is equipped with air particulate filters and run approximately 168 hours per week with an average flow rate of 55 cubic feet per hour.

Each quarterly air particulate filter is analyzed for a gross beta activity.

Charcoal filters are analyzed quarterly for gamma activity with special emphasis on I-131 retention.

Samples obtained from BWX Technologies, Inc. undergo gross alpha analysis following each filter change.

### FISH

Fish samples are collected annually in Lake Anna near the North Anna Power Station. Each sample consists of approximately one kilogram of flesh from either catfish, sunfish, bass or bluegill.

All fish samples are counted for gamma activity with data based on wet weight.

### MILK

Raw milk samples are collected quarterly from a dairy around each reactor site. Each sample consists of one gallon of raw milk with no preservatives added. Raw milk is a primary indicator of radioiodine incorporation in the food chain.

All milk samples are counted for gamma activity and analyzed quarterly for Strontium-89 & 90 and are radiochemically separated for I-131.

### SHELLFISH

Shellfish are collected as a part of the environmental surveillance program around Surry Power Station. Samples consisting of one kilogram of flesh are collected annually and are indicators of incorporation of radioactivity in the food chain.

All shellfish samples are counted for gamma activity with data based on activity per unit of wet weight.

## SILT

Silt is collected annually at each nuclear power station's discharge. Each sample consists of one kilogram of surface sediment and is an indicator of radioactive deposition in sediment.

A one kilogram silt sample is collected annually at B&W's equalization pond.

Silt is collected quarterly at Norfolk Naval Shipyard on the Elizabeth River to ensure that shipyard operations result in minimal radioactive effluents. Silt is also collected quarterly at Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock (NNSD) Company on the James River to ensure that NNSD operations result in minimal radioactive deposition.

Silt samples are counted for gamma activity and gross beta activity with data based on activity per unit of dry weight.

### SOIL

Two soil samples are collected at the BWX facility. One sample is located at the eastern site boundary and the other is a control location 5 miles southwest of the plant site, off Route 460. These samples are collected annually. Samples obtained undergo uranium separation followed by alpha analysis.

# VEGETATION

Green leafy vegetation is collected from home gardens near each nuclear power facility. Samples of one kilogram of kale or cabbage are collected annually at harvest. These samples would indicate incorporation of radioactivity in edible vegetation.

Vegetation is counted for gamma activity with data based on activity per unit wet weight.

Two vegetation samples are collected at BWX. These consist of one kilogram of grass from the eastern site boundary and one control location at the Department of Agricultures Animal Health Laboratory, located 5 miles southwest of the plant site. These samples are collected annually and undergo uranium separation followed by alpha analysis.

## SURFACE WATER

Surface water is collected quarterly at each nuclear power facility. One gallon samples of station discharge and an upstream control are collected. These samples provide data on radioactive effluents.

Two surface water samples are collected at BWX Technologies, Inc. on an annual basis. One is located downstream at the site boundary and the other is a control location six miles upstream at a bridge. Samples undergo uranium separation followed by alpha counting. Surface water is also collected quarterly at Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company (NNSBD) on the James River and quarterly from Norfolk Naval Shipyard (NNSY) on the Elizabeth River to ensure that shipyard operations result in minimal radioactive effluents.

## AMBIENT GAMMA EXPOSURE (TLD)

Ambient gamma exposure readings are based on a mR/Quarter reading for certain locations using thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLD). Calcium fluoride and Lithium fluoride dosimeters are used. There are twelve TLD stations surrounding North Anna Power Station and sixteen stations surrounding Surry Power Station. One control TLD station is located at Pocahontas State Park. Several stations at each site duplicate utility stations.

The TLD's are read quarterly for net exposure during time in field.

# Sources of Radioactivity in the Environment

Radioactivity from natural sources is found everywhere. Naturally occurring radioactivity comes from the decay of primordial terrestrial sources such as uranium and thorium. Other sources are continually produced in our upper atmosphere through interactions of atoms with cosmic rays. These naturally occurring sources produce the background levels of radioactivity.

In the past century, environmental radiation levels have been influenced by human practices using or manufacturing radioactive materials. Such practices include the use of radioactive materials in the healing arts, uranium mining and milling operations, nuclear power generation, nuclear weapons manufacturing and testing, storage and disposal of nuclear weapons.

Background radiation levels were most altered by residual fallout from nuclear weapons testing. The United States ceased atmospheric testing following adoption of the 1963 Nuclear Test Ban Treaty. Only long-lived fallout radionuclides remain.

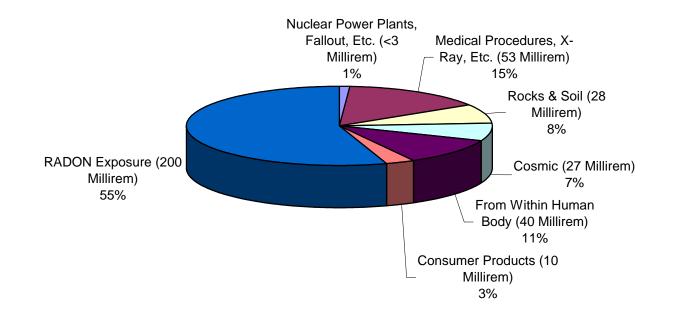
# **Doses to the Public**

The primary source of radiation dose received by the general public is due to radon exposure (See Figure 1 next page). The average individual receives approximately 200 mrem/year from radon and less than 1 mrem/year from nuclear facilities. Another 158 mrem/year are received from other natural sources and medical procedures. The total average whole body dose nationwide is approximately 360 mrem/year.

Inherent in all standards for radiation control is the philosophy of limiting exposure to levels "AS LOW AS REASONABLY ACHIEVABLE" (ALARA). In practice, this philosophy continues to result in the very low average doses to the public from nuclear facilities cited earlier. The monitoring program maintained by the Radiological Health Program continues to verify compliance to these standards.

#### FIGURE 1. SOURCES OF RADIATION EXPOSURE

Source: National Council on Radiation Protection & Measurement; Estimated Annual Dose of 360 Millirem for an Average Person



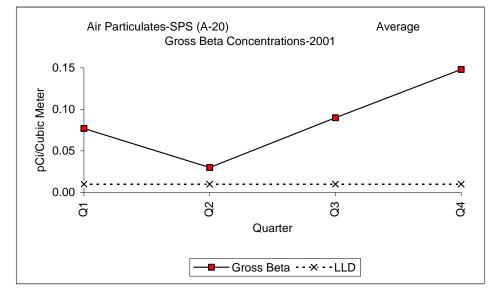
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# North Anna and Surry Nuclear Power Stations & Other Selected Locations

#### **AIR PARTICULATE**

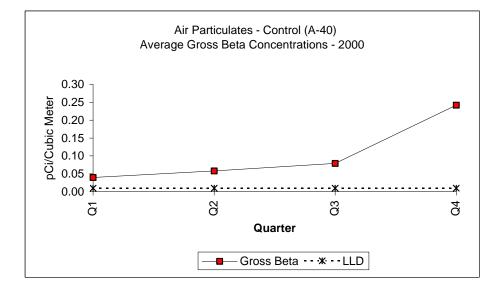
Ja ANNUAL REPORT 2002	anuary 1, 2002	through December 31, 20	002
		Date	Gross Beta Activity
Location	Station	Start Stop	pCi/meter3
Surry Power Station	A-20	12/27/01 - 01/08/02	0.08 +/- 0.01
Surry Power Station	A-20	03/28/02 - 04/04/02	0.03 +/- 0.01
Surry Power Station	A-20	07/03/02 - 07/11/02	0.01 +/- 0.01
Surry Power Station	A-20	10/03/02 - 10/10/02	0.15 +/- 0.01



#### **AIR PARTICULATE**

January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2002

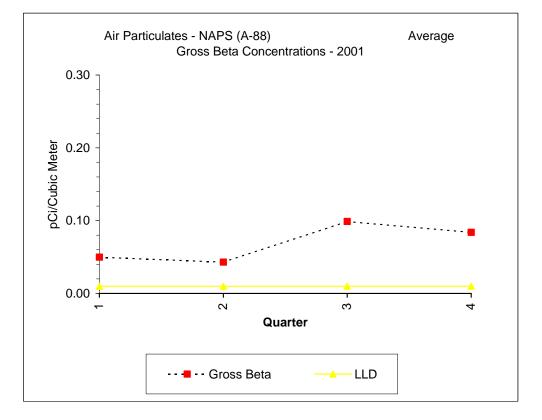
Ja ANNUAL REPORT 2002	anuary 1, 200	2 through December 31,	2002
Location	Station	Date Start Stop	Gross Beta Activity pCi/meter3
Pocahontas State Park	A-40	12/27/02 - 01/09/02	0.04 +/- 0.01
Pocahontas State Park	A-40	03/28/02 - 04/05/02	0.06 +/- 0.01
Pocahontas State Park	A-40	07/02/02 - 07/11/02	0.08 +/- 0.01
Pocahontas State Park	A-40	10/03/02 - 10/10/02	0.24 +/- 0.01



#### AIR PARTICULATE

January 01, 2002 through December 31, 2002

ANNUAL REPORT 2002		,	
Location	Station	Date Start Stop	Gross Beta Activity pCi/meter3
Louisa County Rt. 701	A-88	12/26/02 - 01/02/0	
Louisa County Rt. 701	A-88	03/28/02 - 04/04/0	02 0.04 +/- 0.01
Louisa County Rt. 701	A-88	07/01/02 - 07/08/0	02 0.10 +/- 0.01
Louisa County Rt. 701	A-88	10/02/02 - 10/09/0	0.08 +/- 0.01



# AIR PARTICULATE GAMMA COMPOSITE

ANNUAL REPORT 2002				
Location	Quarte	<u>c</u> s-134	<u>Ci/m3</u> Cs-137	
Surry Power Station A-20	1st	<0.004	<0.003	
Surry Power Station A-20	2nd	<0.003	<0.003	
Pocahontas State Park A-40	1st	<0.004	<0.003	
Pocahontas State Park A-40	2nd	<0.003	<0.004	
Louisa County Rt. 700 A-88	1st	<0.004	<0.004	
Louisa County Rt. 700 A-88	2nd	<0.004	<0.004	

### AMBIENT GAMMA EXPOSURE (THERMOLUMINESCENT DOSIMETERS)

January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2002

ANNUAL REPORT 2002			
Location	Station	Quarter	Net Exposure Rate mR/Std. Qtr +/- 2 S.D.
Surry Power Station	D-20	1st	19.6 +/- 1.9
Surry Power Station	D-20	2nd	17.9 +/- 1.8
Surry Power Station	D-20	3rd	12.3 +/- 1.2
Surry Power Station	D-20	4th	16.9 +/- 1.7
Surry I Ower Station	D-20	401	10:3 +/- 1:/
North Anna Power Station	D-35	1st	17.3 +/- 1.7
North Anna Power Station	D-35	2nd	(1)
North Anna Power Station	D-35	3rd	13.3 +/- 1.3
North Anna Power Station	D-35	4th	23.9 +/- 2.3
Pocahontas State Park	D-40	1st	19.1 +/- 1.9
Pocahontas State Park	D-40	2nd	19.2 +/- 1.9
Pocahontas State Park	D-40	3rd	15.7 +/- 1.5
Pocahontas State Park	D-40	4th	21.9 +/- 2.2
Surry-Lebanon Baptist Church	D-41	1st	10.5 +/- 1.0
Surry-Lebanon Baptist Church	D-41	2nd	12.5 +/- 1.2
Surry-Lebanon Baptist Church	D-41	3rd	10.1 +/- 1.0
Surry-Lebanon Baptist Church	D-41	4th	13.6 +/- 1.3
Surry-Lebanon Baptist Church	D-41	401	13:0 +/- 1:3
Surry Lawnes Creek	D-42	1st	13.3 +/- 1.3
Surry Lawnes Creek	D-42	2nd	(2)
Surry Lawnes Creek	D-42	3rd	11.4 +/- 1.1
Surry Lawnes Creek	D-42	4th	15.5 +/- 1.5
Curry Dt. COO	D 42	1.01	10.0 . / 1.0
Surry Rt. 628	D-43	1st	10.0 +/- 1.0
Surry Rt. 628	D-43	2nd	12.0 +/- 1.2
Surry Rt. 628	D-43	3rd	7.3 +/- 0.7
Surry Rt. 628	D-43	4th	18.4 +/- 1.8
Jamestown	D-44	1st	11.4 +/- 1.1
Jamestown	D-44	2nd	16.1 +/- 1.6
Jamestown	D-44	3rd	9.0 +/- 0.9
Jamestown	D-44	4th	16.2 +/- 1.6
	DII	-141	10.2 1, 1.0
Newport News-Lee Hall	D-45	1st	12.4 +/- 1.2
Newport News-Lee Hall	D-45	2nd	13.1 +/- 1.3
Newport News-Lee Hall	D-45	3rd	10.9 +/- 1.1
Newport News-Lee Hall	D-45	4th	(1)
Louisa Co. Mineral	D-50	1st	23.4 +/- 2.3
Louisa Co. Mineral	D-50 D-50	2nd	23.4 +/- 2.3 18.2 +/- 1.8
Louisa Co. Mineral Louisa Co. Mineral	D-50 D-50	3rd	12.3 +/- 1.2
	1 /=***1 /	.51(1	
Louisa Co. Mineral	D-50	4th	(1)

(1) = TLD not readable(2) = Data lost

### AMBIENT GAMMA EXPOSURE (THERMOLUMINESCENT DOSIMETERS)

January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2002

ANNUAL REPORT 2002	January 1, 200	D2 through Dece	mber 31, 2002
Location	Station	Quarter	Net Exposure Rate mR/Std. Qtr +/- 2 S.D.
Louisa CoWares Cross	D-51	1st	10.3 +/- 1.0
Louisa CoWares Cross	D-51	2nd	5.0 +/- 0.5
Louisa CoWares Cross	D-51	3rd	10.3 +/- 1.0
Louisa CoWares Cross	D-51	4th	11.7 +/- 1.2
Spotsylvania-GH Church	D-52	1st	11.2 +/- 1.1
Spotsylvania-GH Church	D-52	2nd	2.1 +/- 0.2
Spotsylvania-GH Church	D-52	3rd	11.5 +/- 1.1
Spotsylvania-GH Church	D-52	4th	18.5 +/- 1.8
Spotsylvania Rt. 614	D-53	1st	13.7 +/- 1.3
Spotsylvania Rt. 614	D-53	2nd	4.7 +/- 0.5
Spotsylvania Rt. 614	D-53	3rd	12.5 +/- 1.2
Spotsylvania Rt. 614	D-53	4th	17.6 +/- 1.7
Louisa Co. Fred Hall	D-54	1st	11.2 +/- 1.1
Louisa Co. Fred Hall	D-54	2nd	2.4 +/- 0.2
Louisa Co. Fred Hall	D-54	3rd	16.5 +/- 1.6
Louisa Co. Fred Hall	D-54	4th	(1)
Naval Weapons Station I	D-73	1st	17.6 +/- 1.7
Naval Weapons Station I	D-73	2nd	11.7 +/- 1.2
Naval Weapons Station I	D-73	3rd	14.2 +/- 1.4
Naval Weapons Station I	D-73	4th	(1)
Newport News-Fort Eustis	D-76	1st	10.4 +/- 1.0
Newport News-Fort Eustis	D-76	2nd	12.7 +/- 1.3
Newport News-Fort Eustis	D-76	3rd	9.3 +/- 0.9
Newport News-Fort Eustis	D-76	4th	21.4 +/- 2.1
Williamsburg Busch Gardens	D-77	1st	12.4 +/- 1.2
Williamsburg Busch Gardens	D-77	2nd	12.7 +/- 1.2
Williamsburg Busch Gardens	D-77	3rd	8.8 +/- 0.9
Williamsburg Busch Gardens	D-77	4th	13.8 +/- 1.4
Williamsburg Airport	D-78	1st	10.0 +/- 1.0
Williamsburg Airport	D-78	2nd	13.2 +/- 1.3
Williamsburg Airport	D-78	3rd	8.5 +/- 0.8
Williamsburg Airport	D-78	4th	(1)

(1) = TLD not readable

### **AMBIENT GAMMA EXPOSURE** (THERMOLUMINESCENT DOSIMETERS)

January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2002

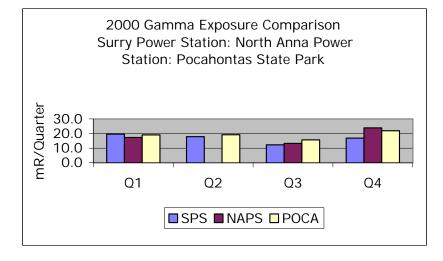
ANNUAL REPORT 2002	January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2002			January 1, 2002 through Decer		ember 31, 2002
Location	Station	Quarter	Net Exposure Rate mR/Std. Qtr +/- 2 S.D.			
Surry Scotland Wharf	D-79	1st	7.6 +/- 0.7			
Surry Scotland Wharf	D-79	2nd	9.1 +/- 0.9			
Surry Scotland Wharf	D-79	3rd	5.7 +/- 0.6			
Surry Scotland Wharf	D-79	4th	10.0 +/- 1.0			
Surry Bacon's Castle	D-80	1st	12.8 +/- 1.3			
Surry Bacon's Castle	D-80	2nd	(2)			
Surry Bacon's Castle	D-80	3rd	9.5 +/- 0.9			
Surry Bacon's Castle	D-80	4th	19.1 +/- 1.9			
Surry - Alliance	D-81	1st	9.5 +/- 0.9			
Surry - Alliance	D-81	2nd	11.4 +/- 1.1			
Surry - Alliance	D-81	3rd	7.1 +/- 0.7			
Surry - Alliance	D-81	4th	13.3 +/- 1.3			
Surry Hog Point	D-82	1st	15.8 +/- 1.6			
Surry Hog Point	D-82	2nd	14.6 +/- 1.4			
Surry Hog Point	D-82	3rd	9.9 +/- 1.0			
Surry Hog Point	D-82	4th	14.6 +/- 1.4			
Louisa Co. Rt. 685	D-84	1st	12.2 +/- 1.2			
Louisa Co. Rt. 685	D-84	2nd	2.2 +/- 0.2			
Louisa Co. Rt. 685	D-84	3rd	9.2 +/- 0.9			
Louisa Co. Rt. 685	D-84	4th	(1)			
Spotsylvania Rt. 713	D-85	1st	10.6 +/- 1.0			
Spotsylvania Rt. 713	D-85	2nd	3.0 +/- 0.3			
Spotsylvania Rt. 713	D-85	3rd	7.3 +/- 0.7			
Spotsylvania Rt. 713	D-85	4th	14.2 +/- 1.4			
Louisa Co. Bumpass	D-86	1st	11.3 +/- 1.1			
Louisa Co. Bumpass	D-86	2nd	2.3 +/- 0.2			
Louisa Co. Bumpass	D-86	3rd	10.6 +/- 1.0			
Louisa Co. Bumpass	D-86	4th	17.5 +/- 1.7			
Spotsylvania-Levy	D-87	1st	12.2 +/- 1.2			
Spotsylvania-Levy	D-87	2nd	6.1 +/- 0.6			
Spotsylvania-Levy	D-87	3rd	14.6 +/- 1.4			
Spotsylvania-Levy	D-87	4th	23.4 +/- 2.3			
opologivania-Levy	0-07		20.4 4/- 2.0			

(1) = TLD missing (2) = Data lost

#### AMBIENT GAMMA EXPOSURE (THERMOLUMINESCENT DOSIMETERS)

January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2002

ANNUAL REPORT 2002	January 1, 200	2 through Dece	
Location	Station	Quarter	Net Exposure Rate mR/Std. Qtr +/- 2 S.D.
Louisa Co. Rt. 700	D-88	1st	10.0 +/- 1.0
Louisa Co. Rt. 700	D-88	2nd	2.0 +/- 0.2
Louisa Co. Rt. 700	D-88	3rd	10.5 +/- 1.0
Louisa Co. Rt. 700	D-88	4th	18.2 +/- 1.8
Louisa Co. Aspen Hill	D-89	1st	15.6 +/- 1.5
Louisa Co. Aspen Hill	D-89	2nd	4.2 +/- 0.4
Louisa Co. Aspen Hill	D-89	3rd	13.6 +/- 1.3
Louisa Co. Aspen Hill	D-89	4th	21.2 +/- 2.1



#### FISH

Location Name	Date	Isotope	pCi/gram
North Anna Lake Second Cooling Lagoon F-24 (Catfish)	02/14/02	Cs-134 Cs-137 Co-58 Co-60 I-131 Fe-59 Mn-54 Zn-65 Ru-106	<0.01 0.02 +/- 0.01 <0.01 <0.03 <0.02 <0.01 <0.02 <0.01 <0.02 <0.06
North Anna Lake Second Cooling Lagoon F-24 (Sunfish, Blue gill)	08/28/02	Cs-134 Cs-137 Co-58 Co-60 I-131 Fe-59 Mn-54 Zn-65 Ru-106	<0.01 0.02 +/- 0.01 <0.02 <0.01 <2.2 <0.04 <0.01 <0.02 <0.09

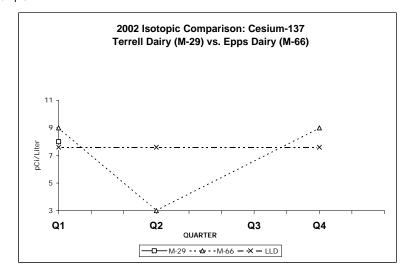
#### January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2002

#### MILK

ANNUAL REPOR	T 2002	January	1, 2002 throug	h December 31, 2			
Location Name	Date	Isotope	Results pCi/Liter	Location Name	Date	Isotope	Results pCi/Liter
Louisa County Terrell Dairy M-29	03/20/02	I-131 (1) BaLa-140 Cs-134 Cs-137 Sr-89 Sr-90	0.0 +/- 0.4 <11 <8 <8 <4 0.6 +/- 0.6	Surry County Epps Dairy M-66	03/26/02	I-131 (1) BaLa-140 Cs-134 Cs-137 Sr-89 Sr-90	0.0 +/- 0.4 <8 <9 <9 <4 0.2 +/- 0.5
Louisa County Terrell Dairy M-29	06/20/02	NS		Surry County Epps Dairy M-66	06/27/02	I-131 (1) BaLa-140 Cs-134 Cs-137 Sr-89 Sr-90	0.0 +/- 0.3 <6 <4 <3 <4 1.45 +/- 0.65
Louisa County Terrell Dairy M-29	09/19/02	NS		Surry County Epps Dairy M-66	NS		
Louisa County Terrell Dairy M-29		NS		Surry County Epps Dairy M-66	12/18/02	I-131 BaLa-140 Cs-134 Cs-137 Sr-89 Sr-90	0.0+/- 0.2 <8 <8 <9 <4 1.73 +/- 0.7

Sampling on a Quarterly Basis (1) = Radiochemical Analysis for I-131

NS = No Sample



#### RADIOGAS

January 1, 2002 through December 31,2002 ANNUAL REPORT 2002 Date I-131 Activity Station Location Start Stop pCi/meter<sup>3</sup> 12/27/01 - 01/08/02 Surry Power Station C-20 <0.05 Surry Power Station C-20 03/28/02 - 04/04/02 <0.06 Surry Power Station 06/29/02 - 07/06/02 C-20 <0.09 Surry Power Station 09/27/02 - 10/04/02 C-20 <0.11

### RADIOGAS

January 1, 2002 through December 31,2002 ANNUAL REPORT 2002

ANNUAL REPORT 2002		Date	I-131 Activity
Location	Station	Start Stop	pCi/meter <sup>3</sup>
Pocahontas State Park	C-40	12/27/01 - 01/09/02	<0.06
Pocahontas State Park	C-40	03/28/02 - 04/04/02	<0.11
Pocahontas State Park	C-40	07/03/02 - 07/11/02	<0.10
Pocahontas State Park	C-40	10/03/02 - 10/10/02	<0.12

### RADIOGAS

January 1, 2002 through December 31,2002 ANNUAL REPORT 2002

		Date	I-131 Activity
Location	Station	Start Stop	pCi/meter <sup>3</sup>
Louisa County Rt. 700	C-88	12/26/01 - 01/02/02	<0.19
Louisa County Rt. 700	C-88	03/27/02 - 04/03/02	<0.10
Louisa County Rt. 700	C-88	06/28/02 - 07/05/02	<0.16
Louisa County Rt. 700	C-88	09/26/02 - 10/03/02	<0.10

### SHELLFISH

January 1, 2002 through December 31,2002 ANNUAL REPORT 2002											
Location	Date Collected	Distance & Direction	Activity : p	Ci/gram (wet wt.)							
R-17 James River Mouth of Canal	09/26/02	0.5 Miles East	Ba-140 Cs-137 I-131 Rh-106 Zn-65 Zr-95	<.03 <.01 <.06 <.07 <.02 <.02							

### SILT

ANNUAL REPORT 2002	U	
Location	Date Collected	Gross Beta pCi/Gram of Silt
James River	01/30/02	25.3 +/- 3.9
Pier 1	04/29/02	29.8 +/- 3.0
NNSBD (1)	09/14/02	27.4 +/- 2.4
S-15A	11/21/02	17.7 +/- 2.4
James River	01/30/02	21.4 +/- 3.6
Shipway II	04/29/02	27.1 +/- 2.8
NNSBD (1)	09/14/02	27.4 +/- 2.9
S-16	11/21/02	28.6 +/- 3.9

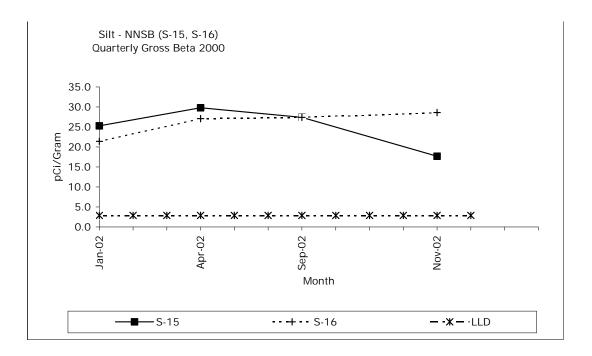
January 1, 2002 through December 31,2002

(1) = Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock

# Virginia Department of Health

# SILT

JANUARY 1, 2002 through December 31,2002 ANNUAL REPORT 2002



# SILT

ANNUAL REPOR	T 2002	candary	01,2002 11003				
Location	Date Collected	Cs-134	Gamma Ac Cs-137	tivity pCi/( Co-58			Gross Alpha pCi/Gram (dry)
Drydock #8	01/30/02	<0.01	0.03 +/- 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	11.1 +/- 6.8	34.3 +/- 4.5
Norfolk Naval	04/29/02	<0.01	0.03 +/- 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	33.9 +/- 4.5	19.2 +/- 7.7
Shipyard	09/04/02	<0.01	0.03 +/- 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	32.9 +/- 4.5	11.8 +/- 7.0
S-18	11/21/02	<0.01	0.03 +/- 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	30.0 +/- 4.2	5.5 +/- 5.8
Drydock #4	01/30/02	<0.01	0.03+/- 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	12.6 +/- 7.0	28.0 +/- 4.1
Norfolk Naval	04/29/02	<0.01	0.03 +/- 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	28.5 +/- 4.1	14.8 +/- 7.0
Shipyard	09/04/02	<0.01	0.03 +/- 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	25.6 +/- 3.9	14.2 +/- 7.3
S-19	11/21/02	<0.01	0.03 +/- 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	29.9 +/- 4.2	7.1 +/- 6.1
Wetslip #1	01/30/02	<0.01	0.04 +/- 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	6.0 +/- 5.4	24.8 +/- 3.4
Norfolk Naval	04/29/02	<0.01	0.04 +/- 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	27.1 +/- 4.0	16.4 +/- 7.3
Shipyard	09/04/02	<0.01	0.03 +/- 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	28.1 +/- 4.1	12.1 +/- 7.0
S-20	11/21/02	<0.01	0.04 +/- 0.01	<0.01	<0.01	20.5 +/- 3.6	4.4 +/- 5.6

# January 01, 2002 through December 31, 2002

# SILT

January 1, 2002 through December 31,2002

ANNUAL REPORT 2002												
Location	Date Collected	Distance & Direction	Activi Cs-134	ity pCi/Gram ( Cs-137	dry wt.) Co-60							
James River Discharge Canal S-17	09/09/02	0.5 Miles NNW	0.03	0.45 +/- 0.01	0.06 +/- 0.01							
North Anna Lake Shoreline Soil S-24	02/11/02	1.1 Miles SSE	<0.01	0.01 +/- 0.01	<0.01							
North Anna Lake Shoreline Soil S-24	08/26/02	1.1 Miles SSE	<0.01	0.02 +/- 0.01	<0.01							

ANNUAL REP	ANNUAL REPORT 2002											
		Date			Gamm	a Activit	y pCi/L					
Location	Station	Collected	Ba-140	Cs-137	I-131	Mn-54	Zn 65	Zr-95/Nb-95	Beta A	Activity		
									SS (pCi/L)	BS (pCi/L)		
James River -	W - 15A	01/30/02	<22	<8	<52	<8	<17	<15	0.1 +/- 0.6	0.3 +/- 0.4		
Pier 1	W - 15A	04/29/02	<13	<9	<16	<8	<18	<15	0.1 +/- 0.6	0.4 +/- 0.4		
NNSBD (1)	W - 15A	09/04/02	<13	<9	<16	<7	<18	<15	0.0 +/- 0.6	0.3 +/- 0.3		
	W - 15A	11/21/02	<22	<9	<32	<9	<26	<16	0.0 +/- 0.5	0.3 +/- 0.3		
									SS (pCi/L)	BS (pCi/L)		
James River -	W - 16	01/30/02	<26	<9	<42	<8	<22	<16	0.6 +/- 0.6	0.4 +/- 0.4		
Shipway II	W - 16	04/29/02	<13	<8	<16	<7	<19	<14	0.3 +/- 0.6	0.5 +/- 0.4		
NNSBD (1)	W - 16	09/04/02	<15	<8	<24	<8	<21	<15	0.2 +/- 0.6	0.4 +/- 0.3		
	W - 16	11/21/02	<11	<9	<13	<8	<19	<15	0.3 +/- 0.7	0.2 +/- 0.6		

SS = SUSPENDED SOLIDS BS = BASIC SULFIDES NA =NO ANALYSIS

#### SURFACE WATER

		Date			Gamma /	Activity pCi	/L			
Location	Station	Collected	Ba-140	Cs-137	I-131	Mn-54	Zn 65	Zr-95/Nb-95	Beta Ac	tivity
									SS (pCi/L)	BS (pCi/L)
Elizabeth River	W - 37	01/30/02	<25	<8	<53	<8	<17	<16	0.0 +/- 0.4	0.4+/- 0.3
Dry Dock 4	W - 37	04/29/02	<12	<8	<14	<9	<19	<13	0.0 +/- 0.4	0.3+/- 0.3
NNSY	W - 37	09/04/02	<13	<9	<18	<8	<19	<15	0.0 +/- 0.4	0.6 +/- 0.3
	W - 37	11/21/02	<11	<10	<12	<8	<20	<16	0.0 +/- 0.4	0.4 +/- 0.3
									SS (pCi/L)	BS (pCi/L)
Elizabeth River	W - 38	01/30/02	<29	<8	<57	<8	<18	<18	0.0 +/- 0.4	0.2 +/- 0.3
Wetslip I	W - 38	04/29/02	<4	<4	<5	<3	<8	<6	0.0 +/- 0.4	0.6 +/- 0.3
NNSY	W - 38	09/04/02	<13	<9	<18	<8	<20	<16	0.0 +/- 0.4	0.3 +/- 0.3
	W - 38	11/21/02	<13	<9	<14	<8	<17	<15	0.1 +/- 0.4	0.2 +/- 0.3
									SS (pCi/L)	BS (pCi/L)
Elizabeth River	W - 39	01/30/02	<14	<8	<22	<8	<18	<17	0.1 +/- 0.4	0.4 +/- 0.3
Wetslip I	W - 39	04/29/02	<13	<8	<14	<8	<17	<14	0.0 +/- 0.1	0.3 +/- 0.3
NNSY	W - 39	09/04/02	<14	<9	<19	<7	<17	<15	0.0 +/- 0.4	0.6 +/- 0.3
	W - 39	11/21/02	<13	<9	<13	<9	<18	<14	0.1 +/- 0.4	0.3+/- 0.3

January 1, 2002 through December 31,2002

SS = SUSPENDED SOLIDS BS = BASIC SULFIDES

#### SURFACE WATER

ANN	UAL RE	PORT 2002		January	1, 2002	2 11100	gii De	Cento	CI 31,2	2002							
		Date		Gamma	Gamma Activity pCi/L								Gross				
Location	Station	Collected	Ba-140	Cs-134	Cs-137	Co58	Co60	I-131	Mn-54	4 Zn 65	ZrNb-95	H3	Beta	B.S.	S.S.		
Surry	W-19	Jan-02	13	10 8	9	8 7	8	13	8	21 17	15			0.5+/-0.4			
Discharge Canal	W-19 W-19 W-19	Apr-02 Jul-02 Oct-02	9 12 20	8 8 9	9 8 8	7 9 8	9 8 9	9 14 28	8 8 8	17 18 18	14 15 16	NDC NDC		0.5+/-0.5 0.7+/-0.5 0.8+/-0.3	0.8+/-0.7		
			-			-	•	-	Ţ			NDC	0.14	0.0+/-0.3	0.4+/-0.0		
North Anna River	W-27 W-27	Jan-02 Apr-02	8 11	8 8	9 9	8 8	8 10	8 8	8 8	18 19	13 14		3+/-1 2+/-1				
	W-27 W-27	Jul-02 Oct-02	15 17	8 9	9 8	8 8	8 9	18 25	8 9	19 17	15 17	2580+/-107 2580+/-107	2+/-1 3+/-1				
Lake Anna	W-33	Jan-02	9	9	9	8	8	9	7	19	13		0+/-4				
Discharge	W-33 W-33	Apr-02 Jul-02	9 13	8 8	9 9	8 9	9 9	8 18	8 8	16 16	13 16	4350+/-138	5+/-4 6+/-4				
	W-33	Oct-02	19	9	8	9	8	28	8	19	17	4200+/-139	1+/-4				
James River Scotland	W-79 W-79	Jan-02 Apr-02	12 11	9 8	9 8	8 8	9 10	12 7	8 8	17 19	14 14				0.2+/-0.6 1.8+/-0.7		
Wharf	W-79	Jul-02	14	10	8	8 8	9	16	9	22	15	NDC		0.4+/-0.4	0.5+/-0.6		
	W-79	Oct-02	20	8	8	8	9	25	8	19	16	NDC		0.7+/-0.3	0.4+/-0.6		

January 1, 2002 through December 31,2002

NDC = No Detectable counts

# VEGETATION

Location Name	Date	Туре	lsotope	State Results pCi/Gram (wet wt.)
Spotsylvania County Humphrey Garden V-92A	10/09/02	<b>Turnip</b> Greens	I-131 Cs-134 Cs-137	<0.04 <0.01 <0.01
James City Carters Grove Plantation V-97	10/10/02	Cabbage	I-131 Cs-134 Cs-137	<0.03 <0.01 0.01 +/- 0.01
potsylvania County Burruss Garden V-98A	10/03/02	Kale	I-131 Cs-134 Cs-137	<0.15 <0.01 <0.01
Surry County Richmond Garden V-96B	10/10/02	<b>Turnip</b> Greens	I-131 Cs-134 <sub>Cs-137</sub>	<0.12 <0.01 <0.01
Pemberton Garden V-100C	10/04/2002	<b>Turnip</b> Greens	I-131 Cs-134 Cs-137	<0.02 <0.02 <0.03

January 1, 2002 through December 31,2002

# Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Health

RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH PROGRAM 109 Governor Street, Room 730 Richmond, Virginia 23218-2448 Office (804) 864-8150 Fax (804) 864-8165

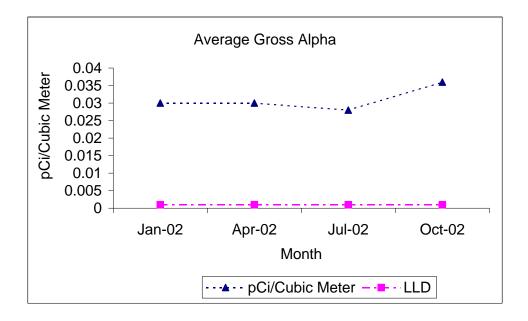
# BABCOCK & WILCOX NAVAL NUCLEAR FUEL DIVISION

# AIR PARTICULATE COMPOSITE SAMPLES

January 1, 2002 through December 31,2002 ANNUAL REPORT 2002						
Location Name	D Start	Date Stop	Gross Alpha pCi/meter3			
Eastern Site Boundary Ballfield A-101	01/10/02	- 01/16/02	0.030 +/- 0.003			
Eastern Site Boundary Ballfield A-101	04/04/02	- 04/11/02	0.030 +/- 0.003			
Eastern Site Boundary Ballfield A-101	07/11/02	- 07/18/02	0.028 +/- 0.003			
Eastern Site Boundary Ballfield A-101	10/03/02	- 10/10/02	0.036 +/- 0.003			

# AIR PARTICULATE SAMPLES

Babcock & Wilcox Air Particulate Comparison (A-101 & A-106)



#### SEDIMENT

January 1, 2002 through December 31,2002				
ANNUAL REPORT	2002			
Location Name	Distance & Direction	Туре	Date	Alpha * pCi/Gram
Equalization Pond S-105	On Site	Sediment	06/04/02	1187.6 +/- 12.2

Alpha \* - Uranium Separation Followed by Alpha Counting

#### SOIL

Location Name	Distance & Direction	Туре	Date		Alpha Ci/Gra	
Eastern Site Boundary-Ballfield S-101	Site Boundary	Soil	06/04/02	3.0	+/-	0.7
Agricultural Bldg. Off Rt. 460 S-102	5 Miles SW	Soil	06/12/02	3.2	+/-	0.7

Alpha \* - Uranium Separation Followed by Alpha Counting

#### SURFACE WATER

ANNUAL REPORT 2002		•	-	
Location Name	Distance & Direction	Date	pCi/Liter Alpha *	_
Downstream-Site Boundary 9 Mile Bridge W-101	Downstream of Site Boundary	06/04/02	0.8 +/- 0.4	
Upstream- 6 Mile Bridge W-102	Upstream 6 Miles	06/04/02	0.3 +/- 0.3	

January 1, 2002 to December 31, 2002

Alpha \* - Uranium Separation Followed by Alpha Counting

#### VEGETATION

ANNUAL REPORT 2002					
Location Name	Distance & Direction	Туре	Date	Alpha * pCi/Gram	
Eastern Site Boundary-Ballfield V-101	Site Boundary	Vegetation	06/04/02	0.0 +/- 0.4	
NNFD Agricultural Building V-102	5 Miles SW	Vegetation	06/04/02	0.2 +/- 0.4	

January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2002

Alpha \* - Uranium Separation Followed by Alpha Counting

### COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH PROGRAM 1500 East Main Street, Room 240, P.O. Box 2448 · Richmond, VA 23218 Office (804) 786-5932 Fax (804) 786-6979

### **APPENDIX** 1

## INTERCOMPARISON STUDIES

#### PURPOSE OF INTERCOMPARISON STUDIES PROGRAM

The major objective of this program is to assist the laboratory in providing analytical data that accurately describes the composition of samples submitted for analysis. This activity enables the laboratory to document the precision and accuracy of its radiation data and to identify instrumental and procedural problems.

#### Virginia Department of Health

#### Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services Radiation Laboratory Proficiency Testing

Study	Nuclide	Month	Known Value	Control Limits	_ab Average	Unit
gross a/B	alpha Beta	April	8.01 48.3	0.0 - 16.7 39.6 - 57.0	9.7 43.5	pCi / I
gross a/B	alpha Beta	July	22.8 189	13.0 - 32.6 140.0 - 238.0	23.6 166.0	pCi / I
Stronium	Sr89 Sr90	April	55.3 15.9	46.6 - 64.0 7.24 - 24.6	64.0 15.3	pCi / I
Stronium	Sr89 Sr90	July	31.7 28.3	23.0 - 40.4 19.6 - 37.0	27.3 30.5	pCi / I
Gamma	Cobalt-60 Cesium-134 Cesium-137 Barium133 Zinc-65	April	75.9 42.1 91.4 28.9 359.0	67.2 - 84.6 33.4 - 50.8 82.7 - 100.0 20.2 - 37.6 297.0 - 421.0	78.0 41.3 92.3 24.7 35.70	pCi / I
Gamma	Cobalt-60 Cesium-134 Cesium-137	July	39.1 17.1 52.1	30.4 - 47.8 8.44 - 25.8 43.4 - 60.8	44.2 16.9 54.1	pCi / I
lodine	I-131	July	15.1	11.2 - 18.2	14.7	pCi / I

#### January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2002

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#### Virginia Department of Health

#### Division of Consolidated Laboratory Services Radiation Laboratory Proficiency Testing

Study	Nuclide	Month	Known Value	Control Limits	Lab Average	Unit
gross a/B	beta	July	340.0	252.0 - 428.0	315.0	pC / I
gross a/B	alpha Beta	Aug	17.8 53.0	9.1 - 26.5 35.7 - 70.3	15.2 51.4	pC / I
Gamma	Cobalt-60 Cesium-134 Cesium-137	July	26.4 16.9 170 +/- 202	17.7 - 35.1 8.20 - 25.6 170 - 202	30.9 18.9 185	pC / I
Gamma	Cobalt-60 Zinc-65 Cesium-134 Cesium-137 Barium-133	Aug	46.8 36.2 15.9 197 36.0	38.1 - 55.5 27.5 - 44.9 7.2 - 24.6 180.0 - 214.0 27.3 - 44.7	51.1 35.8 15.6 280.0 34.2	pC / I
Strontium	Sr-89 Sr-90	July	64.1 33.8	55.5 - 72.8 25.1 - 42.5	77.3 31.5	pC / I
	Sr-89 Sr-90	Sept	31.2 25.9	22.5 - 39.9 17.2 +/- 34.6	36.2 23	pC / I
lodine	I-131	Dec	7.65	4.2 - 11.2	7.7	pC / I

#### January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2002

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### Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Health

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# APPENDIX II LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION "LLD"

#### LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION "LLD"

Definition: **"Lower Limit of Detection"** – The smallest amount or concentration of a radioactive or nonradioactive element that can be reliably detected in a sample.

All radioactive measurements for samples are reported with an uncertainty. The uncertainty arises for a number of reasons including imperfections in the apparatus or procedure, human error and counting uncertainty. The counting uncertainty arises because radioactive decay is a random process. This means that if one counts the radioactive decay of a sample several times, each for a fixed time, one will find that the measured number of decays varies randomly. However, these random answers all cluster near an average value. It is usually assumed that the counting uncertainty is the dominant uncertainty. The uncertainties that are reported are the counting uncertainties only. The interpretation of this is that we are 95% confident that the true concentration in the sample lies somewhere between the measured concentration minus the counting uncertainty and the measured concentration plus the counting uncertainty.

One consequence of the uncertainties in a measurement of radioactivity is that it is not possible to determine a zero concentration of a radioisotope. Rather, when the uncertainty is such that one cannot distinguish between the sample and background counting rates, we report that the sample radioactivity is less than some concentration. This minimum concentration is termed the Lower Limit of Detection (LLD). Practical sample size, counting time, and background radiation all combine to determine the LLD. The LLD for most radioisotopes is at least several orders of magnitude (factors of ten) less than the standards for a level of a concern that has been set by the state or federal government.

#### CONDITIONS

#### **Consolidated Laboratories**

LLD values apply to samples analyzed immediately after collection with no decay corrections used in the calculations. Decay corrections normally required during sample processing may result in significant increases in the LLD's for the short lived isotopes.

Gamma isotopic analysis is performed with a 4" X 4" Sodium Iodide (TI) detector and a high purity Germanium detector.

Gross alpha, beta, Sr-89, and Sr-90 LLD's were based on variable averages normally encountered in sample processing. The LLD may vary from sample to sample depending on self-absorption corrections, counting efficiency, background changes, counting time and recovery yields. Fish values will depend on the wet to ash weight ratio.

The lower limits of detection for all analysis were calculated using the methods found on the following pages:

#### LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (LLD's) FOR GAMMA COUNTING **Consolidated Laboratories**

For Tissue, Silt, Vegetation, etc., as provided by SPECTRAN-F V2 Technical Reference Manual using the HpGe Detector

Required Sample Size: 1 Kilogram

NOMINAL LLD's for selected isotopes are given below. Actual LLD's are determined at the time of analysis, and vary with decay time, background radiation, sample size, etc.

lsotope* LL	D, pCi/Liter
Cs-134	0.0046
Cs-137	0.0041
Co-58	0.0041
Co-60	0.0048
I-131	0.0049
Ru/Rh-106	0.0370
Zn-65	0.0093
Zr-95	0.0075
Ba La-140	0.0150
Ag-110m	0.0046
Mn-54	0.0039
Fe-59	0.0083

Canberra's Spectran-F Software calculates LLD using the following relationships:

\* LLD = LD\*  $e^{(.693*Td/T)}$ T \* Y \* e \* V \* 0.037

where:

Td = Decay Time = Half-Life

Т = Count Time

Y = Yield of the gamma ray in question

- е = Detector efficiency at the energy of gamma ray in question
- V = Sample size

0.037= Conversion factor: gammas/second to picocuries

 $LD = k^2 = 2*LC$ and:

Т

Where: LC is the weakest signal the instrument can detect as a peak.

and: k is a constant which depends on the desired confidence limit for the result. (At the 95% confidence level, k= 1.645.)

#### LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (LLD's) FOR GAMMA COUNTING Consolidated Laboratories

For Water, Milk, etc, as provided by GAMMA-M SOFTWARE CISE 551 Technical Reference Manual using the Nal Detector

Required Sample Size: 3.5 Liters

NOMINAL LLD's for selected isotopes are given below. Actual LLD's are determined at the time of analysis, and vary with decay time, background radiation, sample size, etc.

Isotope* LLD	, pCi/Liter
Cs-134	7.3
Cs-137	7.6
Co-58	7.2
Co-60	12.0
I-131	7.9
Zn-65	21.0
Zr-95	15.0
Ba La-140	10.0
Mn-54	7.8
Fe-59	19.0

Canberra's GAMMA-M Software calculates LLD using the following relationships:

\* LLD = LD\*  $e^{(.693*Td/T)}$ T \* Y \* e \* V \* 0.037 = Decay Time where: Td = Half-Life Т Т = Count Time Y = Yield of the gamma ray in question = Detector efficiency at the energy of gamma ray in question е = Sample size V 0.037= Conversion factor: gammas/second to picocuries  $LD = k^2 = 2*LC$ and: Where: LC is the weakest signal the instrument can detect as a peak.

and: k is a constant which depends on the desired confidence limit for the result. (At the 95% confidence level, k= 1.645.)

#### LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (LLD's) FOR GAMMA COUNTING Consolidated Laboratories

For Air Particulate and Charcoal Canister, as provided by GAMMA-M Software CISE 551 Technical Reference Manual using the Nal Detector

> Required Sample Size: 2300 m<sup>3</sup> (Air Particulate Composite) Required Sample Size: 120 m<sup>3</sup> (Charcoal Canister)

NOMINAL LLD's for selected isotopes are given below. Actual LLD's are determined at the time of analysis, and vary with decay time, background radiation, sample size, etc.

Isotope*	LLD, pCi/m <sup>3</sup>
Cs-134 in Air particulate Composite	0.002
Cs-137 in Air particulate Composite	0.002
I-131 in Charcoal Canister	0.050

Canberra's Gamma-M Software calculates LLD using the following relationships:

 $LLD = 4.65^{*} \frac{(R_{b}/T_{s})^{1/2}}{Y * e * V * d * 2.22}$ 

 $R_{b}$ 

where:

= Background rate (CPM)

T<sub>s</sub> = Sample Count Time Y = Chemical Yield (Gan

= Chemical Yield (Gamma ray abundance for I-131 @ 364KeV)

e = Detector efficiency

V = Sample size

d = Decay Correction Factor

2.22 = Conversion factor: counts/minute to picocuries

#### LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (LLD's) FOR BETA COUNTING Consolidated Laboratories

For Milk and Water (Radiochemical Analysis).

Matrix*	LLD Weight or Volume	Required
Sr-89/90 in Milk & Water:		
Sr-89	4.00 pCi/Liter	1000 ml
Sr-90	1.00 pCi/Liter	1000 ml
I-131 in Water	0.34 pCi/Liter	1000 ml
I-131 in Milk	0.36 pCi/Liter	1000 ml

- where: Rb = Background rate (CPM)
  - Ts = Sample Count Time
  - Y = Chemical Yield
  - e = Detector efficiency
  - V = Sample size
  - d = Decay Correction Factor
  - 2.22 = Conversion factor: counts/minute to picocuries
  - 4.65 = 95% Confidence Factor

#### LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (LLD's) FOR BETA COUNTING Consolidated Laboratories

For Air Particulate, Surface and Ground Water, Saline Water, Silt, Soil, Fish.

Matrix*	LLD Weight or Volume	Required
Air particulate	0.01 pCi/m <sup>3</sup>	120 m <sup>3</sup>
Surface and Ground Water	0.82 pCi/Liter	500 ml
Saline Water (Surry Power Station)	49.00 pCi/Liter	10 ml
Suspended Solids/ Saline Water	0.54 pCi/Liter	1000 ml
Basic Sulfides in Saline Water	0.41 pCi/Liter	1000 ml
Silt/Soil	2.90 pCi/gram	200 mg
Fish	0.046 pCi/gram	1000 grams

LLD = 4.65\* (@Rb/Ts) Y \* e \* V \* d \* 2.22

where:

- Rb = Background rate (CPM) Ts = Sample Count Time
- Y = Chemical Yield
- e = Detector efficiency
- V = Sample size
- d = Decay Correction Factor
- 2.22 = Conversion factor: counts/minute to picocuries
- 4.65 = 95% Confidence Factor

#### LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (LLD's) FOR ALPHA COUNTING Consolidated Laboratories

For Air Particulate, Surface and Ground Water, Saline Water, Silt and Soil.

Matrix*	LLD	Weight or Volume Required
Air Particulate	0.001 pCi/m <sup>3</sup>	150 m <sup>3</sup>
Surface and Ground Water	0.50 pCi/liter	500 ml
Saline Water: (SS & BS)		
Suspended Solids	0.23 pCi/liter	1000 ml
Basic Sulfides	0.23 pCi/liter	1000 ml
Silt/Soil	1.9 pi/gram	100 mg

LLD =  $4.65^{*}$  (2.71/Ts) + (  $\odot$  (Rb/Ts)) Y \* e \* V \* d \* 2.22

where:

Rb = Background rate (CPM)

- Ts = Sample Count Time
- Y = Chemical Yield (Gamma ray abundance for I-131 @ 634 KeV)
- e = Detector efficiency
- V = Sample size
- d = Decay Correction Factor
- 2.22 = Conversion factor: counts/minute to picocuries
- 4.65 = 95% Confidence Factor
- 2.71 = Conversion factor used to compensate for low backgrounds encountered in Alpha counting

#### LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (LLD's) FOR ALPHA COUNTING Consolidated Laboratories

For Water, Vegetation, Silt and Soil (Uranium Radiochemical Analysis).

Matrix*	LLD	Weight or Volume Required
Water	0.20 pCi/Liter	1000 ml
Vegetation	0.02 pCi/gram	1000 grams
Silt	0.02 pCi/gram	1000 grams
Soil	0.02 pCi/gram	1000 grams

LLD =  $4.65^*$  (2.71/Ts) + (  $\Im$  (Rb/Ts) ) Y \* e \* V \* d \* 2.22

- where: Rb = Background rate (CPM)
  - Ts = Sample Count Time
  - Y = Chemical Yield (Gamma ray abundance for I-131 @ 634 KeV)
  - e = Detector efficiency
  - V = Sample size
  - d = Decay Correction Factor
  - 2.22 = Conversion factor: counts/minute to picocuries
  - 4.65 = 95% Confidence Factor
  - 2.71 = Conversion factor used to compensate for low backgrounds encountered in Alpha counting

#### LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION (LLD's) FOR ALPHA COUNTING Consolidated Laboratories

For Air Particulate and Waste Water (Fluorometric Uranium Analysis).

Matrix* Required	LLD	Weight or Volume
Air Particulate	2.00 E-09 ug/ml	1440 m <sup>3</sup>
Waste Water	0.04 ug/Liter	1000 ml

LLD = 4.65\* (2.71/Ts) + (  $\Im$  (Rb/Ts)) Y \* e \* V \* d \* 2.22

- where: Rb = Background rate (CPM)
  - Ts = Sample Count Time
  - Y = Chemical Yield (Gamma ray abundance for I-131 @ 634 KeV)
  - e = Detector efficiency
  - V = Sample size
  - d = Decay Correction Factor
  - 2.22 = Conversion factor: counts/minute to picocuries
  - 4.65 = 95% Confidence Factor
  - 2.71 = Conversion factor used to compensate for low backgrounds encountered in Alpha counting

#### LOWER LIMITS OF DETECTION FOR TRITIUM ANALYSES

#### Required Volume: 50 ml Sample Aliquot: 8 ml

LLD *	APPROXIMATE COUNTING TIME
80 pCi/L	600 minutes
200 pCi/L	200 minutes
400 pCi/L	100 minutes
1000 pCi/L	20 minutes
5000 pCi/L	10 minutes

* LLD in pCi/L = <u>4.66(R<sub>Bkg</sub>/T)<sup>1/2</sup></u> 2.22 (V) (E)			
where: R <sub>Bkg</sub>	= Background rate (CPM)		
Т	= Background Counting Time		
E	= Counter Efficiency		
V	= Sample Volume or Size		
4.66	= 95% Confidence Factor		

### Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Health

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## APPENDIX III

## SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

LOCATION	TYPE	FREQUENCY
<u>Milk</u> * M-66 Surry County - W.B. Epps Dairy	Raw	Quarterly
<u>Air</u> * A-20 Surry Power Station	Air Particulate	Quarterly
Charcoal Filter * C-20 Surry Power Station	Release Gas	Quarterly
Dosimeters*D-20Surry Power StationD-41Surry Lebanon Baptist ChurchD-42Surry County - Lawnes CreekD-43Surry County - Route 628*D-44JamestownD-45Newport News - Lee HallD-73Naval Weapons Station - Enlisted Quarters*D-76Newport News - Fort EustisD-77Williamsburg - Busch GardensD-78Williamsburg - Williamsburg AirportD-79Surry County - Scotland Wharf*D-80Surry County - Bacon's Castle*D-81Surry County - Hog Point	Gamma in Air Gamma in Air	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly
<u>Shellfish</u> R-17 James River - 1/2 Mile Off Discharge Canal	Clams	Annually
<u>Silt</u> S-17 James River - 1/2 Mile Off Discharge Canal	Silt	Annually
<u>Surface Water</u> * W-19 Surry Discharge Canal * W-79 James River - Scotland Wharf	Surface Water Surface Water	Quarterly Quarterly
<u>Vegetation</u> * V-96A Surry County - Sprately Garden * V-97 James City - Carter's Grove Plantation	Edible Vegetation Edible Vegetation	

\*Virginia and Virginia Power Duplicate Samples

#### NORTH ANNA AREA SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

	NAPS Station		
LOCATION	Designations	TYPE	FREQUENCY
Milk * M-29 Louisa County - E. A. Terrell Dairy	13	Raw	Quarterly
<u>Air</u> * A-88 Route 700	22	Air Particulate	Quarterly
Charcoal Filter * C-88 Route 700	22	Release Gas	Quarterly
Dosimeters* D-35NAPS - Weathertower* D-50Louisa County - Mineral* D-51Louisa County - Wares Crossroads* D-52Spotsylvania - Good Hope ChurchD-53Spotsylvania - Route 614D-54Louisa County - Frederick's HallD-84Louisa County - Route 685D-85Spotsylvania Co Route 714* D-86Louisa County - Bumpass P.O.* D-87Spotsylvania Co Levy (Rt. 622)* D-88Louisa County - Aspen HillFish* F-24North Anna Lake - Second Cooling Lagoon	08	Air Air Air Air Air Air Air Air Air Air	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly
<u>Silt</u> S-24 North Anna Lake - Second Cooling Lagoon	08	Silt	2/Year
Surface Water * W-27 North Anna River - Route 522 * W-33 North Anna Discharge Canal		Surface Water Surface Water	Quarterly Quarterly
<u>Vegetation</u> * V-92A Spotsylvania County - Humphrey's Garden * V-98 Louisa County - Bullock Garden		Edible Vegetation Edible Vegetation	

\*Virginia and Virginia Power Duplicate Samples

#### BABCOCK WILCOX SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

Annual Report 2002			
SAMPLE	LOCATION	TYPE	FREQUENCY
AIR			
A-101	Babcock & Wilcox Eastern Site Boundary	Air	Quarterly
SURFACE WATER			
W-101	Downstream - Site Boundary 9 Mile Bridge	Surface Water	Annually
W-102	Upstream - Site Boundary 6 Mile Bridge	Surface Water	Annually
<u>SOIL</u>			
S-101	Eastern Site Boundary Ballfield	Soil	Annually
S-102	Control - Route 460 Agricultural Bldg. 5 Miles S.W.	Soil	Annually
<u>SEDIMENT</u>			
S-105	Babcock & Wilcox Equilization Pond	Sediment	Annually
VEGETATION			
V-101	Easter Site Boundary Ballfield	Grass	Annually
V-102	Control - Route 460	Grass	Annually

#### OTHER SURVEILLANCE SITES WITHIN COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

LOCATION		TYPE
<u>Air</u> A-40	Pocahontas State Park	Air Particulate
<b>Silt</b> S-15A S-16 S-18 S-19 S-20	James River - Pier 1 (NNSBDDC) James River - Shipway II (NNSBDDC) Elizabeth River - Norfolk Naval Shipyard - Drydock #8 Elizabeth River - Norfolk Naval Shipyard - Drydock #4 Elizabeth River - Norfolk Naval Shipyard - Wetslip #1	Silt Silt Silt Silt Silt
C-40	Pocahontas State Park	Air Particulate
Dosimeters	Pocahontas State Park	Air Gamma
Surface Water W-15 W-16 W-37 W-38 W-39	James River - Pier 3 (NNSBDDC) James River - Shipway II (NNSBDDC) Elizabeth River - Norfolk Naval Shipyard - Drydock # 8 Elizabeth River - Norfolk Naval Shipyard - Drydock #4 Elizabeth River - Norfolk Naval Shipyard - Wetslip #1	Surface Water Surface Water Surface Water Surface Water Surface Water

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### APPENDIX IV

## EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS

#### **EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS**

The Radiological Health Program (RHP) is one of the lead response agencies for emergencies involving the potential or actual release of radioactive materials. Overall state level emergency response is described in the <u>Commonwealth of Virginia</u> <u>Radiological Emergency Response Plan (COVRERP)</u>, which is developed and maintained by the Department of Emergency Management (DEM) for the Commonwealth of Virginia. In addition to generic guidelines for responding to any major radiological emergency, the response procedures contain segments addressing response to several types of accidents. There are sections, which provide information needed for response to Licensee and Transportation accidents. Other sections contain background information and response guidance for accidents at fixed nuclear facilities.

Primary tasks of the Department of Health (DOH) and RHP, in response to a radiological emergency are to locate, identify, and predict the impact of any radioactive materials released to the environment. Based on the predicted or known impact, the DOH then recommends appropriate measures to protect the public. The RHP also supervises cleanup and ensures proper disposal of radioactive waste. A duty officer maintains 24-hour coverage for the RHP to ensure personnel are available at all times for coverage in case of a radiological emergency.

Under the provisions of current Federal Emergency Management Agency regulations, the RHP conducts or participates in periodic drills that are designed to provide needed team training and to test our emergency plan and procedures. The scope of these drills ranges from receiving and acknowledging simulated emergency communications to full-scale team deployment. In the latter case, the RHP personnel are presented with problems similar to those that might be encountered during an actual emergency.

Federal regulations for commercial nuclear power generating facilities stipulate that a full-scale exercise involving appropriate local government participation and testing all significant response elements must be conducted and evaluated every other year. Because there are two such facilities, which impact this state, Surry and North Anna Nuclear Power Stations, Commonwealth of Virginia agencies will perform exercise activities on a yearly basis, alternating between the sites each year. The DOH, RHP, and DEM have elected to participate in each exercise as fully as resources and local response organizations participation permit.